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OVERVIEW

During the period of July 1989 to June 1990, various activities of ASEAN have been carried out with different degrees of success in both tangible and intangible terms. The momentum launched by the Third Meeting of the ASEAN Heads of Government in Manila in 1987 has been maintained, as some of the initiatives were successfully implemented.

2 On the ASEAN machinery, the ASEAN Joint Consultative Meeting (JCM) and the ASEAN Joint Ministerial Meeting (JMM) have been convened, demonstrating ASEAN's readiness in coordinating common ASEAN's position to deal with the concept of Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC).

3 Apart from the APEC concept which was officially raised for ASEAN's consideration at the Twenty-Second AMM/PMC, the period under review has witnessed momentous changes within and outside the region, particularly, those in Central and Eastern Europe. Those developments coupled with the impending Europe 1992 have posed increasing challenges and opportunities in the coming decade and beyond. The ASEAN Economic Ministers (AEM), in recognition of possible implications from those changes, at their Twenty-First Meeting in Bandar Seri Begawan, 30 November – 1 December 1989 requested senior officials to formulate a long-term policy for ASEAN by adopting a bold and innovative approach.

4 The Dialogue Relations have progressed smoothly and satisfactorily in various fields particularly in the areas of technical assistance and development cooperation. However, there have been disappointments in particular on issues relating to market access to products for export interest to ASEAN. On the role of the private sector, ASEAN and the Dialogue Partners have been trying to increase the dynamism of the dialogue process by bringing in the private sector which is an indispen-

sable part of constructive and positive economic inter-actions, notwithstanding, the matter for concern is on the funding of ASEAN projects, as the funding assistance seems to be declining in real terms.

5 The period under review also witnessed the signing of the agreement on the establishment of Sectoral Dialogue relations between ASEAN and the Republic of Korea on 2 November 1989, serving as a new model for ASEAN's future relations with other countries. The ASEAN Committees and related bodies have been increasingly aware of the challenges posed by developments within and outside the region. Attempts have been made to concretise the economic initiatives of the Third Meeting of the ASEAN Heads of Government, but impediments still remain strong even in the face of cooperative spirit of member countries. Some sections of the private sector have been very active in using the ASEAN framework to promote commercial activities. The functional Committees have also been implementing their plans of activities so as to strengthen the groundwork for closer economic cooperation. The success, although in intangible terms, is noteworthy.

6 The period under review also noted various diplomatic efforts by ASEAN countries as well as by other countries concerned, such as the convening of the Paris Conference on Cambodia in 1989 and the Informal Meeting on Cambodia, Jakarta 26-28 February 1990. Though the warring Cambodian parties had failed to achieve substantial progress to the solution, a number of principle elements has been reached. There is still a need for more will to achieve a comprehensive political solution to the question.

7 As a significant economic player in the region, ASEAN as a whole cannot afford to be lax in its dealing with intra-ASEAN cooperation and ASEAN's

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relations with third countries or groupings. The period under review has clearly shown the increasing awareness of ASEAN in attempting to promote closer intra-ASEAN cooperation and to cope with the challenges in a coordinated and concerted manner as follows :-

8 In the areas of finance and banking, member countries continued in their efforts to promote further the use of ASEAN currencies in intra-ASEAN trade. Presently, those member countries which have daily official foreign exchange quotation now include currencies of other member countries in their daily quotation.

9 With respect to the utilization of the ASEAN-Japan Development Fund (AJDF), loans have now been committed to projects under Category B (national projects) by Indonesia and Malaysia and disbursed by Malaysia. Other ASEAN member countries have yet to finalize their negotiations with the Japanese authorities. As for the funds designated under Category A of the AJDF loan package for regional projects, there is a need to expedite its implementation as no projects have yet been identified for funding under this loan package.

10 The area of import and export procedures shows a potential for the member countries to further strengthen the cooperation in customs matters. A study on Analysis of Export and Import Procedures of ASEAN Member Countries which has just been completed identifies the needs and potential areas for simplification and harmonization of customs procedures of member countries. This will be an area of focus amongst member countries. To this end, member countries have also embarked upon a study to identify the differences and similarities of customs procedures which are related to the ASEAN Preferential Trade Arrangements (PTA). Through this study, further measures could be taken to enhance the intra-ASEAN trade under the PTA. Member countries also continue to exchange and update information in the areas of prevention, investigation and suppression of customs offences including those involving drug trafficking; customs procedures relating to imports and exports and drawback and warehousing system.

11 On cooperation in tax matters, the main issue currently being examined is the area of Taxation on

Banking Institutions : Major Issues and Problems. The exchange of views amongst member countries on the structures of the banking and finance industry; governing laws and supervision and tax regimes and tax treatment on various transaction of the banks is ongoing. With regard to the issue concerning the Problems and Measures in collecting Taxes from Foreign Contractors, member countries are of the view that the tax withholding scheme is an efficient and effective measure in preventing tax evasion.

12 On cross border leasing, Guidelines on Taxation on Leasing for ASEAN Countries have been formulated by the Working Group on Tax Matters and endorsed by COFAB. These Guidelines aim at providing a framework for the tax treatment of a cross-border leasing among member countries.

13 Cooperation in the field of insurance in the region continued in the area of collation and exchange of information with regard to insurance laws, mortality studies and ASEAN unified insurance statistics. The Insurance Commissioners will focus their minds on the challenges of the 1990s and the impact they will have on the ASEAN economies and insurance industries at the Senior Management Workshop in Bangkok in April 1990 participated by the Commissioners themselves and the executives from the industries.

14 The ASEAN Reinsurance Corporation (ASEAN Re) which was another initiative endorsed by the Third ASEAN Summit continues to receive the necessary support from member countries to ensure its success. Having commenced its business since January 1989, the ASEAN Re's business underwriting dealt mostly with the contracts that had been previously accepted by the ASEAN Reinsurance Pool.

15 Under the umbrella of COFAF, ASEAN cooperation in the field of food, agriculture and forestry has achieved considerable progress. The common thread which binds ASEAN together is the willingness to develop and share technology which will improve the livelihood of ASEAN farmers. ASEAN had agreed on agricultural policies of common interest and had cooperated in the fields of crops, livestock, fisheries, forestry and food handling. There has been common understanding on the need to improve the agricultural output by up-

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grading the farming methods, post harvest technology, food safety techniques and by developing new markets.

16 During the period under review, many points of common interest have been identified and the web of cooperative projects and efforts has been strengthened.

17 In the field of food handling, a pre feasibility study had been conducted in early 1990, under ASEAN-Australia Post Harvest System Improvement Programme (AAPSIP), to develop a five year programme that would contribute towards improving post-harvest technology and food safety within the region. With regard to sharing of training and extension resources, the project on Sharing and Strengthening of Development Support Communication Resources (DSC) in ASEAN Countries has successfully provided the foundation for collaboration among ASEAN member countries in the effort to enhance the effectiveness of the extension services through the development support communication activities. The extension of the ASEAN-DSC Project was endorsed by AMAF for further consideration in the UNDP Fifth Cycle Programme. The ASEAN Plant Quarantine Centre and Training Institute (PLANTI) continued to make progress for research into plant pests and provide training needs for ASEAN technicians and professional officers in phytosanitation. The ASEAN Poultry Disease Research and Training Centre (APDRTC) will also in time upgrade ASEAN's ability to control diseases in poultry.

18 On Foot and Mouth Diseases (FMD), several areas in ASEAN have been declared free, while more and more areas would be submitting proposal to declare themselves free of FMD.

19 On the forestry side, ASEAN Institute of Forestry Management (AIFM) and ASEAN Timber Technology Centre (ATTC) were given the task to coordinate the activities to counter the Anti Tropical Timber Campaign from scientific and forestry management's points of view, while Indonesia has been assigned to lead the campaign and despatch an ASEAN Ministerial delegation to the major consuming areas in 1990. Despite the encouraging progress in implementing the on-going projects, delay in the implementation of some projects has been occasioned by the inability to secure third party

funding. The use of ASEAN's own fund was seen as an alternative, in addition to new direction to encourage the private sector to become more involved in the development projects.

20 During the period under review, the COFAF Coordinating Group on Fisheries has assisted the founding of the ASEAN Fisheries Federation (AFF), which had its Council Meetings in Bangkok in October 1989 and in Jakarta in May 1990. The main objective of AFF is to develop fisheries cooperation in ASEAN.

21 In addition, the COFAF Coordinating Group on Crops made preliminary discussions with the Working Group on Food, Agriculture and Forestry (WGFAF) of the ASEAN Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ASEAN-CCI) and agreed to the possible practical ASEAN Cooperation in crops in the following field :-

- i. Standardization of ASEAN Quarantine procedure for export to minimize Quarantine barriers, that will be followed up by ASEAN PLANTI.
- ii. The Study on Supply and Demand for Tropical Crops.

22 The provision of safe and efficient transportation and communications system continues to be given its due importance within the framework of ASEAN cooperation in this field. During the period under review, various issues and challenges were encountered in this endeavour which deserves special attention for cooperation and joint action. These include issues emanating from technological advancement in the transportation and communications sector to cater for the modern needs of transportation and communications such as the introduction of enlarged containers, multimodal transport and the application of electronic data interchange, and development in the satellite communications. These issues were sufficiently deliberated and monitored but ASEAN's response to these developments however was rather slow, due to the amount of investment required, as well as the time taken to effect administrative and legislative changes.

23 The implementation of projects and activities for sustaining cooperation in this field has also yield-

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ed mixed results. Some progress was made in the implementation of COTAC's new initiatives in this sector. Notable among these was the agreement by ASEAN Airlines to convene the annual meeting of its Chief Executives and Senior Executives on rotational basis. This meeting would consider matters relating to air travel as well as those related to cooperation among ASEAN Airlines. The proposed establishment of Centres of Excellence was only prominent in the area of civil aviation and related services. The proposed establishment of ASEAN transportation network however has not been properly conceptualized. Nevertheless, it is important to note that efforts were also undertaken to initiate projects that could contribute towards the successful realization of COTAC's new initiatives in all sub-sectors.

24 Delay was encountered in the implementation of projects and related activities due to both internal and external factors. The proliferation of ASEAN meetings, lack of continuous reporting, lack of proper planning and coordination of activities, preoccupation of officials with their national responsibilities and priorities are some of the internal factors hindering the smooth implementation of projects and activities. Externally, it was the lack of available funding to projects and this is especially so since most projects are heavily dependent upon foreign funding, primarily from Dialogue Partners. Thus, severe financial constraints encountered by some Dialogue Partners and their subsequent changes in priorities had adversely affected ASEAN as less funds were allocated to ASEAN.

25 Nevertheless, some notable achievements were accomplished in strengthening cooperation in Posts and Telecommunications. To achieve better quality and standard of services continue to be the main emphasis in the provision of postal services such as reduced priority airmail, surface air lifted, international express mail and inter-country remittance services. Measures to modernize postal services are also being undertaken. In the area of telecommunications, the Memorandum of Understanding for the construction of ASEAN Optical Fibre Submarine Cable Network was finally signed on 8 March 1990 in Jakarta. The successful implementation of this Network would greatly enhance the capacity and efficiency of telecommunication lines within ASEAN with opportunities

for region-wide links in the Asia and the Pacific. In addition, efforts are also being undertaken to widen the use of cellular radio telephone in the region. Training of telecommunication personnel was also undertaken to increase their productivity and efficiency.

26 Amidst the back-drop of the desire of the ASEAN Economic Ministers' (AEM) that the Basic Agreement on ASEAN Industrial Joint Venture (BAAIJV) be reviewed in order to expedite the approval process; and that a bold and innovative approach be taken to address the issues facing the region, the 33rd Meeting of the ASEAN Committee on Industry, Minerals and Energy (COIME) was held in Kuala Lumpur on 23-25 May 1990.

27 The Meeting, had preliminary discussions on the provisions of the BAAIJV which could be improved and had an exchange of views on measures that were needed to be taken to encourage investments through industrial preferential schemes. As an immediate result of these discussions, COIME approved the proposal to extend the dead line for the 60% non-ASEAN equity participation in AIJV beyond 1990.

28 On the Pre-Approved List of the AIJV the ASEAN Economic Ministers have agreed to the inclusion of the following products in the List:-

- a. X-ray including radiotherapy apparatus;
- b. Unwrought zinc;
- c. Pressure gauges, thermostats, level gauges and the like;
- d. Parts and accessories for measuring, checking instruments;
- e. Tyre cord fabrics of continuous synthetic textile materials;
- f. Complete digital central processing machines; and
- g. Unwrought aluminium.

29 The BBC Scheme for Nissan Motor Co. Ltd. between Malaysia and Thailand on the Model Nissan Sentra/Sunny (B11) has been approved while the Nissan BBC Scheme on the Model Nissan Sentra/Sunny (B13) among Malaysia, the Philippines and Thailand was also approved, subject to

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the replacement of those parts removed from the proposed schedule on exports from the Philippines to Malaysia.

30 Additional BBC Schemes proposed by Mitsubishi Motor Corporation (MMC), Mercedes Benz and Volvo are awaiting additional information from the proponents.

31 On Minerals, there has not been substantial progress in the implementation of the 14 approved projects under the ASEAN Minerals Cooperation Plan.

32 In view of this, the Experts Group Meeting on Minerals will meet in Bandung in October 1990

33 Interest was expressed by the Working Group on Industrial Cooperation (WGIC) of the ASEAN-CCI on the ASEAN Industrial Standardization Programme and agreed that the private sector should actively participate in the Programme. In this connection, COIME requested Thailand, as Programme Coordinator, to inform the WGIC of the progress of the Programme and to request the WGIC to invite ISQAP representatives to attend their Meetings.

34 COIME also approved the full participation of Brunei Darussalam and Singapore in the programme.

35 During the period under review, implementation of direction in the area of trade by the Third ASEAN Summit in Manila in 1987 has progressed substantially, particularly with regard to the five-year improvement programmes of the ASEAN Preferential Trading Arrangements (PTA). The 1989 Programmes have now been implemented by all member countries, bringing another 335 new items with Margin of Preferences (MOPs) of 25% into the Scheme, besides the deepening of MOPs for existing 2,848 items. The total number of items which are accorded with preferential tariff up to now stands at 14,801, which the private sector can benefit to increase the intra-ASEAN trade. Another benefit for the private sectors is the list of chemical products eligible for inclusion in the positive list proposed for reduction of ASEAN content requirement from 50% to 35%. The list is expected to be finalized by member countries soon.

36 With respect to the implementation of the Memorandum of Understanding on Standstill and

Rollback of Non-Tariff Barriers (NTBs), member countries still continue to negotiate the request list for rollback of NTMs. Although no concessions have yet been granted, member countries have undertaken to exchange information on Non-Tariff Measures (NTMs) that were removed as well as tariff changes taken unilaterally since the Third ASEAN Summit.

