Overview of ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue Relations

1. Since New Zealand became ASEAN’s Dialogue Partner in 1975, the ASEAN-New Zealand dialogue relations has evolved to a wide range of cooperation across the three ASEAN Community pillars. The partnership between ASEAN and New Zealand reached a significant milestone at the ASEAN-New Zealand 40th Anniversary Commemorative Summit held on 22 November 2015 in Kuala Lumpur, during which the Leaders announced the elevation of the ASEAN-New Zealand dialogue relations to a strategic level through the “Joint ASEAN-New Zealand Leaders’ Statement on the 40th Anniversary of ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue Relations: Advancing our Strategic Partnership towards greater mutual benefit and prosperity”.

2. The vision set out in the Joint Statement has been implemented through the Plan of Action to Implement the Joint Statement for ASEAN-New Zealand Strategic Partnership (2016-2020) and continues to be implemented through the ASEAN-New Zealand Plan of Action (2021-2025).

3. Another milestone under ASEAN-New Zealand dialogue relations was the convening of the ASEAN-New Zealand Leaders’ Commemorative Summit on 14 November 2020, during which the Leaders adopted the Joint ASEAN-New Zealand Leaders’ Vision Statement on the 45th Anniversary of ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue Relations: A Legacy of Partnership, A Future Together.

Political-Security Cooperation

4. New Zealand continues to engage with ASEAN in the political-security pillar through their active participation in the East Asia Summit (EAS), the ASEAN Regional Forum (ARF), the ASEAN Defence Ministers’ Meeting-Plus (ADMM-Plus), the Post Ministerial Conferences (PMC), and the Expanded ASEAN Maritime Forum (EAMF).

5. Cooperation in counter-terrorism and combating transnational crime has been strengthened through the framework of the ‘ASEAN-New Zealand Joint Declaration for Cooperation to Combat International Terrorism’. To date, consultations between the Senior Officials’ Meeting on Transnational Crime (SOMTC) and its New Zealand counterparts have been held nine times, most recently via videoconference in July 2021.

6. New Zealand acceded to the Treaty of Amity and Cooperation in Southeast Asia (TAC) on 28 July 2005. Furthermore, high level dialogue and engagement continues to take place despite the COVID-19 pandemic, including the participation of New Zealand’s Prime Minister, the Right Honourable Jacinda Ardern in the 15th East Asia Summit (EAS) held via videoconference in November 2020 as well as the
participation of New Zealand’s Minister of Defence Peeni Henare in the 7th and 8th ADMM-Plus held virtually in December 2020 and June 2021 respectively.

**Economic Cooperation**

7. Preliminary data shows that total two-way trade between ASEAN and New Zealand in 2020 reached US$ 9.02 billion. New Zealand’s direct investment in ASEAN for the same year was valued at US$ 0.1 billion. 

8. The Agreement Establishing the ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Area (AANZFTA) was signed by the Economic Ministers of ASEAN, Australia, and New Zealand on 27 February 2009. ASEAN Economic Ministers as well as Economic Ministers from Australia and New Zealand at the 25th AEM-CER Consultations resolved to take forward the AANZFTA upgrade negotiations with urgency to ensure that AANZFTA remains fit for purpose, and to provide a signal of AANZFTA Parties’ commitment to regional integration. The first round of the upgrade negotiations was held via videoconference on 7-9 April 2021, with a second round subsequently held on 21-22 July 2021.

9. The AANZFTA Economic Cooperation Support Programme (AECSP) was established in 2010 and has contributed to enhancing the capacity of ASEAN Member States’ institutions in implementing the AANZFTA. At the 25th AEM-CER Consultations, the Ministers also acknowledged the success of AECSP and welcomed Australia’s and New Zealand’s commitment to introduce a successor programme for economic cooperation under the AANZFTA beyond 2021.

10. New Zealand is one of the five Dialogue Partners of ASEAN that signed the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP) on 15 November 2020.

11. Furthermore, through the expanded and reciprocal “ASEAN – New Zealand Young Business Leaders’ Initiative (YBLI), New Zealand supported the efforts to enable young business leaders from ASEAN Member States to foster better links with New Zealand’s business community.

**Social-cultural cooperation**

12. New Zealand has provided support for the implementation of the ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response (AADMER) and operationalisation of the ASEAN Coordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on disaster management (AHA Centre), as well as the short-term training in disaster management targeting officials of National Disaster Management Office from the ten ASEAN Member States through the AHA Centre’s Executive (ACE) programme.

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1 Preliminary ASEAN trade database as of April 2021 and ASEAN FDI database as of 30 June 2021
13. New Zealand has also supported ASEAN through various cooperation programmes, including the New Zealand Prime Minister’s Fellowship, the ASEAN Young Diplomat Study Tour, the ASEAN-New Zealand Scholarships for ASEAN Students, and the English Language Training for Officials (ELTO) Programme, which will further solidify the strong links between ASEAN and New Zealand. New Zealand announced the ASEAN@50 fellowships at the Post Ministerial Conferences (PMC+1) Session with New Zealand in August 2017, and in 2018-2019, five ASEAN@50 fellowships were awarded to strengthen academic links and enhance mutual knowledge and understanding between the various stakeholders in New Zealand and ASEAN.


**Development Cooperation**

15. Under the ASEAN-New Zealand Plan of Action (2021-2025), ASEAN and New Zealand aims to focus on cooperation under four key themes, namely “Peace, Prosperity, People, and Planet”.

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