37 On intra-ASEAN cooperation in commodity, work arrangements and prioritization of commodity list have been formulated. It was stressed that the process of implementing the 8-Point initiatives adopted by the Third ASEAN Summit should be expeditiously carried out towards achieving concrete results. The division of work which had been assigned to member countries should be implemented fully. Member countries also agreed to request the UNDP to conduct and finance a feasibility study on the establishment of the ASEAN Data Bank on Commodities (ADBC) and Market Development Studies on Commodities.

38 The ASEAN-CCI was urged to consider increasing their involvement and be more effective in the meetings conducted by ASEAN officials, particularly in meetings of the economic committees and dialogue with third countries. A "brainstorming" session was proposed to the private sector to discuss how the present arrangements could be improved to enable the private sector to benefit as much as possible from ASEAN meetings.

39 As the Uruguay Round of the Multilateral Trade Negotiations moves into final stage, ASEAN member countries recognize the need for even greater and closer coordination at all levels. The 21st AEM Meeting agreed that ASEAN should develop common postures on negotiating issues to guide the ASEAN negotiators in Geneva. However, the ASEAN negotiators in Geneva would be allowed to retain the flexibility of individual countries to state their positions on issues of particular interest to them within the framework of ASEAN positions.

40 Member countries have also been active in the international commodities issues where joint common approaches have been adopted on anti-tropical timber campaign, anti-tropical vegetable oils campaign, farm subsidies and the Common Fund for Commodities. ASEAN stressed the seriousness of the anti-tropical timber campaign affecting its

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timber trade and industries, therefore the 21st AEM Meeting agreed that an ASEAN Ministerial Delegation be sent to the consuming countries particularly the EC in 1990. Indonesia which was mandated to coordinate and lead this Ministerial Delegation, is in the process of organising it.

41 Common approaches on trade restrictive measures against ASEAN products have also been endorsed by the 21st AEM Meeting. This has led to a setting up of the ASEAN Experts Group to study the manifestation and implications of the CVD and anti-dumping actions and other trade restrictive measures of major trading partners affecting ASEAN products.

42 Cooperation in tourism has made a marked progress. Preparation for the Visit ASEAN Year (VAY'92) campaign has been well on the way. An advertising company and its public relations consultant have been contracted to carry out the VAY '92 promotional campaign focusing on the four principal markets, namely; Japan, Australia, West Germany and the ASEAN region. The campaign will center around the theme "ASEAN – the World's Only 6-in-1 Tropical Paradise. In addition, the assistance has also been sought from the ASEAN national carriers, ASEAN Tourism Associations (ASEANTA) and Committee on Culture and Information (COCI) to ensure the success of the VAY '92. The ASEAN Tourism Information Center (ATIC) established in Kuala Lumpur on 1 January 1989 has played a key role in coordinating and implementing the activities on the VAY '92 campaign and other projects.

43 Culture and information related projects are being implemented through the ASEAN Cultural Fund. For FY 1989-1990, 25 projects at a cost of US\$ 2,030,046.50 are being implemented. These projects and those of previous years are designed at promoting among the member countries a greater understanding and appreciation of one another's cultural heritage and lifestyles through the various media. These media can be in the form of song, dance and film festivals, cultural exchanges, workshops, exhibitions and symposiums. In the final analysis, these programmes are expected to increase peoples' awareness of ASEAN and ASEAN's sense of solidarity.

44 In June 1989 a task force established by COCI held a meeting to discuss the mechanism for

the evaluation of ASEAN-COCI projects. The meeting formulated criteria for the selection of ASEAN-COCI projects and the evaluation of on-going and completed projects. With the guidelines in hand, ASEAN-COCI will be in a better position to draw up projects which will have more impact on the ASEAN consciousness.

45 To find appropriate ways and means to properly disseminate marketable products of COCI's projects, the Meeting of ASEAN Copyright Experts was held in Bangkok in November 1989. The meeting discussed the ASEAN Secretariat's conceptual paper on the subject. Due to the issues of whether or not ASEAN has a "juridical personality" the Meeting felt that this should be referred to a higher authority. A Second Meeting was deemed necessary by the Experts' Group, as this would enable the Group to complete their task and to seek practical ways to the solution of the issue.

46 Due to obstacles encountered by the ASEAN-COCI at the 21st Meeting in Singapore, December 1989 in making decision for implementing the project in the field of information proposed by the ASEAN Ministers Responsible for Information, it is important to set up a formal linkage and directives between the ASEAN-COCI and the SOM of the Conference, to facilitate the implementation of the proposed projects in the future. At the 22nd ASEAN-COCI Meeting, it was observed that any budgetary difficulty arising from approved project proposals pending their implementation should be referred to the relevant working groups. The Meeting also observed that one of the criteria for prioritizing project proposals, is the issue that projects should be spread out among member countries based on the principle of equitable approach.

47 The Fifteenth Meeting of the ASEAN Committee on Social Development (COSD) was held in Manila on 24 to 27 May 1990. The Meeting considered and endorsed project proposals submitted by the Subsidiary bodies under it for onward transmission to the 23th ASEAN Standing Committee. The Special Meeting of the ASEAN Directors-General in Bali in April 1990, recommended a proposal on taking over of COSD-ITS functions by the ASEAN Secretariat. The 15th COSD Meeting agreed to recommend to the ASEAN Standing Committee to transfer of the COSD-ITS function to the

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ASEAN Secretariat and also agreed that the transfer of the COSD Chairmanship to the ASEAN Secretariat was a matter that could be addressed in a later time.

48 After a lapse of 13 years, the ASEAN Ministers Responsible for Social Welfare met again for the second time in Kuala Lumpur on 26 March 1990. (The First Meeting of the ASEAN ministers was held in Jakarta in 1977). The Second Meeting focussed specifically on welfare concerns as well as the strategies and programmes for addressing them: It also considered the need for a formal mechanism for implementation of these strategies and programmes.

49 The ASEAN Sub-Committee on Health and Nutrition which met in Manila from 6-8 March 1990 reviewed the progress of the three on-going projects in the field of health and nutrition, i.e., ASEAN Scholarship Programme for Applied Tropical Medicine and Public Health (ASEANTROPMED); ASEAN Institute for Health Development (which started as the ASEAN Training Centre for Primary Health Care under ASEAN-Japan Human Resources Development) and ASEAN Technical Cooperation on Pharmaceuticals.

50 The Ninth Meeting of the ASEAN Women's Programme (AWP) which was held in Manila from 24-26 January 1990 took cognizance of the difficulty in obtaining financial support for implementing projects and suggested the utilisation of local resources or the setting up of its own fund with contributions from intra-as well as extra-ASEAN resources.

51 The ASEAN Sub-Committee on Labour Affairs (ASCLA) met in Yogyakarta from 12-14 September 1989 and agreed on its Terms of Reference, which stated the linkage between ASCLA as one of the subsidiary body of COSD and ASEAN Labour Ministers Meeting (ALMM) through the Senior Officials of the Ministers of Labour, and that ASCLA will be responsible to both ASEAN-COSD and ALMM for technical matters of the ASEAN cooperation in labour matters.

52 The ASEAN Standing Committee has agreed on the establishment of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on Education (SCOE), its Terms of Reference has been approved ad referendum by the 23rd ASEAN Standing Committee subsequent to its third

Meeting in Jakarta. The 15th COSD Meeting was of the view that the convening of an ASEAN SCOE Meeting before the next Meeting of COSD would be desirable.

53 The Sixth Meeting of the ASEAN Experts Group on Natural Disasters (AEGND) met in Bangkok from 13-15 December 1989 after a lapse of six years. Thailand's agreement to be the Monitoring Country for Natural Disasters in the region helped resolve the issue of the rotation of the ASEAN Natural Disaster Centre.

54 ASEAN is now having difficulties in trying to overcome the financial problem it faces in implementing regional social development projects. Proposals ranged from the utilisation of local resources like the ASEAN Fund to the establishment of specific funds for individual subsidiary bodies as well as the ASEAN Social Development Fund. The Third Meeting of the 23rd ASEAN Standing Committee, however, agreed that the proposal to set up the ASEAN Social Development Fund (ASDF) be further reviewed. The Fifteenth Meeting of the COSD endorsed the creation of the ASDF, the initial source of which should derive from the ASEAN Cultural Fund. The Fourth Meeting of the Twenty-Third ASEAN Standing Committee decided on the joint dimarche by the ASEAN Heads of Mission in Tokyo to request the Japanese Government to allot US\$ 5 Million from the ASEAN Cultural Fund as seed money for the ASDF.

55 Following the approval of the ASEAN Plan of Action by the ASEAN Ministers of Science and Technology in January 1989, the year under review marked a new phase of development in science and technology cooperation. The 21st and 22nd Meetings of the ASEAN Committee on Science and Technology (COST) held in Yogyakarta on 4-8 September 1989 and in Kuala Lumpur on 21-24 March 1990, respectively, established guidelines, future plans and activities of the new sub-committees on programme areas and prepared the terms of reference of the ASEAN Senior Officials on the Environment (ASOEN). In line with the recommendations of the Plan of Action, the project activities place greater emphasis on commercialisation of results and private sector participation.

56 The ASEAN Science Fund established solely for S & T activities came into effect in early 1990.

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A bank account was opened with seed contributions from member countries and an Advisory Body was set up to assist COST in the management of the Fund. ASEAN is now seeking contributions to the Science Fund from Dialogue Partners and international organizations.

57 Despite problems and constraints, cooperation with some Dialogue Partners was substantially enhanced. Cooperative efforts in science and technology under Phase I of ASEAN-Australia Economic Cooperation Programme (AAECP) has further strengthened the capability of ASEAN in food science and technology and has contributed to the growth of the food industries in the region. In recent years food exports have been one of the most rapidly growing sectors of the ASEAN economies. Following the success of Phase I, Phase II of the ASEAN-Australia Economic Cooperation Programme commenced in July 1989 with an allocation amounting to 81% of the total AAECP Phase II budget of A\$ 27.5 M for 5 years for projects in biotechnology, microelectronics, marine science and non-conventional energy research and possibly in food technology research and development. As there is potential commercialisation of results and mutual benefits from this cooperation, the issue on intellectual property rights was taken into consideration in the implementation of the projects.

58 Active preparations are being made to hold the 4th ASEAN Food Conference in Jakarta in July 1991 and the Third ASEAN Science and Technology Week (TASTW) in Singapore in September 1992.

59 During the period under review, ASEAN has also attached great importance to regional activities in the field of environment. The ASEAN Experts Group on the Environment (AEGE) was elevated to the ASEAN Senior Officials on the Environment (ASOEN), thus enabling it to report directly to the ASEAN Standing Committee and the meetings of the ASEAN Ministers of Environment. The ASOEN's terms of reference were approved by the Third Meeting of the 23rd ASEAN Standing Committee in March 1990. The ASOEN would follow the spirit and wording of the Jakarta Resolution on Sustainable Development of 1987, thereby incorporating the principle of sustainable development into all aspects of development. The focus of the ASOEN

would also be on policy guidelines to protect ASEAN's common resources and development. The ASOEN, with its experience in implementing the ASEAN Environment Programme (ASEP) Phase I (1978-1982) and Phase II (1983-1987 in its former capacity as the AEGE, is actively carrying out ASEP Phase III which has been commenced since 1988. The work of ASOEN would contribute much to ASEAN's desire to protect its environment with all the appropriate and practicable means.

60 Although intensive efforts had been undertaken both at regional and national levels in the field of narcotics prevention and control, the danger of drug abuse still exists in the ASEAN region. Indication of its close association with the Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) continues to worry both narcotics agencies and the health authorities. The main drug abusers in the region continue to be the youth population.

61 Regional efforts at the control and prevention of the narcotics problem continue to be guided by the Five Year Programme of Action adopted at the 11th ASOD Meeting, the Comprehensive Multi-disciplinary Outline (CMO) adopted by the International Conference on Drugs Abuse and Illicit Trafficking (ICDAIT) in 1987 as well as international development in the battle against narcotics warlords. At the Second Interregional Heads of Narcotics Law Enforcement Agencies Meeting held at the UN Office in Vienna, in September 1989, ASEAN supported the resolution to provide moral and physical assistance to Colombia's battle against the cocaine cartels operating in the country.

62 To date, no ASEAN member country has ratified the Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances. Nonetheless, national and regional activities conducted are very much in line with the provisions of the Convention.

63 In terms of regional projects implemented, there were only two in the period of 1989/1990 :-

- i. Training Workshop for Narcotics Law Enforcement, Officers, Bangkok, 20-24 November 1989 (funded by the UNDP);
- ii. First Course of the ASEAN Research and Training Centre for the Detection of

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Drugs of Abuse in Body Fluids in Singapore in 26 February – 23 March 1990.

64 The EC has also agreed to finance two ASEAN-EC Experts Seminar on Drugs Abuse later in 1990 in the areas of :-

- i. Treatment and Rehabilitation, to be held in Malaysia;
- ii. Drug Preventive Education, to be held in the Philippines.

65 The Financing Agreement for this project was signed by the Chairman of the ABC on behalf of ASEAN.

66 Regional cooperative efforts in drug prevention and control in the period of 1989/90 continues to be bogged down with the lack of financial support from dialogue partners.

67 The period under review witnessed various activities carried out under the framework of Dialogue Relations between ASEAN and Third Countries. Dialogue meetings with Japan, Canada, New Zealand and Australia were convened on 3-4 October 1989, 21-22 November 1989, 10-11 May 1990 and 17-18 May 1990 respectively. The Eighth Meeting of the ASEAN-EC Ministerial Meeting was also held on 16-17 February 1990 in Kuching, Sarawak, Malaysia. There was no dialogue meeting with the US during the period. A new development is the establishment of Sectoral Dialogue between ASEAN and the Republic of Korea on 2 November 1989.

68 During the PMC with Australia in July 1989, the ASEAN Ministers emphasized that more efforts were needed to narrow the trade gap. The Ministers noted that although the two-way trade had increased considerably, ASEAN's and Australia's shares in each other's global trade remained small. ASEAN is also concerned that the Australian discussion to adopt recommendations of the Australian Anti Dumping Authority (ADA) on operational guidelines of the new Australian AntiDumping Legislation would also apply to import that hinder the establishment of a new Australian industry.

69 The ASEAN-Australia Forum, which was held in Singapore 17-18 May 1990, reviewed this particular dialogue relation. The AAACP II, with an annual budget A\$ 7 million focusses on areas of

trade and investment promotion, science and technology, and agro-based projects. As the 83 projects under Phase II are expected to be commercially viable, both ASEAN and Australia explored possible ways and means to reach agreement on the important issue of ownership of intellectual property. ASEAN is agreeable in principle to the equitable sharing of intellectual property rights. The details of such sharing should be negotiated among cooperating parties at the project level. ASEAN also agreed that the project proposals on cocoa market adaption and tropical fruits should be considered under TIPP.

70 The participation of the private sector in the 13th ASEAN-Australia Forum gave new impetus to the expansion of the commercial relationship between ASEAN and Australia. The ASEAN-Australia Business Council took active part in the 13th ASEAN-Australia Forum. In this Forum there were three new areas of activities which were discussed, namely, environment, telecommunications and education. The timing of these developments is even more significant as events in Europe may temporarily detract the attention of world economic powers away from the region.

71 The Sixth Meeting of the ASEAN-Canada JCC held in Bandar Seri Begawan on 21-22 November 1989 reaffirmed the commitment of the ASEAN-Canada partnership to building long-term and mutually beneficial economic ties. The JCC Meeting was marked by the active participation of the private sector which was represented by the ASEAN-Canada Business Council.

72 On development cooperation, the Meeting reviewed the status of the projects and addressed outstanding issues including ASEAN's concern with the pace of project implementation. It was noted that Canada planned to implement six projects under the ASEAN-Canada Regional Training Programme in 1990.

73 On ASEAN's economic cooperation with Canada, both sides agreed to intensify their consultations on trade issues through trade policy and MTN discussions. Canada indicated that it would be sending a team of MTN negotiators to the ASEAN region to discuss market access issues and other matters of mutual concern within the Uruguay Round.

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74 A significant development during the period under review was the establishment of the Canada-ASEAN Centre in Singapore. The Centre was officially opened by Mr. Joe Clark, the Secretary of State for External Affairs of Canada on 10 July 1989.

75 The cooperation agreement between ASEAN and EC has been extended since October 1989 for another period of two years. The 8th ASEAN-EC Ministerial Meeting, held in Kuching, Sarawak, Malaysia, 16-17 February 1990 reaffirmed that the extension of this agreement demonstrate the strong commitment of both side to strengthen further their relations, with the hope that the private sector should assume a greater role in enhancing ASEAN-EC economic cooperation.

76 During the period under review the positive sign in this relation has been demonstrated by the increase in trade flows between the two region particularly for industrial products.

77 The 8th AEMM also recognized that the ASEAN-EC relations have diversified and registered impressive progress, however a review of the existing cooperation was needed to chart the course of ASEAN-EC relations to meet the challenges of the 90's, notably by on the one hand strengthening the impact of economic, financial and industrial cooperation, human resource development and science and technology programmes and by increasing trade flows and investments and by encouraging participation of the private sector, and on the other hand, continuing to stress assistance to the poorer segment of the rural population, with special attention be given to the participation of women in the development 3 process and environmental protection.

78 The ASEAN Ministers made known to the EC's side ASEAN's serious concern over the anti-tropical timber campaign. However, the two sides recognised that threat to global environment is a shared responsibility which requires urgent and appropriate international action. They agreed that the protection of the environment should be viewed in perspective and that due emphasis be accorded to promoting economic growth and substantial development. It was also agreed that to ensure a more integrated approach to environmental and development problems, developing countries' ability

to respond to environmental concerns must be strengthened. In this context, they agreed that environment concerns should be a major issue but should not be used to introduce a new form of conditionality in aid and development financing. The EC Ministers also agreed to consider assisting the upgrading of ASEAN's facilities, capabilities and expertise in the areas of management of natural resources and environment monitoring through technical and financial assistance.

79 On the European Single Market of 1992, while welcoming the trade and investment opportunities created as a result of the removal of internal barriers, the ASEAN Ministers expressed concern over possible adverse impact of the Single Market on ASEAN trade with the EC. However, the EC Ministers assured them that the EC would remain open to its trading partners because of its commitment to the multilateral trading system and that the Single Market would lead to an improvement of EC competitiveness and further stimulate the liberalization of world trade. Furthermore, both sides agreed that sector specific workshops on the impact and opportunity of the Single Market on ASEAN's trade and investments with the EC, be held in an ASEAN capital.

80 On ASEAN-Japan Relations, the eleventh in the series of annual dialogue meetings between ASEAN and Japan was held in Manila from 3-4 October 1989 during the year under review.

81 Significant results of the Eleventh ASEAN-Japan Forum included Japan's agreement to the ASEAN proposal for the participation of the private sector at the Forum. The participation of ASEAN and Japanese private sector will begin at the Twelfth Forum which is tentatively scheduled for September 1990. Japan also expressed their readiness to hold a meeting of trade experts between ASEAN and Japan before the next Forum. The Trade Experts Meeting is expected to provide a venue for extensive discussion and resolution of bilateral trade issues.

82 On Commodities, both ASEAN and Japan had agreed to strengthen cooperation in dealing with international and bilateral commodity issues for mutual benefit. Japan indicated its willingness to exchange views with ASEAN and other interested member states in strengthening cooperation between

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producing and consuming countries in the implementation of the Common Fund. On the development of resource-based industries, Japan agreed to refer its direct investments on the industries to its private sector. Japan also suggested that ASEAN should present its request for development assistance on such industries in the form of an ODA project. While recognising the importance of R & D activities for commodities, Japan agreed to examine the possibilities of cooperation on the proposed R & D areas. On the proposed sogoshosha project, Japan suggested that interested parties in ASEAN could contact the Association for Overseas Technical Scholarship (AOTS) for its consideration. Meanwhile, the market access issues for processed and semi-processed products exported by ASEAN to Japan were not given due consideration.

83 On tropical forest issues, Japan indicated its support on the efforts by developing countries to sustainably utilise and conserve tropical forests through bilateral and multilateral aids. Japan pursued a policy to strengthen bilateral cooperation closely connected with life of people living in forests. Japan also pursued a policy to reinforce financial support for international organisations such as ITTO and CDIAR.

84 Another significant development during the period under review was the ASEAN-Japan Development Fund (AJDF). Indonesia has committed funds from the AJDF under Category B (National Projects) while Malaysia has disbursed funds from the AJDF for its projects under the same Category during the period under review. The other member countries namely, Brunei Darussalam, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand are still in the process of negotiating with the Japanese authorities in order to expeditiously settle all outstanding issues on the utilization of the Fund between Japan and the ASEAN member countries concerned. There has been no progress on the utilization of Category A (Regional AJDF Projects) and the equity portion of the Fund.

85 Steps to effect the accession of Brunei Darussalam to the Agreement on the Establishment of the ASEAN Promotion Centre on Trade, Investment and Tourism (APC) in Tokyo were also taken during the period under review. On 8 June 1990,

Brunei Darussalam has become a new party to the said Agreement.

86 In response to the ASEAN request for inclusion of new products, New Zealand explained that New Zealand's GSP should be seen in the context of the very substantial liberalisation of New Zealand's import regime. This had seen import licensing reduced to cover less than 3% of New Zealand's total imports. New Zealand had been affected by New Zealand's product graduation policy. On ASEAN's proposal to request New Zealand to introduce on extracts of classification heading in its GSP, New Zealand replied that it would cause considerable administrative difficulty to apply. New Zealand agreed to ASEAN's request to give priority to considering ASEAN's fifth request list. In respect of deeper GSP preferences offering ASEAN deeper cuts. New Zealand explained that it would be difficult to respond to ASEAN's request at this time, especially in advance of the outcome of the current Multilateral Trade Negotiation.

87 ASEAN and New Zealand viewed that the private sector participation at the 10th Dialogue Meeting was a valuable contribution to further promoting economic and trade relations. It is hoped that the private sector will continue to take an active part in enhancing the dialogue relations.

88 In the area of development cooperation at the 10th ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue Meeting, New Zealand informed ASEAN that it would meet its commitment of NZ\$ 12 million for the five year ending in 1992, and also agreed to implement four projects under Inter-Institutional Linkages Programme (IILP) in July 1990. As for the Trade and Investment Promotion Package (TIPP), ASEAN and New Zealand agreed that the project proposals under this programme could be developed on the basis of New Zealand paper entitled TIPP Designing A Project Proposal as well as the comments/inputs by ASEAN and ASEAN/New Zealand Business Council. Both sides also agreed that the project proposals would be finalised as soon as possible. New Zealand agreed to fund the project Commerce Facility, separately from the ASEAN regional programme. ASEAN appreciates to New Zealand's agreement that the ASEAN's two new project proposals would be the next priority for implementation after the IILP and TIPP, and that four

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projects have been categorised in the overplanning category.

89 With regard to New Zealand Overseas Students Policy, New Zealand has explained to ASEAN of the pressure in the availability of space and of the increased independence of educational institutions under the new policy. ASEAN wishes to reiterate its hope that the policy be applied in a flexible manner, with a view to admitting more ASEAN students into New Zealand Universities, especially in professional courses in which ASEAN students are currently restricted.

90 On ASEAN-US Relations, although, due to a number of reasons, the Ninth ASEAN-US Dialogue has to be postponed to the later part of 1990, the ASEAN Private Investment and Trade Opportunities (PITO) Project Agreement was signed on 26 April 1990. The project worth US\$ 13 million is funded by USAID for the duration of 6 years. Its main objective is to encourage and promote trade and investment cooperation between the private sector of both sides.

91 On the ASEAN-US Initiative (AUI), AEM has agreed to set up an ASEAN-US Joint Working Group with the USTR, inter alia, to review existing ASEAN-US economic relations, including the AUI study.

92 The years 1989 and 1990 are important for ASEAN-UNDP relations. These are the years when ASEAN and UNDP together prepare the ASEAN subprogrammes for the Fifth Cycle of the Inter Country Programme (ICP) covering 1992-1996. The current cycle, nearing completion of implementation, cover some 42 projects costing some US\$ 13.7 million.

93 As part of the preparations for drawing-up the new programme, a comprehensive review of the ASEAN/UNDP technical co-operation programme will be conducted with UNDP assistance. The main purpose of the review is to make recommendations concerning priorities and thrusts to assist in the transaction towards achieving a more programmatic approach to project generation.

94 The UNDP technical assistance programme was the subject of discussion at the ASEAN Secretariat between the Secretary-General and Mr. Krishan G. Singh, Assistant Administrator of the UNDP New York in January 1990. Administrative

and operational delays seemed to be the stumbling blocks to certain UNDP assisted project implementation, causing loss of time and resources to ASEAN and its programme. In an effort to reduce the delays, UNDP suggested the execution of programmes and projects by ASEAN itself (self-execution). This would mean that the ASEAN Secretariat together with the economic and functional committees could play a greater role in initiating, formulating, implementing and evaluating projects, with assistance from UN specialized agencies only when necessary. The ASEAN Standing Committee welcomed the offer and requested the ASEAN Secretariat to pursue the matter with the UNDP.

95 Concerning the immediate preparations for the 5th Cycle of the ICP, more than 80 project proposals from the various ASEAN committees have been collated and submitted to UNDP. More are expected to be submitted until the end of the year 1990.

96 The period under review witnessed another development in fulfilling the directive of the Third Meeting of the ASEAN Heads of Government, Manila, December 1987 on the desirability of establishing sectoral dialogues in certain cases. In this regard ASEAN has established Sectoral Dialogue with the Republic of Korea (ROK) on 2 November 1989 through the exchange of letters signed on behalf of ASEAN by H.E. Mr. Ali Alatas, Foreign Minister of Indonesia and the current chairman of the ASEAN Standing Committee and on behalf of the ROK by H.E. Mr. Choi Ho-Joong, Foreign Minister of the ROK. This Sectoral Dialogue will initially concentrate on the areas of trade, investment and tourism, with the possibility of expanding the relations to include other areas such as development cooperation, transfer of technology and human resources development (HRD). Discussions on modalities of this Sectoral Dialogue have been conducted at the officials' level. This development clearly demonstrates ASEAN's perception of potential areas of common interest and mutual benefits in its relations with third countries.

97 The Cambodian problem remains a major obstacle to ASEAN's efforts to promote peace and stability in the Southeast Asian region. ASEAN's activities and approach in seeking a comprehensive political settlement of the Cambodian problem have

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received widespread support from the international community. At the 44th United Nations General Assembly, ASEAN's draft resolution on the situation in Kampuchea was again adopted by the overwhelming majority of the United Nations membership, reaffirming the unequivocal endorsement of ASEAN's approach towards a just, durable, and comprehensive solution to the Cambodian problem.

98 Various diplomatic activities aiming at maintaining the momentum of the negotiating process during the past year met with considerable success. The two Jakarta Informal Meetings (JIMs) in July 1988 and February 1989 provided a necessary platform for the convening of the Paris International Conference on Cambodia (PICC) in August 1989 under the Co-Chairmanship of the Foreign Ministers of Indonesia and France. Although it was not yet possible to achieve a comprehensive settlement at the Paris Conference, this forum has made progress in elaborating a wide range of political elements necessary for such an objective and provided an invaluable opportunity for all parties concerned to freely exchange views and to identify the necessary conditions that will enable the Cambodian people to exercise their right of self-determination. While the Paris Conference has been suspended, there remains optimism that a comprehensive solution was attainable, since Indonesia and France, as Co-chairmen, were entrusted to proceed with consultations within a period of six months in order to assess the situation and the prospect of reconvening the Conference.

99 Since the Paris Conference, there has been a flurry of diplomatic activities in the search for a comprehensive political settlement. In this regard, the Permanent Members of the UN Security Council have convened a series of meetings since January 1990. At their first meeting in Paris on 15-16 January 1990, they succeeded in specifying the principles that would guide them in working for a comprehensive solution to the Cambodian problem.

100 As part of the regional effort, Thailand took an initiative in promoting an atmosphere conducive to more constructive dialogue among the Cambodian parties by arranging a meeting between Prince Sihanouk and Mr. Hun Sen in Bangkok on 21 February 1990. At the end of the talks they issued a Joint Communiqué in which both sides have

expressed agreement on the need for the UN presence and the establishment of a Supreme National Council to symbolize Cambodia's national sovereignty and unity.

101 With a view to resolving the crucial issue of interim administration that proved to be of the main stumbling blocs at the Paris Conference, the Australian Foreign Minister proposed an idea of directly involving the UN in the administration of Cambodia during the transitional period prior to elections. Australia also drew up a useful paper on the possible roles of the UN in effecting a comprehensive political settlement.

102 The above activities led to the convening of the Informal Meeting on Cambodia in Jakarta on 26-28 February 1990, conducted within the framework of the Paris Conference. Although the Meeting was preceded by reasonable optimism, the outcome confirmed that the Cambodian parties still adhered closely to their stated positions, particularly on the interim administration of Cambodia, and the control mechanisms. Compromise on these key issues has yet to be achieved.

103 To add impetus to the peace process, further diplomatic efforts continued and resulted in the Tokyo Meeting on 4-5 June 1990. By linking the voluntary self-restraint on the use of force with the establishment of the Supreme National Council, the Joint Communiqué signed by Prince Sihanouk and Mr. Hun Sen in Tokyo has made for the first time a linkage between the military and political aspects of a comprehensive political solution. The report on the Meeting was submitted to the Meeting of Permanent Members of the U.N. Security Council and to the Co-Chairmen of the Paris Conference. This is considered a positive step towards a comprehensive political settlement.

104 To enjoy durable peace and stability in Southeast Asia, the Cambodian problem has to be solved in a comprehensive manner so as to establish Cambodia as a free and neutral country posing no threat to its neighbours. In this regard, ASEAN will further intensify its efforts to facilitate national reconciliation and the exercise of the Cambodian people's right of self-determination through internationally supervised free and fair elections.

105 On Indochinese refugee issue, the ASEAN SOM Working Group on Indochinese Refugees,

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which was formed in 1989, continues to hold its meetings enabling ASEAN member countries to exchange views on recent developments and to coordinate their undertakings accordingly as regards problem of Vietnamese boat people. The forum has proven to be an important instrument for ASEAN member countries to formulate measures and position in dealing with the problem of Vietnamese boat people within the framework of the Steering Committee of the International Conference on Indochinese Refugees, and the Comprehensive Plan of Action (CPA) which was adopted by the In-

ternational Conference in Geneva between 13-14 June 1989. Following the adoption of the CPA, ASEAN's efforts in this area was directed at securing the balanced implementation of the CPA. Thus far, much progress has been achieved especially in the area of resettlement of present camp populations, alleviating the burden of Vietnamese boat people on some ASEAN countries. However, ASEAN's efforts also resulted in increasing the awareness that the impasse over the issue of voluntary repatriation of non refugees to Vietnam has to be overcome in the interest of a durable solution.



**ASEAN COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN
1989 – 1990**

**CHAIRMAN, ASEAN STANDING COMMITTEE
1989 – 1990**



H.E. MR. ALI ALATAS
Foreign Minister of
the Republic of Indonesia

***COMMITTEE ON FINANCE
AND BANKING***

MR. NIBHAT BHUKKANASUT
Deputy Permanent Secretary
Thailand

***COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS
AND ENERGY***

MS. LILIA BAUTISTA
Deputy Minister of Trade and Industry
Philippines

***COMMITTEE ON TRADE
AND TOURISM***

MR. RIDZWAN DZAFIR
Director-General
Trade Development Board
Singapore

***COMMITTEE ON CULTURE
AND INFORMATION***

MR. HAJI MAHMUD bin HAJI BAKYR
Ministry of Culture, Youth and Sports
Brunei Darussalam

***ASEAN SENIOR OFFICIALS
ON DRUG MATTERS***

**DATO SERI LAILA JASA AWANG HAJI AHMAD
bin DATO PADUKA MATNOR**
Permanent Secretary
Brunei Darussalam

***COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE
AND FORESTRY***

DR. DUDUNG ABDUL ADJID
Department of Agriculture
Indonesia

***COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION
AND COMMUNICATIONS***

**DATO' DR. MOHAMAD NOR
Bin ABDUL GANI**
Ministry of Transport
Malaysia

***COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY (COST) and
SENIOR OFFICIALS ON THE
ENVIRONMENT (ASOEN)***

MR. MOHD. NOORDIN HASSAN
Secretary-General
Ministry of Science, Technology
and the Environment
Malaysia

***COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL
DEVELOPMENT***

MS. SOLITA M. AGUIRRE
Acting Director-General of ASEAN-
Philippines
Department of Foreign Affairs
Philippines

***ASEAN COOPERATION IN CIVIL
SERVICE MATTERS***

MR. WASKITO REKSOSOEDIRDJO
Chairman
The Agency of National Civil
Service Administration
Indonesia

DIRECTORS-GENERAL OF THE
ASEAN NATIONAL SECRETARIATS
1989 - 1990



PENGIRAN HAJI MAIDIN
Director-General
ASEAN- Brunei Darussalam
till July 1989

**AWANG HAJI YUSUF bin
HAJI ABDUL HAMID**
Director-General
Brunei Darussalam
from July 1989



MR. HUSNI THAMRIN PANE
Director-General
ASEAN - Indonesia
till December 1989

MR. AGUS TARMIDZI
Director-General
ASEAN - Indonesia
from December 1989



**DATO ABDULLAH ZAWAWI
HJ. MOHAMAD**
Director-General
ASEAN - Malaysia
till August 1989

DATO' AJIT SINGH
Director-General
ASEAN - Malaysia
from August 1989



MR. JUANITO P. JARASA
Director-General
ASEAN - Philippines
till July 1989

MR. REYNALDO O. ARCILLA
Director-General
ASEAN - Philippines
from July 1989



MR. K. KESAVAPANY
Director-General
ASEAN - Singapore

MR. SAROJ CHAVANAVIRAJ
Director-General
ASEAN - Thailand







COOPERATION IN FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

During the year under review, Committee on Finance and Banking (COFAB) held their 17th Meeting in Phuket, Thailand on 27-29 June 1989 and 18th Meeting in Bangkok, Thailand on 29-31 May 1990 to review the progress of implementation of the initiatives endorsed by the Third ASEAN Summit in 1987 in the areas of finance and banking and other related activities.

2 ASEAN Member countries continued in their efforts to further liberalize the use of ASEAN currencies in intra-ASEAN trade. Presently, those member countries which have daily official foreign exchange quotation now include currencies of other member countries in their daily quotation.

3 With respect to the ASEAN-Japan Development Fund (AJDF), COFAB as assigned by the ASEAN Economic Ministers submitted progress report of the utilization of the Fund to the 21st Meeting of the AEM. Loans have now been committed to projects under Category B (national projects) by Indonesia and Malaysia and disbursed by Malaysia. The Philippines and Thailand are in the process of finalizing their respective negotiations with the Japanese authorities. The 21st AEM urged for expeditious settlement of all the outstanding issues between Japan and ASEAN member countries concerned with regard to the implementation of the AJDF. As for the other portion of the Fund which is to be utilized for the Category A - regional projects, COFAB was requested by the AEM to examine ways and means to expedite its implementation. With regard to the equity investment under the AJDF to be made by the Japan-ASEAN Investment Company (JAIC), the ASEAN Finance Corporation (AFC) has agreed to provide the information to COFAB for the purpose of monitoring the equity portion of the AJDF.

4 The ASEAN Reinsurance Corporation (ASEAN

Re) which was another initiative endorsed by the Third ASEAN Summit continues to receive the necessary supports from member countries to ensure its success. The ASEAN Re was registered in October 1989 and took over the business of the ASEAN Reinsurance Pool. Having commenced its business since January 1989, the ASEAN Re continues to rely mainly on ceding companies, retrocessionaries and intermediaries in this region, where there is potential for ASEAN Re to grow.

5 On Cross Border Leasing, Guidelines on Taxation on Leasing for ASEAN Countries have been formulated by the Working Group on Tax Matters and endorsed by COFAB. These guidelines aim at providing a framework for determination of a lease for tax purpose and tax treatment of a cross-border leasing among member countries.

Cooperation in Customs Matters

6 The ASEAN Working Group on Customs Matters (AWGCM) held their 14th Meeting in Manila on 8-11 May 1990. Member countries continue to update and exchange the information in the areas of prevention, investigation and repression of customs offences including those involving drug trafficking; customs procedures relating to imports and exports and drawback and warehousing system. This information has been useful and provided foundations for further work in customs cooperation, particularly in the area of customs procedures. A study on Analysis of Customs Export and Import Procedures in ASEAN by UNCTAD has been completed identifying the needs and potential areas for simplification and harmonization of customs procedures of member countries. The Meeting adopted the suggestion that a Regional Seminar on Harmonization and Simplification of Procedures be held using the UNCTAD paper as a basis for discussion.

□ COOPERATION IN FINANCE AND BANKING

7 Realizing that simplification and harmonization in Customs procedures within ASEAN are vital in promoting regional as well as international trade it is the consensus among member countries that the setting up of a centralized customs institute in achieving such objectives is most proper. Consequently a project proposal on "ASEAN Customs institute for Training and Research (ACITAR)" has been put up for consideration.

8 Along the same vein, member countries have also embarked upon a study to identify the differences and similarities of customs procedures and requirements which are related to the ASEAN Preferential Trading Arrangements (PTA). Through this study, further measures could be taken to enhance the intra-ASEAN trade under the PTA.

9 During the period under review, a number of seminars and workshops have been held under the UNDP/UNCTAD-assisted project on Assistance to ASEAN COFAB on Customs Training and Development. The seminar on GATT Customs Valuation Code was held in Jakarta in November 1989 to exchange views on the implications of the switching from present practice to GATT Customs Valuation Code has resulted in a set of recommendations for consideration of member countries as an input in Uruguay Round.

Cooperation in Tax Matters

10 At their 9th Meeting in Pangkor Island/Kuala Lumpur on 18-21 June 1989, the ASEAN Working Group on Tax Matters held a discussion on the issue of Taxation of Banks and Financial Institutions: Major Issues and Problems. Among the issues discussed were: structures of banking and finance industries; governing laws and regulations and tax implications; banking supervision, tax regimes, tax treatment of interest transactions by local bank and its affiliate; bad debt and non-performing loans; and withholding tax. Extensive Discussion centered around such problems as banking audits, interest exemption, allocation of head office expenses, bank secrecy provisions, tax treatment on purchase/disposal of stocks/securities and tax treatment on swap transaction. The views exchanged are useful to member countries encountering similar problems.

11 Ensuing from a request by COIME, the AWGTM also gave their view to COFAB regarding the issue of inconsistency between the provision on the equity requirements under the existing Double Taxation Agreements (DTAs) of some member countries and that stipulated in the Revised Basic Agreement on ASEAN Industrial Joint Venture (BAAIJV).

12 A joint session on "the Role of Accountants and Tax Authorities in Educating the Public on their Responsibility and Liability to Taxation" was also held between the AWGTM and the ASEAN Federation of Accountants (AFA). There was a candid exchange of views on the role of accountants and their accountability.

13 The 10th Meeting on 2-4 May 1990 in Phuket, Thailand discussed the main topic on "Problems and Measures in Collecting Taxes from Foreign Contractors". One major problem encountered by all member countries was the determination of taxable income of foreign contractors. In tackling this problem, tax withholding scheme was found to be an efficient measure in preventing tax evasion.

14 The Meeting submitted to COFAB the offer by Universite de Sherbrook of Canada to host a week-long seminar on negotiation of bilateral fiscal treaties. This was endorsed by the 18th COFAB Meeting.

Cooperation in Insurance

15 The ASEAN Insurance Commissioners held their 15th Meeting on 9-11 October 1989 in Kuala Lumpur to review the progress of activities under their purview.

16 With respect to the insurance statistics, a Report on 1987 ASEAN Insurance Business Summary and analysis has been completed and adopted by the AICs. This Project is carried out jointly by the Technical Committee of the AICs and the Insurance Institute for Asia and Pacific.

17 The project on Mortality Studies of Assured Lives which is now in its 10th year provides a basis for the life insurance industry in ASEAN countries to underwrite business based on the actual mortality experience of insured lives. At the 15th AICs Meeting, the Committee for Mortality Studies of

□ COOPERATION IN FINANCE AND BANKING

Assured Lives presented the report on the trends of mortality rates being experienced by insured lives in each participating country, extending over a nine year period, ended 31 December 1987 or 31 December 1988 for some countries. The AICs took note of the report and also approved the 1990 programme.

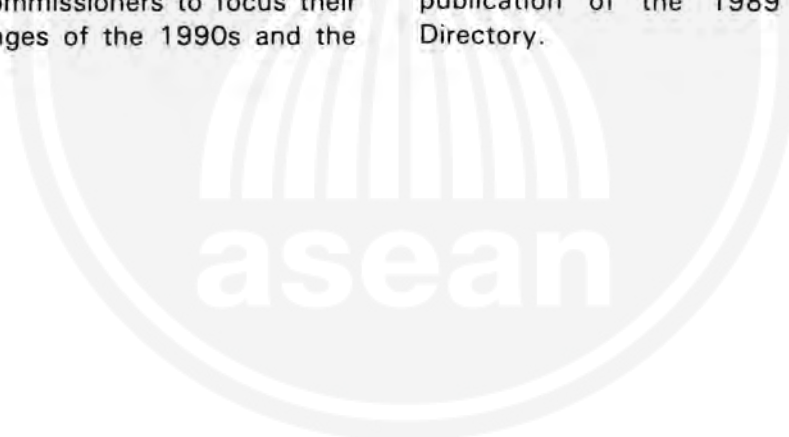
18 Member countries continued to exchange and update the information pertaining to the insurance laws of their respective countries. This information now includes tax laws on insurance.

19 During the period under review, the insurance education and training of insurance supervisory staff remained a major focus of the AICs. A course on Financial Management and Surveillance was held in Singapore on 31 July - 4 August 1989. A Senior Management Workshop was also held in Thailand, from 17 - 20 April 1990. The workshop, participated by the Commissioners themselves with senior executives from the insurance industries as observers, provided an excellent opportunity for the ASEAN Insurance Commissioners to focus their minds on the challenges of the 1990s and the

impact they will have on the ASEAN economies and insurance industries. The AICs Meeting further considered cooperation with other third countries in the area of insurance, and agreed that cooperation projects be more actively pursued.

20 The Commissioners also discussed and exchanged views on various issues such as requirements/provisions on Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims, requirements/provisions on holding companies, limitation of life insurance coverage relating to AIDS and treatment of accrued interest on non performing loans granted by insurers and insurance guarantee funds.

21 The ASEAN Insurance Council (AIC) which held its Annual Meeting concurrently with the Commissioners' Meeting gave a report on the various cooperation activities undertaken by the industries. These include the progress of the ASEAN Re, the publication of the ASEAN Insurance Journal, the ASEAN Life Insurance Seminars, the setting up of study groups on special risks and the publication of the 1989 ASEAN Insurance Directory.



☐ COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. A Familiarization Tour of the Australian Finance and Banking System	X					X		Australia	Australia	The 18th COFAB Meeting in May 1990 agreed to withdraw the project from the ASEAN-Australia Forum since it could not be accommodated under the TIPP.
2. Study Tour at the Finance Insurance Group (EFIG)	X					X		Australia	Australia	— ditto —
3. Observation Tour on Customs Enforcement on Narcotics Control in Australia	X					X	Malaysia	Australia	Australia	Project was withdrawn by COFAB in June 1989 from the ASEAN-Australia Forum due to its incompatibility to the areas of the AAACP Phase II.
4. Training Course on Computer Application for Customs Administration in Canada	X		X					Canada	Canada	The 14th AWGCM Meeting in May 1990 agreed to reformulate the project in order to expedite the implementation. The project will be implemented under the "Canada-ASEAN Regional Training Programme."
5. Cooperation in the Field of Computerization in Tax Administration Operations	X		X					Canada	Canada	Project will be implemented in Canada on 1-20 October 1990.
6. Study Tour to the Canada Export Development Corporation (EDC)	X		X					Canada	Canada	The study tour was planned to be conducted in July/August 1990.
7. Attachment Programme and Study Tour for ASEAN Insurance Supervisory Officials on the Insurance Supervisory System and Insurance Market Practices in Canada	X		X					Canada	Canada	The project is to be implemented under the "Canada-ASEAN Regional Training Programme". The implementation date has not yet been set.
8. Attachment to Capital Market Division, Dept. of Finance, Canada (Phase II)	X		X					Canada	Canada	— ditto —
9. Visiting Tour for Senior Level ASEAN Finance Officers on Finance and Banking Management in Canada	X		X					Canada	Canada	— ditto —
10. ASEAN-EC Insurance Cooperation: A Project Proposal on Computerization in Insurance Supervision	X		X					EC	EC	The project proposal had been approved by the ASC and forwarded to EC through the ASEAN-Brussels Committee. EC response is being awaited.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
11. Seminar on Access to EC Capital Markets	X		X					EC	EC	Three seminars had been organized during 1981-1984. ASEAN had agreed that this project be continued. Project proposal for continuation was agreed by COFAB in May 1990 and approved by the 4th Meeting of the 23rd ASC in June 1990.
12. Study Tour at the European Investment Bank (EIB)	X		X					EC	EC	ASEAN agreed that this project be considered in the light of the objectives of the ASEAN-EC Joint Investment Committee. However, there has been no further developments on the subject.
13. Study Tour of Leasing Activities and Practices in the EC	X				X			EC	EC	The project was completed since the implementation of the Study on Leasing in 1984. At the 7th ASEAN-EC JCC Meeting in April 1987, the EC Commission stated that there is no need to consider further action in this field.
14. Participation of the EIB in ASEAN		X				X		EC	ASEAN member countries	ASEAN encouraged the EIB to establish its operation in the ASEAN region and consider promoting cooperation between EC and ASEAN financial institutions. ASEAN approach to the EC's Council has been done through ABC. The EC Commission responded that the EIB's participation in ASEAN countries would be very difficult to be implemented.
15. Study Tour of ASEAN Finance & Banking Officials to Financial and Banking Institution in Japan	X		X				ASEAN Secretariat/ COFAB-ITS	Japan	Japan	The project was derived from 2 project proposals: Visiting Tour for Senior-Level ASEAN Finance Officers on Finance & Banking Management in Japan and Study Tour at the Export-Import Bank of Japan. The revised project proposal has been finalized and brought up to the Meeting of the ASEAN Representatives to the JACPP Committee in July 1990. It was noted that member countries are still considering the project.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
16. Attachment Programme for ASEAN Insurance Supervisory Staff to Japan	X		X					Japan	Japan	Later on, the 5th Meeting of the 23rd ASC approved this project for funding under the JACPP. Project proposal was agreed by COFAB in January 1990 for JACPP funding and tabled at the Meeting of the ASEAN Representatives to the JACPP Committee in July 1990. It was noted that member countries are still considering the project.
17. ASEAN Customs Institute for Training and Research (ACITAR)		X	X					Japan	Malaysia	The project proposal was approved by COFAB in May 1990 and endorsed by the ASC in June 1990 for submission to Japan. The next ASEAN-Japan Forum will be in September 1990.
18. Visiting Tour for Senior Level ASEAN Finance Officers on Finance and Banking Management in New Zealand	X					X		New Zealand	New Zealand	The 17th COFAB Meeting in June 1989 agreed to withdraw the project from the ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue since this project could not be accommodated under the TIPP.
19. Training of ASEAN Tax Officials in the Auditing of Computerized Accounting Records of Business Organizations	X					X		New Zealand	Thailand	The 18th COFAB Meeting in May 1990 agreed to drop this proposal from New Zealand and to submit it instead to US. The 4th Meeting of the 23rd ASC in July 1990 approved this project for funding by the US.
20. Study Visit for Staff on ASEAN Insurance Commissioners Offices at Insurance Council of New Zealand, Insurance Institute of New Zealand, Insurance Institute of New Zealand and Leading Life and Non-Life Insurance Companies	X		X					New Zealand	New Zealand	The project was submitted at 10th ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue Meeting in May 1990. Both sides considered the project to be priority for implementation upon the completion of the IILP and TIPP. However, it will be reconsidered at the next Dialogue meeting.
21. ASEAN-US Cooperation in Insurance: Attachment Programme for Insurance Supervisory Staff	X		X					USA	USA	The project was endorsed by the ASC in March 1990 for submission to the US. Prior to the ASEAN-US Dialogue Meeting in September '90, USAID informed that the project could be

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E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
22. Technical Assistance in Computerization of Tax Administration Operations	X		X					USA	Thailand	considered as part of PITO project. The project would be further developed by the Asian Institute of Technology (AIT) in collaboration with ASEAN and supported with funds under the HRD Programme. However, with the current study of the US Development Cooperation Programme, HRD funds for this project have been withheld pending the result of this policy reorientation. In May 1990, COFAB noted that USAID/ASEAN funds were not available for the project.
23. An Observation Tour on Customs Enforcement on Narcotics Control	X				X			USA	New Zealand	The project was referred to the office of International Narcotics Matters (INM), State Department. It was completed with the holding of a Regional Conference on Narcotics Interdiction in Wellington, May 1988.
24. Access to US Capital Market: Seminar on The Future of Financial Markets in the ASEAN Region	X		X					USA	USA	To be organized by the US-ASEAN Centre for Technology Exchange (CTE), its consideration was postponed pending clarification of future programme directions. In May 1990, COFAB received initial response from USAID that this project could be considered as part of PITO project.
25. The US Tax Transfer Pricing Audit Programme	X		X					USA	Thailand	Project proposal had been approved by the ASC in June 1990 and forwarded to the US through ASEAN Thailand. Recently, on 8 August 1990, the US informed that funding for this seminar is not available.
26. Study on ASEAN Financial and Banking System: Structure and Prospects (Phase II)		X		X			UNCTAD/COFAB	UNDP	ASEAN member countries	Project document was signed in June 1987 and the work of the project started in July 1989. Report of the country studies are expected to be finalized by December 1990.

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2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
27. Seminar on Mobilization of ASEAN Domestic Resources.		X			X		UNCTAD/COFAB	UNDP	Thailand/Malaysia	Project document signed in January 1987. Three seminars were planned and two already held in Bangkok and Phuket in June 1987 and Febury 1988. The third and last one was held in Malaysia in January 1989.
28. Training of Supervisory Staff for ASEAN Insurance Commissions		X		X			UNCTAD/AICs	UNDP	ASEAN member countries	The project has started since 1985 under the Third UNDP ICP (1982-1986) and extended to the Fourth cycle (1987-1991) with series of training courses held in ASEAN member countries during 1989-1991. So far, three training courses have been conducted as scheduled.
29. Assistance to ASEAN COFAB in Customs Training and Development		X		X			CCC/UNCTAD/COFAB	UNDP	ASEAN member countries	Five seminars were planned for 1988-1990, three already conducted during 1988 and 1989. A Tripartite Review Meeting was held on 2 February '90 in Manila in conjunction with Trade Facilitation Meeting, indicated that the project is well advanced with satisfactory result.
30. Training of ASEAN Officials on Financial Policy and Institutional Management for Better Access to External Resources from Transnational Banks and Corporations		X		X			UNCTC	UNDP	ASEAN member countries	Two workshops and four training courses were planned for 1989-1991 and so far three activities have been conducted as scheduled, namely: Workshop on Negotiating with TNB's in February '89, Training Course on Financial Institution Management and Supervision in July '89, and Workshop on Foreign Exchange Policies & Management in March 1990.
31. The Use of ASEAN Currencies for Intra-ASEAN Investment by Member Countries		X	X				ESCAP/COFAB	UNDP	ASEAN member countries	Project document completed and approved by AEM and ASC. The project has been already submitted for UNDP consideration in the 4th UNDP-ICP. However, as the total UNDP allocation for the current cycle has been fully programmed it would be considered in the next Cycle.

A - Category of Projects
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E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
32. Study Tour on GATT Customs Valuation Code	X		X					ROK	ROK	The project proposal was submitted to the First ASEAN-ROK JSCC in August 1990 and was agreed for implementation during Fy '90.

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E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY (C O F A F)

ASEAN cooperation in the field of food, agriculture and forestry has achieved considerable progress, under the coordination of the ASEAN Committee on Food, Agriculture and Forestry (COFAF). Programmes implemented by COFAF and its subsidiary bodies are geared toward promoting further development of food, agriculture and forestry sectors within the overall framework of economic growth, social progress and cultural development in the region. The common thread which binds ASEAN together is the willingness to develop and share technology which will improve the livelihood of ASEAN farmers in particular and the overall population in general.

2 ASEAN have agreed on agricultural policies of common interest and cooperated in the field of crops, livestock, fisheries, forestry and food handling. There has been common understanding on the need to improve the agricultural output by upgrading the farming methods, post harvest technology, food safety techniques and by developing new markets.

3 The 11th AMAF Meeting, held in Singapore, 9-11 November 1989, had approved a new direction taken by COFAF to involve the private sector in ASEAN development projects so that project findings could be translated into viable and profitable commercial ventures.

Cooperation in Crops

4 The ASEAN-COFAF, Coordinating Group on Crops (CGC), held its Ninth Meeting in Jakarta, Indonesia, 25-27 July 1989. In order to strengthen the existing cooperation, the Coordinating Group agreed to develop the following project proposals for future activities.

- i. Unifying the use of Soil Taxonomy within ASEAN countries as an integrated approach

in Rehabilitation and Reclamation of critical slopелands;

- ii. ASEAN collaborative research in Rainfed Agriculture;
- iii. Development of ASEAN Seed Industry as a vital support to Agriculture Production;
- iv. ASEAN Benchmark Sites Network for Agrotechnology Transfer (ABSNT); and
- v. ASEAN Network on Germplasm Exchange Programme.

5 After reviewing its overall activities and the present difficulties in acquiring the third party funding for regional projects, the CGC agreed that to facilitate the implementation of future projects, the proposals be classified as follows :-

- i. Projects for third party funding, in which the need, trends and priorities of third parties and ASEAN be determined more accurately; and
- ii. Project as ASEAN networks, in which funding should be generated from ASEAN own source through network of existing institution within the respective member countries.

6 As for the role of private sector in enhancing the cooperation in crops, the CGC agreed that future ASEAN Orchid Congress and ASEAN Soil Conferences be gradually organized by the private sector while ASEAN governments assist in guidance and facilitation.

7 The CGC also proposed the possible practical cooperation with the private sector as a result of preliminary discussion with representatives from the Working Group on Food, Agriculture and Forestry (WGFAP) of the ASEAN Chamber of

□ COOPERATION IN FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

Commerce and Industry (ASEAN-CCI) and the Horticulture Working Group of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on Food Handling, in the following field:

- i. Standardization of ASEAN Quarantine procedure for export to minimize Quarantine Barriers, that will be followed up by ASEAN PLANTI.
- ii. The study on supply and demand for tropical crops.

Cooperation in Fisheries

8 Various programmes and activities were carried out smoothly during the period under review, including the following :-

- i. Training in Monitoring, Control and Surveillance of Fisheries in Exclusive Economic Zones (EEZ) in ASEAN countries. The ASEAN project manager started his assignment in March 1990. The project will assist in the designing and implementation of monitoring, control and surveillance systems for the management of fisheries in the EEZs of the ASEAN countries. The project headquarters is in Jakarta, Indonesia.
- ii. Regional Small-Scale Coastal Fisheries Development Project. This project is an

extension of the main phase which commenced on 7 September 1987. The project phase II document was signed by the Secretary-General of ASEAN Secretariat in December 1989, covering the period of two years with additional fund from UNDP of US\$ 320,000. The main objectives of the project is to improve the socio-economic conditions of the small scale fisheries sector. This will be achieved through manpower training at all levels (technicians, administrators, fisherman, fishfarmers, and women) to strengthen the technical and practical capabilities of the small scale fishery sector. The project headquarters is in Manila, the Philippines.

- iii. ASEAN-EEC Aquaculture Development and Coordination Programme (AADCP). The objective of the project is to promote the development of aquaculture in ASEAN through strengthening applied research, development and training services throughout the region. Donor (EEC) and host (ASEAN) funds of ECU 6.8 Million (US\$ 7.5 Million) and ECU 3.6 Million (US\$ 4 Million) are available for this project. The five practical components which were commenced since early 1990, coordinated by Project Coordination Office in Bangkok, Thailand and their participating twin institutes are as follows :-

COMPONENT	WORK TOPIC	TWIN ASEAN-EEC INSTITUTES
1.	Assessment methodology and environmental impact studies for brackishwater aquaculture	Brackishwater Aquaculture Development Centre (BADC) Jepara, Indonesia and France-Aquaculture, France.
2.	Assessment methodology and resource management for fisheries in lakes and reservoirs	Freshwater Fisheries Research Institute (FFRI) Melaka, Malaysia and Department of Fish Culture and Fisheries, Wageningen Agriculture University, Netherlands.
3.	Technology verification, improvement of training ability, and training in	National Freshwater Fisheries Technology Research Centre (NFFTRC), brackishwater and Munoz and National Brackishwater freshwater Aquaculture Technology Research Centre (NBATRC), Pagiblaon, Philippines and France-Aquaculture, in conjunction with IFREMER, France and Ittica Valdagri, Italy.

□ COOPERATION IN FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 4. | Fish and shrimp nutrition and the development of feeds, with special emphasis on the small farmers | Marine Aquaculture Section Primary Production Department, Changi Point, Singapore and IFREMER, France. |
| 5. | Fish and crustacean genetics, with special emphasis on gene emphasis on gene manipulation and population genetics | National Aquaculture Genetics Institute (NAGI) Bangkok, Thailand, and Institute of Aquaculture, University of Stirling, United Kingdom. |

9 The private sector participation in fisheries cooperation in ASEAN was also encouraging. During the Tenth Meeting of the ASEAN-COFAF Coordinating Group on Fisheries, in Kuala Lumpur, 25-27 July 1989, the representatives of the ASEAN Fisheries Consultative Body (AFCB) informed that the private sector forum decided to change its name into ASEAN Fisheries Federation (AFF). The first and second Council Meetings of the AFF were held in Bangkok from 9-11 October 1989 and in Jakarta in 1990 respectively. The Council agreed to carry out, among others, the following activities :

- i. to set up a working group to consider the establishment of an ASEAN Fisheries Corporation.
- ii. to explore means of improving and transferring technology in the processing industry, to encourage modernisation of the fishery industry and to promote value added processing.

Cooperation in Livestock

10 During the period under review, the ASEAN Poultry Disease Research and Training Centre (APDRTC) was continuously making satisfactory progress. The Coordinating Group on Livestock (CGL) in its 12th Meeting, held in Bangkok, Thailand, 27-28 July 1989 adopted the amended proposal for an extension of the duration of Technical Cooperation on APDRTC beyond 1991. This proposal was approved by COFAF, at its Nineteenth Meeting on 22-25 August 1989, and submitted for approval of the ASEAN Standing Committee so that it could be tabled at the 12th Meeting of the ASEAN-Japan Forum. In order to better complement the existing facilities of APDRTC, CGL also agreed that Japan be requested to favourably consider the project proposal on

"Upgrading of National Poultry Disease Diagnostic Laboratories in ASEAN Countries".



The Building of ASEAN Poultry Disease Research and Training Centre (APDRTC), VRI, Ipoh, Malaysia



11 The 13th Meeting of the ASEAN Animal Protection Programme, held in Bangkok, Thailand on 26-27 July 1989, agreed among others to enhance the implementation of ASEAN Declaration of Specific Animal Disease Free Zone. Within this context, an ASEAN Study Team coordinated by

□ COOPERATION IN FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

Singapore visited Indonesia between 10-24 June 1990, to evaluate Indonesia's application to declare the whole country as a FMD Free Zone.

12 Other application that will be considered at the 13th Meeting of the CGL, are as follows :

- i. the application from the Philippines to declare the island provinces of Batanes, Bohol, Siquijor, Basilan, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi as FMD Free Zone; and
- ii. the application from Thailand to declare the Eastern and Southern Regions of Thailand as FMD Free Zone.

Cooperation in Forestry

13 In August 1989 the ASEAN-COFAF Coordinating Group on Forestry (CGFo) held a special meeting in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The main agenda was to discuss matters related to Anti-Tropical Timber Campaign being waged by NGOs from certain industrialised nations. This Meeting laid down an ASEAN Plan of Action to counter the Anti-Tropical Timber Campaign.

14 ASEAN Institute of Forestry Management (AIFM) and ASEAN Timber Technology Centre (ATTC) were given the task to coordinate the activities to counter the Anti-Tropical Timber Campaign from scientific and forestry management points of view, while Indonesia was assigned to lead the campaign and despatch an ASEAN Ministerial delegation to the major consuming areas in 1990. Subsequent to this, an ASEAN Seminar on the Management of Tropical Forest for Sustainable Development was organized in Jakarta, on 24-25 January 1990. This Seminar was attended by international experts on tropical forest as well as experts on global environment. The discussion among others reiterated that environmental degradation caused by tropical forest erosion was far less compared to those caused by industrial pollution. However, it was admitted that proper management of tropical forest in ASEAN countries should be continuously promoted.

15 Other activities in the year under review also progressed well. The ASEAN-US Watershed Project ended in December 1989. The Project Steer-

ing Committee recommended that this activity be continued under ASEAN's own support.

16 The ASEAN-Canada Forest Tree Seed Centre entered its second phase which will assist in the implementation and operation of a Research and Development Programme. Further contribution of C\$ 8.79 million has been agreed by CIDA.

17 On the ASEAN Institute of Forest Management (AIFM), Canada has prepared a management plan for phase II of the project which will be discussed at the next meeting of the Project Steering Committee in Kuching, Malaysia on 26-28 July 1990.

18 The ASEAN Timber Technology Centre in Kuala Lumpur completed a resource evaluation and utilization of logging waste in South East Asia, based on three case studies in October 1989. This Centre performed its activities according to the Financing Agreement with EC. It is now seeking ways and means to be able to contribute significantly from its own resources to project costs beginning 1990.

Cooperation in Food Handling

19 The year under review was marked by completion stage of various cooperation in food handling activities. Under the ASEAN-Australia Economic Cooperation Programme, Phase I of the food handling project have successfully resulted in the final reports on Grain Projects, Horticulture Projects, Fish Projects and Livestock Projects.

20 The 26th Meeting of the Sub-Committee on Food Handling (SCFOH), held in Chiang Mai, Thailand, 21-24 November 1989 agreed to continue Phase II of the food handling project which was renamed ASEAN-Australia Post Harvest Systems Improvement Project (AAPSIP). A Pre Feasibility Study had been conducted by AIDAB's team in March 1990 to develop a five year programme that would contribute towards further improvement of post harvest technology and food safety within the region.

21 Under the ASEAN-EEC regional collaborative programme on grains post harvest technology, research components on drying, milling and bulk

□ COOPERATION IN FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

handling and storage were also completed successfully.

22 Various training components were also completed, covering the following fields :-

- i. Strengthening of national training centres for grain post harvest technology;
- ii. Regional training course on grain post harvest technology;
- iii. National short courses on grain post harvest technology in Thailand; and
- iv. University training on grain post harvest technology in Malaysia, Philippines and Thailand.

ASEAN Food Security Reserve (AFSR)

23 The food situation in the ASEAN region in the year under review was generally satisfactory due to the sustained efforts by member countries to increase their food production especially rice. Most member countries have gained a favourable increase in their food production and/or food reserve. As a result, release of supply from the ASEAN Emergency Rice Reserve has never been necessary since its inception in 1981.

24 The 10th Meeting of the ASEAN Food Security Reserve Board, held in Malacca, Malaysia, 6-7 December 1989 agreed to continue AFSR study project in order to determine the most optimal level of the ASEAN Emergency Rice Reserve and to develop an effective regional early warning system on food security, to enable the formulation of policies and programmes for an effective and manageable ASEAN food security reserve system. The project shall subject to the availability of fund be implemented by the ASEAN Agricultural Development Planning Centre (ASEAN ADPC) located in Bangkok, Thailand in close collaboration with the Secretariat of AFSR Board and concerned agencies of all ASEAN member countries.

25 The ASEAN Grain Post-Harvest Programme (AGPP) under the supervision of AFSR Board has already been in operation for two years. From 15 July 1989 to 14 July 1990, the AGPP has imple-

mented the following Regional activities to meet the current needs of the ASEAN grain postharvest workers : (1) Training Course on Mycotoxin Prevention and Control; (2) Workshop on Grain Post harvest Research Project Management; (3) Workshop on Priorities for Action in Grain Postharvest Research and Development in the ASEAN Region; and (4) Workshop on Current Trends in Integrated Pest Management in Grain Storage. To provide a venue for information exchange among grain post-harvest workers of varied interest, the AGPP held its yearly activity of Technical Seminar Presentation where twenty-seven papers and several posters were presented with about 100 delegates worldwide attended.

26 Included in the AGPP's workplan is supporting country projects in each ASEAN country which are being implemented by the respective ASEAN national agencies. AGPP had also circulated the ASEAN Postharvest Quarterly newsletter for July, October 1989 and January and April 1990 and the 10th ASEAN Technical Seminar Proceedings.

Sharing of Training and Extension Resources

27 The main purpose of ASEAN cooperation in sharing of Training and Extension Resources is to help promote socio-economic growth with equity, by enhancing the effectiveness of agricultural and rural development programmes of ASEAN members, through inter country cooperation in sharing and strengthening of development support communication (DSC) resources.

28 The Thirteenth Meeting of the Council of ASEAN Directors of Extension (CADEX) held in Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam, 8-10 August 1989 agreed to further strengthen the national Development Support Communication (DSC) capabilities of respective ASEAN member countries and endorsed the proposal for the establishment of the Centre of Excellence for DSC to be located in Serdang, Malaysia, utilising the facilities of the Centre for Extension and continuing education at University Pertanian Malaysia and the Agriculture Extension Training Institute (AETI) of the Department of Agriculture.

29 CADEX also noted that the project of ASEAN-UNDP sharing and strengthening of Development

□ COOPERATION IN FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

Support Communication resources in ASEAN had been progressing satisfactory and would achieve its objective within its two year implementation period. In order to sustain and capitalise on the momentum gained thus far, CADEX agreed to submit a proposal on Phase II of the aforesaid project, which focuses on the institutionalisation of a self sustaining ASEAN DSC Network involving extension organizations and universities and the strengthening of the DSC capabilities in the agricultural extension system of member countries.

30 The Phase I of this project ended on 30 April 1990, and the Phase II is expected to be covered by Fifth Cycle of UNDP assistance programme which will start in January 1992.

31 Other important development during the year under review was the recommendation of the workshop on Agricultural Cooperative, which was held on 18-21 July 1989, particularly the proposal on the setting up of the ASEAN Centre for the Development of Agricultural Cooperative (ACEDAC). While extension provides the mechanism for the transfer of technology to farmers, the cooperative would provide the organizational structure for commercialising the rural farm sector. The 11th Meeting of AMAF agreed that Indonesia would host the Centre.

ASEAN Agricultural Development Planning Centre (ADPC)

32 In the year under review the ASEAN ADPC was continuously making satisfactory progress in conducting the training programmes and policy analysis studies. More than 30 participants attended the short term (Micro Group) training programme related to agricultural development planning and about 27 participants attended the long term course (Technical Group) leading to MS Degree in Agricultural Economics. In policy analysis studies, the Centre conducted 2 workshops on important topics, namely : rural development and utilization of national forests; and produced workshop reports and country policy papers on these topics.

33 In cooperation with UNDP/FAO, the Centre also completed the activities under the Assistance on Agricultural Project Formulation, Monitoring and Evaluation in the ASEAN (APFME), the main activities of which consist of :

- i. comparative advantage study on selected feedcrop and livestock production system in the agricultural producing ASEAN countries;
- ii. training of trainers in agricultural investment project planning;
- iii. fellowship training on agricultural project formulation, monitoring and evaluation for two sessions and 10 participants from COFAF subsidiary bodies; and
- iv. updating of the Inventory of ASEAN-COFAF projects and actions.

34 The Eleventh Meeting of the Board of Planners of the ASEAN Agricultural Development Planning Centre, held in Bangkok, Thailand, 5-8 August 1989, agreed among others to support Phase II of the APFME project for submission to UNDP. Due to financial constraint on the part of UNDP, Phase II could only be considered under the Fifth Programme Cycle funding which will be started in January 1992.

35 The implementation of the FAO assisted project on "Training in Computer Programming for project Analysis (DASI), will soon be started after the signing of the TCP agreement between FAO and Thailand on behalf of ASEAN.

36 On the issue of possible financial problem faced by ADPC after the termination of phase II (1987/88 - 1991/92) assistance from USAID, the Board of Planners agreed that several sources of funding be explored in order to avoid total dependence on a single donor institution, through securing possible funding by project component basis, as well as including the support from the private sector.

<input type="checkbox"/> COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
FOOD										
1. Food Security Reserve		X		X			Indonesia		ASEAN	No release of supply from the present level of 53.000 tonnes of the ASEAN Emergency Rice Reserve (AERR) since its inception in 1981. COFAP agreed to ARSRB proposed AFSR Study project in order to determine the most optimal level of the AERR and to develop an effective regional early warning system on food security to be financed by third party.
2. ASEAN Grain Post Harvest Programme (AGPP)		X		X			Thailand	Canada	ASEAN	The workplan and budget for 1990/91 approved by the PSC at its 2nd Meeting held in Malacca, 4-5 December 1989 The workplan includes one year studies on the Grain Post Harvest Research & Development as a new undertaking under regional activities. In line with the changes in the budget allocation, Canada informed that only the MGC would be revised.
3. Food Handling Project		X	X				Thailand as Chairman of Sub-Committee of Food Handling (SCOFH)	Australia	ASEAN	The activities of the Food Handling Project under AAACP I has been completed in December 1989. A pre feasibility study had been conducted by AIDAB's team in March 1990 for phase II of the FHP project which was renamed ASEAN Australia Post Harvest Improvement Project (AAPSIP). The team proposed the TOR for the Feasibility Study Team which comprise an Australian team leader, two Australian (specialist) and two ASEAN specialists.
AGRICULTURE										
4. ASEAN-EC Regional Collaborative Programmes on Grains Post Harvest Technology		X		X			Working Group on Grains of SCOFH	EC	ASEAN	The EC approved the extension of the project until the end of December 1990 for the remaining activities.
A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term			B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn				C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location			

COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
5. APDC		X		X			Thailand	USA & FAO	Bangkok, Thailand	US assistance will terminated in May 1992. Technical cooperation agreement between FAO and Thailand on behalf of ASEAN had been signed in April 1990 for implementation of project activities on "Training in Computer Programming for Project Analysis."
6. PLANTI		X		X			Malaysia	USA	Serdang.	US assistance will terminated in September 1992. In collaboration with the Katholieke University at Leuven Belgium, 2 short courses had conducted concerning "The Soil Disinfestation techniques and safe use of pesticides" and "The detection and identification of plant pathogens".
7. Agricultural Project Formulation, Monitoring and Evaluation		X	X				Board of Planners APDC	UNDP	Bangkok, Thailand	Phase I of project activities completed in November 1989 COFAF supported a phase II of APFME project for submission to UNDP.
8. Sharing and Strengthening Development Support Communication Resources in ASEAN		X	X				Indonesia	UNDP	Jakarta, Indonesia	The phase I of the project terminated in April 1990. In order to sustain and capitalise on the momentum gained thus far, COFAF endorses CADEX Proposal on Phase II of the aforesaid project, which focussed on the institutionalisation of self sustaining ASEAN DSC network involving extension organizations, universities and the strengthening of the DSC capabilities in the agricultural extension system of member countries.
9. ASEAN Centre for the Development of Agricultural Cooperatives (ACEDAC)		X	X				Indonesia		Jakarta, Indonesia	ASEAN Workshop on Agricultural Cooperative which was held in Jakarta, Indonesia on July 18-21, 1989 agreed to recommend the establishment of the ASEAN Centre for the Development of Agricultural Cooperative (ACEDAC). The 11th Meeting of AMAF agreed that Indonesia will host the Centre.

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D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
FORESTRY										
10. Forest Tree Seed Centre		X		X			Thailand	Canada	Bangkok	The 2nd phase of the project has been implemented since the assignment of the Canadian project manager in October 1989 with the main activities in research & development of feasible technologies in the forest tree seed.
11. ASEAN - US Watershed Project		X		X			Philippines	USA	Los Banos, Laguna Philippines	The project activities under US assistance terminated in December 1989. COFAF-CGfo is still considering the project to be continued under ASEAN own support.
12. ASEAN Institute of Forest Management (AIFM)		X		X			Malaysia	Canada	Kuala Lumpur	Phase I (1986-91) of the project has been progressing satisfactorily with the main activities in training, research and development on forest inventory, planning and management. The project proposal for Phase II had been conveyed to Canada for further assistance beyond 1991.
13. ASEAN Timber Technology Centre		X		X			Malaysia	EC	Kuala Lumpur	The Centre had completed study on resource evaluation & utilization of logging waste in South East Asia, by October 1989. The workplan supplementation that emphasize the ATTC effort to contribute the project cost with its own resources approved by PSC at the 8th Meeting on 27-28 November 1989. The main activities of the project consist of research and training in the timber technology. The proposal phase II was endorsed by the 14th CGfo Meeting in June 1990.
14. Forest for Rural Community Development Centre		X	X				Indonesia		Java, Indonesia	Indonesia as project coordinator is still exploring the possible third country funding for the project.
15. ASEAN Timber Bureau		X	X				Malaysia		to be determined	Malaysia is still exploring the possible third party funding for the project.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
16. ASEAN Rattan Regeneration Centre		X	X				Indonesia		South Kalimantan, Indonesia	The first meeting of PSC held in Jakarta on 25-28 July 1989, agreed on the program activities for 1989/1990. The initial activities to establish the centre was financed by Indonesia. Possible third country funding is being explored.
17. ASEAN Forest Protection Centre		X	X				Philippines		Philippines	The project proposal was approved by the 19th COFAF Meeting and submitted to Japan at the 11th ASEAN-Japan Forum in October 1989 for funding. The Country Coordinator was requested to seek definite response from Japan.
18. Training Programme in Rattan & Bamboo Production and Harvesting Technology	X		X				Philippines		Laguna, Philippines	The project proposal was approved by the 19th COFAF Meeting and submitted to Japan at the 11th ASEAN-Japan Forum in October 1989 for funding. The Country Coordinator was requested to seek definite response from Japan.
LIVESTOCK										
19. Dairy Development Training Programme	X			X			Malaysia	New Zealand	Waikato, New Zealand	The third course on Dairy Technology had been conducted in University Waikato, New Zealand from 26 January - 24 February 1990.
20. ASEAN Poultry Disease Research and Training Centre		X		X			Malaysia	Japan	Ipoh, Malaysia	COFAF agreed to request an extension of the Technical Cooperation for the project beyond 1991, to be submitted to the next 12th ASEAN-Japan Forum after ASC approval. To complement existing facilities of APDRTC Japan was also requested to consider the project proposal on "Upgrading of National Poultry Disease Diagnostic Laboratories in ASEAN Countries". Japan responded that they would await the result of the APDRTC before embarking the proposal.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
21. Veterinary Administration Development Programme (VADP)		X		X			Malaysia	New Zealand	Malaysia	The project was completed in June 1988. At the 19th ASEAN New Zealand Dialogue in May 1990 the extension of the project was included in the overplanning category. To assess the effectiveness of the workshops, a detailed evaluation will be conducted jointly by ASEAN and New Zealand.
FISHERIES										
22. ASEAN Aquaculture Development and Coordinating Programmes (AADCP)		X		X			Thailand	EC	Bangkok, Thailand	The AADCP consolidated workplan and budget for 1990 approved by PSC at its 1st Meeting on 14 - 15 November 1989. The five practical components which were commenced since early 1990, coordinated by project coordination office in Bangkok, Thailand.
23. ASEAN-Canada Fisheries Post-Harvest Technology Phase II		X	X				Singapore	Canada	Singapore	A Special Meeting of the PSC was held in Manila, from 30 Nov-1 Dec 1989 to finalize the MOU and Management Plan. The project will be commenced after the signing of MOU between Brunei Darussalam on behalf of ASEAN and Canada.
24. Marine Resources Assessment in the ASEAN Region		X	X				Thailand	EC	ASEAN	The project implementation is still pending due to the problem of differential treatment.
25. Regional Small-Scale Coastal Fisheries Development		X		X			Philippines	UNDP/FAO	Philippines	UNDP agreed the extension of the project until the year 1991 with additional fund of US\$ 320,000. The project activities will be focussed on the manpower training to strengthen the technical and practical capabilities in Small Scale Fishery. Workshop on "The Assessment of the contribution of Women in Post Harvest and Processing of Fish and Fishery Product" will be held in Manila in October 1990.

A - Category of Projects
1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
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2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
26. Monitoring, Control and Surveillance of Fisheries in EEZ of ASEAN Countries		X		X			Indonesia	UNDP/FAO	ASEAN	The ASEAN project coordinator started his assignment in March 1990 and the workplan for 1990 has been developed.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
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C - Project Coordinator
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E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY (COIME)

The 33rd Meeting of the ASEAN Committee on Industry, Minerals and Energy (COIME) was held in Kuala Lumpur on 23-25 May 1990.

2 The Meeting was held as part of the regular review by COIME of the various cooperative programmes being implemented by ASEAN in the field of industry, minerals and energy.

3 The Meeting was held against the back-drop of two ASEAN Economic Ministers' (AEM) decisions: that the approval process for proposed AIJV projects has been slow and that the Basic Agreement on ASEAN Industrial Joint Venture (BAAIJV) be reviewed in order to expedite this approval process; and that Senior Economic Officials take a bold and innovative approach in addressing the issues facing the region.

4 During the Meeting, preliminary discussions were held on the provisions of the BAAIJV which could be improved. COIME also approved proposals to extend the deadline for the 60% non-ASEAN

equity participation in AIJV beyond 1990. Some views were also exchanged on measures that were needed to be taken to encourage investment through industrial preferential schemes.

ASEAN Industrial Projects (AIPs)

5 On the ASEAN Industrial Projects (AIPs), the Meeting noted the following progress:

a) ASEAN Urea Project (Indonesia)

6 Total production of urea during the first three months of 1990 reached a total of 163,245 MT or 28.64% of the design capacity.

7 Sale registered a volume of 153,232 MT at the average selling price of US\$105/MT (compared to the average selling price during 1989 of US\$ 109/MT).

8 Urea production was sold to the following countries:

	Off take in 1989	Off take in 1990 Jan - March
Indonesia	120,874 MT (19.7%)	24,563 MT (16.0%)
Malaysia	119,468 MT (19.5%)	39,566 MT (25.8%)
Philippines	145,000 MT (23.7%)	10,872 MT (7.1%)
Thailand	83,784 MT (13.7%)	41,956 MT (27.4%)
Singapore	1,092 MT (0.2%)	—
Total ASEAN	470,218 MT (76.8%)	116,957 MT (76.3%)
Non ASEAN	141,322 MT (23.2%)	36,275 MT (23.7%)
Total	611,540 MT (100%)	153,232 MT (100%)

□ COOPERATION IN INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

9 The projected volume of production and sale up to December 1990 of urea is at 627,000 MT and 15,000 MT of Ammonia, and the urea selling price is projected at the average price of US\$ 110/MT FOB Bulk and the Ammonia price at US\$ 85/MT FOB.

b) ASEAN Urea Project (Malaysia)

10 During the period under review, production volume of urea was 530,371 MT and that of Ammonia at 338,590 MT. This represents an increase of 3.8% for urea and 2.0% for ammonia from the previous year's production of 511,139 MT and 332,037 MT respectively. The increase in production output was due to higher plant capacity factor at 105% and 109.7% for ammonia and urea respectively.

11 During the period under review, sale volume of urea and ammonia was 550,326 MT and 34,443 MT respectively, representing an increase of 8.9% and 38.6% as compared against the previous year's sale volume of 505,290 and 24,852 MT. Meanwhile, the average price of granular urea obtained by ABF was US\$127.5 per MT, compared to US\$137.5 per MT recorded in the previous year. The price obtained during the year was generally higher than that of average world urea price of US\$106.90 per MT. Similarly, the price of ammonia recorded was marginally higher than that of the average world ammonia price averaging US\$ 130.20 per MT compared to US\$124.70 per MT in the previous year.

12 On the whole, ASEAN countries became major importers of the company's product, with 56.1% of the urea made during the period sold to these countries and this represents an increase of 1.7% as compared against that of the same period of the previous year. Australia on the other hand continued to become the company's major importer of granular urea outside the ASEAN countries.

13 The company has also continued to sell surplus ammonia in small lot shipments, at competitive prices, to several companies in Malaysia, Thailand and the Philippines.

Breakdown of Urea Sale by Country (12 months period from April 1989 to March 1990)

ASEAN	MT	%
Malaysia	72,486	13.2
Thailand	<u>236,103</u>	<u>42.9</u>
Sub-Total	<u>308,590</u>	<u>56.1</u>
Non-ASEAN	MT	%
Australia	167,004	30.3
Japan	13,597	2.5
China	21,363	3.9
United Kingdom	17,659	3.2
France	21,914	4.0
S. Korea	<u>200</u>	<u>0.05</u>
Sub-total	<u>241,737</u>	<u>43.95</u>
T o t a l	<u><u>550,320</u></u>	<u><u>100.05</u></u>

c) ASEAN Copper Fabrication Project (Philippines)

14 The possibility of starting the project is now being examined following the signing of a Protocol of Understanding between the Philippines and Japan in October 1989. The Board of Directors of the Project had been appraised of the proposal to invite Japanese investment in the project.

d) ASEAN Industrial Project for Singapore

15 Following its withdrawal of the approved AIP, Singapore is in the process of identifying a substitute AIP.

e) ASEAN Potash Mining Project (Thailand)

16 The 21st Meeting of the ASEAN Economic Ministers (AEM) held in Bandar Seri Begawan on 30 November - 1 December 1989 had approved Thailand's proposed ASEAN Potash Mining Project to replace the Rock Salt-Soda-Ash Project as its new AIP.

□ COOPERATION IN INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

17 The 33rd COIME Meeting agreed that member countries are satisfied with the viability of the project and that the project could commence. The Meeting also agreed that Brunei Darussalam should already be considered as a participant to the ASEAN Potash Project although it is not yet a signatory to the Basic Agreement on the AIP.

18 The First Meeting of Shareholders of the Project was held on 9-10 July 1990 in Bangkok where all the six ASEAN member countries agreed to become the shareholders.

ASEAN Industrial Joint Venture (AIJV)

19 The 33rd Meeting of COIME reviewed the progress of approved AIJVs and, noting the very little progress was being made on the implementation of Constant Velocity Joints and Various Automotive Lamps, agreed to withdraw these products from the Final List of AIJV products without prejudice to their being proposed for AIJV listing in the future.

20 On the Tentative List, Phenol and Nylon Tire Cord still await participation from another ASEAN country.

21 On the Pre-Approved List, the ASEAN Economic Ministers have agreed to the inclusion of the following products in the List:

- a) X-ray including radiotherapy apparatus;
- b) Unwrought zinc;
- c) Pressure gauges, thermostats, level gauges and the like;
- d) Parts and accessories for measuring, checking instruments;
- e) Tyre Cord Fabrics of Continuous Synthetic Textile Materials;
- f) Complete digital central processing machines; and
- g) Unwrought aluminum.

Brand-to-Brand Complementation (BBC) under the ASEAN Industrial Complementation (AIC)

22 The 33rd COIME Meeting approved the BBC Scheme for Nissan Motor Co. Ltd. between Malaysia and Thailand on the Model Nissan Sentra/Sunny (B11). The Meeting also approved the Nissan BBC Scheme on the Model Nissan Sentra/Sunny (B13) among Malaysia, the Philippines and Thailand,

subject to the replacement of those parts removed from the proposed schedule on exports from the Philippines to Malaysia.

23 Additional BBC Schemes proposed by Mitsubishi Motor Corporation (MMC), Mercedes Benz and Volvo are awaiting additional information from the proponents.

Cooperation in Minerals

24 There has not been substantial progress in the implementation of the 14 approved projects under the ASEAN Minerals Cooperation Plan.

25 In view of this, the Experts Group Meeting on Minerals will meet in Bandung in October 1990 with the following terms of reference:

- a) To review the status of the approved projects taking into account the financial and physical commitments of the participating countries to the project.
- b) To consider the new project proposals and prioritize the same according to the criteria adopted by the 32nd COIME Meeting for the selection of projects to be endorsed.
- c) To look into bold and innovative approaches to ASEAN minerals cooperation.

ASEAN Industrial Standardization Program

26 The 33rd COIME Meeting noted the interest expressed by the Working Group on Industrial Cooperation (WGIC) of the ASEAN-CCI on the ASEAN Industrial Standardization Programme and agreed that the private sector should actively participate in the Programme. In this connection, the Meeting requested Thailand, as Programme Coordinator, to inform the WGIC of the progress of the Programme and to request WGIC to invite ISQAP representatives to attend their Meetings.

27 The 33rd COIME Meeting approved the full participation of Brunei Darussalam and Singapore in the programme and requested the two countries to officially inform Thailand of their respective focal points.

Energy Cooperation

28 The 8th Meeting of the ASEAN Economic Ministers on Energy Cooperation was convened in Kuala Lumpur on 22-23 June 1989.

□ COOPERATION IN INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

29 This Meeting approved new Terms of Reference which will guide the future activities of the ASEAN Experts Group on Coal (AEGC) and the Action Plan on the Commercial Application of New and Renewable Sources of Energy (NRSE) Technologies.

30 At the 7th Meeting of the ASEAN Experts Group on Coal (AEGC) held in Kuala Lumpur from 17-19 May 1990, the following Action Plan to implement its terms of reference were agreed to :

- a) The strengthening and sharing of existing facilities in the coal sector in the ASEAN countries with other ASEAN countries. For this purpose, the AEGC shall identify the relevant institutions in the respective member countries which can serve as centres of excellence for the training of personnel and the conduct of research on coal utilization and development.
- b) Addressing environmental problems and the restrictions they place on the development and utilization of coal. This would also involve reviewing the technologies for alleviating these problems and the exchange of experiences among member countries with these technologies.
- c) The coordination of research and development efforts on the utilization, treatment and handling of low grade coal for domestic use and small/medium-scale industries.
- d) The promotion of closer cooperation between the private sector and AEGC. For this purpose, a meeting with the private sector will be arranged following the Second Intra-ASEAN Coal Workshop to be held in Kuching, Malaysia in September 1990 as a first step toward this direction.

31 The Action Plan on the Commercial Application of New and Renewable Source of Energy (NRSE) Technologies is focused on the following NRSE Technologies:

- a) Small Photovoltaic Systems
- b) Rice Husk Energy Conversion Systems
- c) Wood and Charcoal Gasifier for Electricity
- d) Solar Water Heaters

32 On the Electricity, the following is the progress of cooperation undertaken under the auspices

of the Forum of Heads of ASEAN Power Utilities:

- On Micro/Mini-Hydro Development, the emphasis was on the need to reduce the cost per kW. A figure in the range of US\$600 to US\$800 per kW was to be attained for sizes of up to 50kW.
- On Computer Applications, two workshops were proposed and approved, one in Indonesia and the other in Malaysia. There was also agreement that interested Utilities be kept informed by other Utilities on the development of large computer projects.
- On Interconnections, it was agreed that the Cooperation Project should cover Operation and Control and that another Cooperation Project to cover this is unnecessary. It was further agreed that technical assistance be sought to carry out further studies on Interconnection Projects as one of the ways to expedite their implementation.
- On Research, Development and Engineering, there is a need to address current issues on reducing cost of supply, improving efficiency, supply reliability, quality of service and environmental issues.
- On Training and Development, the new Terms of Reference on Training and Development was adopted. On the attitudinal change in the context of LLN privatisation exercise, the Meeting took note of the offer from the Philippines to share the result of Performance Contract between NPC management and Plant Operating staff in the Philippines.
- On Geothermal Power Development, the Meeting endorsed the proposal to establish an ASEAN Geothermal Research Centre in the Philippines and the continued elaborations of the geothermal steam pricing model.
- On Rural and Urban Electrification (RUE), the Meeting noted that urban electrification was becoming more complex and welcomed the participation of Singapore in the ASEAN-RUE project.
- On Standardisation, the Meeting agreed that there should be ASEAN standards for the remaining items under this project. In the

□ COOPERATION IN INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

manufacture of common electrical power equipment, trading among ASEAN countries should be encouraged to exploit the economies of scale in a bigger market.

- On Electric Power Information Centre, the Meeting agreed that the success of "Infor-

mation Centre" at Bang Pakong power station to educate the public could be emulated by other utilities. The Meeting noted the progress of ASEAN EPIC statistics 1987 which covered data up to 1988, and statistics for 1989 is under compilation.



COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. ASEAN Industrial Projects										
a) ASEAN Aceh Fertilizer Project		X		X			Indonesia	Japan	Lhokseumawe	Production rate achieved in 1989 and the first 3 months of 1990 were at 98.3% and 28.6% respectively of its design capacity.
b) ASEAN Urea Project		X		X				Japan	Bintulu, Sarawak	Production rate during April 1989 - March '90 reached 530,371 MT for urea and 338,590 MT for ammonia
c) ASEAN Copper Fabrication Project		X		X			Philippines		Philippines	The Protocol of Understanding between the Philippines and Japan was signed in October 1989. Invitation for Japanese investment is being proposed.
d) ASEAN Industrial Project		X	X				Singapore		Singapore	A substitute project is still being identified.
e) ASEAN Potash Mining Project							Thailand		Chiang Mai	The Supplementary Agreement is being prepared for further signing by the ASEAN Foreign Ministers Project to commence soon.
2. ASEAN Industrial Joint Ventures (AIJV)										
The 33rd COIME Meeting in May 1990 withdrew 2 AIJV products: - Constant Velocity Joints; and - Various automotive Lamps. due to little progress being made.										
a) Mechanical Rack and Steering Steers/Systems		X		X			Malaysia Philippines			Equity structure being reviewed.
b) Tie Rods/Tie Rod Ends and Ball Joints		X		X			Malaysia Philippines			Equity structure being reviewed.
c) Titanium Oxide Pigments		X	X				Malaysia Philippines		Malaysia	Work in the design of the project is now in progress.
d) Frit		X	X				Malaysia Thailand		Thailand	MOP exclusive period for the project has been extended to August 1994.
e) Motorcycle Electrical Parts		X		X			Malaysia Thailand		Thailand Malaysia	Manufacturing licence of KGD (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. was transferred to Armstrong Autoparts Sdn. Bhd. in July 1989.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
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B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
f) Slaughtered Meat		X	X				Philippines/ Thailand		Thailand	Project company has been changed to Thai Pacific Foods Ltd.
g) Ethoxylates		X		X			Indonesia Singapore Thailand		Singapore	MOP has been granted reactively from 18 November 1988 by Thailand.
h) Multi-stage High Powered Centrifugal Pumps		X	X				Singapore Indonesia Thailand		Indonesia	Production is expected to start in early July 1991.
i) Security Paper		X	X				Brunei Malaysia Thailand		Malaysia	Trial production is expected in April 1991.
j) Ball Joints for Motor Vehicle		X		X			Malaysia Philippines Thailand		Malaysia	In production since January 1989.
k) Steering Columns		X	X				Malaysia Philippines Thailand		Malaysia	
3. ASEAN Industrial Complementation										
3a. Brand to Brand Complementation on the Automotive Industry		X		X			COIME			MOU on Brand to Brand Complementation on the Automotive Industry under the BAAIJV on 18 October 1988.
- Mitsubishi Motor Corp. (MMC)		X		X			COIME ASEAN		ASEAN	The following three projects have been approved and are now underway. Another vehicle proposal from DAF is being considered by COIME. Five schemes are currently implemented MMC-1, MMC-2, MMC-3, MMC-4, and MMC-5.
- Volvo		X		X			COIME ASEAN		Malaysia Thailand	Model 740 scheme jointly participated by Malaysia and Thailand.
- Mercedes Benz		X		X			COIME ASEAN		Malaysia Thailand	Models 200E, 230E, 260E, OH 1625, OF 1621 schemes participated by Malaysia and Thailand.
4. Australia Technical Assistance Projects	X		X							
4.1 Special Study for Product Adaptations for the Australian Market of Cocoa	X		X				COIME	Australia		The project will be resubmitted to Australia for incorporation under TIPP or AAPSIP.

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COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Butter, Cocoa Powder, Chocolates and other Cocoa products										
4.2 Tropical Fruits Processing and Marketing	X		X				COIME	Australia		The project will be resubmitted to Australia for incorporation under TIPP and AAPSIP.
4.3 Pre-feasibility Study on Utilization of Agricultural Wastes	X		X				COIME	Australia		Australia indicated negative response.
5. ASEAN Coal Information Centre (ACIC)		X	X				AEGC	Canada ESCAP Japan		A report on "ASEAN Coal Statistics Consolidated 1988" has been prepared by ACIC. Mr. B. Proudfoot has been assigned as short term consultant by ESCAP as way of assistance. Japan will be approached for possible assistance.
6. Second Intra-ASEAN Workshop on Coal	X				X			Canada		The workshop was held in Kuching, Sarawak, 10 - 13, September 1990.
7. Transfer of Technology Mechanism and Line of Credit or Options for Programming Technology Transfer to the ASEAN Region								Canada		
8. ASEAN-Canada Joint Investment Committee								Canada		
9. ASEAN Minerals Project							EWG on Minerals	EC		An Expert Group Meeting in Minerals will be held in Bandung in October 1990 to discuss progress of 14 approved minerals projects.
9.1 Stability Problems in Open Mines in Soft Ground	X			X			EWG on Minerals	EC	Malaysia	6 workshops were held in Malaysia. EC is formulating a new syllabus incorporating subjects on rock mechanics and quarrying.
9.2 ASEAN-EC Workshop on Industrial Minerals	X			X			EWG on Minerals	EC		The training programs on "Assessment Procedures for Clays and Ceramic and Raw Materials will be held in Malaysia in October - November 1990.
9.3 ASEAN-EC Minerals Legislation Meeting	X			X			EWG on Minerals	EC		The Second Asia Pacific Mining Conference schedul-

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COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
9.4 Assessment and Appraisal of Mineral and Energy Resources Including Marine Stratabound Deposits in ASEAN Region	X		X				EWG on Minerals	US		ed in Jakarta in March 1990 has been postponed indefinitely. Revised project focussing on HRD is yet to be submitted by COIME-ITS.
9.5 Study on the Feasibility of Establishing on ASEAN Training Centre for Mine Safety and Health	X		X					Canada		Project is being revised focussing on training component.
9.6 Study on the Beneficiation, Utilization and Marketing	X		X				Indonesia	EC		The beneficiation aspect will be covered under project 9.2 whereas the utilization and marketing aspect will be covered at a later training programme.
9.7 Exploration of Bentonite Deposits and Studies on its Beneficiation, Utilization and Marketing	X		X				Indonesia	EC		Proposed to be implemented under project 9.2.
9.8 Land Use Geology Investigation for Urban and Rural Planning	X		X				Indonesia	EC		Status report will be submitted to Malaysia for onward transmittal to the EC.
9.9 Development of ASEAN Laterite Ore: Recovery of Marketable Products	X		X				Philippines	EC		Under consideration.
9.10 Study on Improvement of Lands Affected by Mining	X		X				Malaysia	EC		EC Officials'visited Malaysia in 1989 to discuss the project with relevant Government agencies.
9.11 A New Process for Producing In-organic Tin Chemicals Directly from Cassiterite	X		X				Malaysia	Japan	Malaysia	Japan responded negatively.
10. Cooperation Among Power Utilities:		X		X					ASEAN	
10.1 Micro/Mini-Hydro Development		X		X			Indonesia			The project emphasizes efforts on reduction of cost per kW.
10.2 Computer Applications		X		X			Malaysia			Two workshops were approved to be held one in Indo-

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COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
10.3 Interconnections		X		X			Malaysia			nesia and one in Malaysia. The cooperation project will cover operation and control. Technical assistance will be sought to carry out further studies.
10.4 Research, Development and Engineering		X		X			Indonesia			Current issues on reducing cost of supply, improving efficiency, supply reliability, quality of service and environmental issues need to be addressed.
10.5 Training and Development		X		X			Malaysia			A new TOR has been adopted.
10.6 Geothermal Power Development		X		X			Philippines			The proposal to establish an ASEAN Geothermal Research Centre in the Philippines was endorsed.
10.7 Rural and Urban Electrification (RUE)		X		X			Thailand			Singapore recently participated in the RUE project.
10.8 Standardization		X		X			Singapore			ASEAN standards for remaining items under the project is needed.
10.9 Electric Power Information Centre (EPIC)		X		X			Thailand			ASEAN-EPIC Statistics 1987-1989 is being compiled.
11. Attachment of ASEAN Nationals to Technologically Advanced Industries	X		X				AOTS/ Japan	Japan	Japan	COIME currently compiling list of participants to the project scheduled to be implemented in October 1990.
12. Total Quality Control Scheme	X				X		COIME	Japan	Thailand	TQCS Conference for Management Executives (component 2) was held in Pattaya, Thailand on 23-29 July 1989. Japan assistance for the remaining components being negotiated.
13. Computerization in Manufacturing Industries	X		X				MIDA	Japan	Malaysia	New project proposal submitted to the 11th ASEAN-Japan Forum in October 1989.
14. Technology Mission on Metalworking Industry Sector	X		X				Singapore	Japan	Singapore	New project proposal submitted to the 11th ASEAN-Japan Forum in October 1989.

A - Category of Projects
1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
15. Trade and Investment Promotion Package		X	X					New Zealand		A new programme of assistance has been drawn up by New Zealand as TIPP final report was unimplementable. ASEAN is considering the new proposal.
16. ASEAN Investment Seminar in Seoul	X		X				Indonesia	ROK	Seoul	The project will be included within "ASEAN Week In Seoul" scheduled for FY 1990.
17. Visit of ROK Businessmen to ROK	X		X				Indonesia	ROK	ASEAN	New investment projects to be forwarded to ROK for implementation in 1990-91.
18. Promotional Information Campaign on ASEAN as an Investment Area	X		X				Indonesia	ROK		New investment projects to be forwarded to ROK for implementation in 1990-91.
19. Technical Assistance to Selected Small and Medium Scale Industry Association or Entrepreneurs	X		X				Indonesia	ROK		New investment projects to be forwarded to ROK for implementation in 1990-91.
20. ASEAN Small and Medium Business Improvement Project - Phase II		X				X	Singapore	USA		In November 1989, US-AID informed that it could not fund the project.
21. Assessment of Minerals and Energy Resources Including Marine Stratabound Deposits in the ASEAN Region		X	X				Philippines	USA		The project has been revised to emphasize on training elements.
22. Harmonization Innovation through Image Building and Entrepreneurship Cum Product Development Strategies	X			X			Malaysia	UNDP/UNIDO	ASEAN	On-going.
23. Assistance in Introduction of Computer Managed Maintenance Systems to ASEAN Metallurgical Industries	X			X			Philippines	UNDP/UNIDO	MIRDC, Manila	The project document was signed in February 1990.
24. Technical Assistance in Project Identification and Formulation	X			X			Philippines	UNDP/UNIDO	ASEAN	Out of the 15 market/opportunity studies to be compiled, 12 have been identified and are being formulated.
25. ASEAN Information Exchange for Technology Transfer	X				X		Philippines	UNDP/UNIDO	ASEAN	Completed. A follow-up project entitled Assistance to Advanced Technological

A - Category of Projects
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C - Project Coordinator
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E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERALS AND ENERGY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
26. Harmonization of Industrial Standards and Activities in Metrology	X			X			UNDP/ UNIDO	ASEAN	<p>Cooperation among ASEAN Countries'' was forwarded to UNDP for funding under the 5th Cycle.</p> <p>UNDP and EC Consultants visited the ASEAN region in May 1990.</p>	

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 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
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 3. Completed
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C - Project Coordinator
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E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS (COTAC)

Efforts were continued to further strengthen ASEAN cooperation in the field of transportation and communications, with mixed outcome. While notable progress was made in the areas of sea and air transportation as well as telecommunications, the same was not true in the area of land transportation. The relatively slow delivery of projects and related activities in the sector was attributed to both internal and external factors. Internally, it was the preoccupation of officials with their respective national responsibilities allowing little time spent for regional activities, coupled with the proliferation of ASEAN meetings, lack of coordination and planning leadership, lack of continuous reporting of activities, national legislative constraints and various other factors. Externally, since most ASEAN projects depended heavily on foreign funding especially from dialogue partners, the severe financial constraints and the changing priorities of the dialogue partners had severely affected the implementation of many projects in this sector. Outlined hereunder is the progress in the implementation of ASEAN cooperation in the transportation and communications sector during 1989-1990.

Ports and Shipping

2 There was practically no new development in the implementation of COTAC's new initiatives in Shipping apart from that reported in the previous year. A Singapore-based company had indicated interest to provide a Brokers Telegraph System type of service. The establishment of an InterASEAN Bulk Pool System suffered from insufficient cargo that prompted the ASEAN Shipowners to request commitment from Shippers Council for sufficient base load to ensure their viable operations. The Government of the Philippines had initiated a Point-to-Point Shipping Services between the Philippines and Brunei Darussalam and call for the private

sector to initiate a similar service was in vain. All member countries however, have established their Freight Booking and Cargo Consolidation Centres except Thailand which is in the process of establishing one.

3 Various issues emerged and were sufficiently deliberated in this sub-sector. These included the introduction of Non-ISO containers, piracy on ASEAN waters, and financing of future ship replacement. ASEAN has noted that although the introduction of enlarged containers was necessitated from the technological advancement in the transport sector to cater for modern needs of transportation and to enhance trade competitiveness, the proposed introduction of Non-ISO Standards for Containers by the International Standard Organisation would impose major difficulties to developing countries, including ASEAN, especially the heavy financial resources required to redesign and redevelop port and railway infrastructures and the associated facilities.

4 Piracy has become a serious problem in ASEAN waters and without proper coordinated surveillance by the concerned authorities, it would greatly affect commercial shipping. However, as this issue was not under the purview of any ASEAN Committees, the issue was left to the authorities concerned in the respective ASEAN member countries. Meanwhile, member countries would enhance vigilance on board ship to reduce the risk of piracy.

5 Financing for future ship replacement has emerged as a serious problem to ASEAN shipowners. A total of US\$ 2 billion is required to purchase new ships to replace the existing mostly old ships which have been used beyond their life expectancy. In view of the heavy investment involved, efforts would be undertaken to seek favourable funding in this endeavour.

□ COOPERATION IN TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

6 Another development in cooperative efforts in ports and shipping was the need to review the Agreement For the Facilitation of Search of Ships in Distress and Rescue of Survivors of Ships Accidents, signed in 1975. The review was necessary with the aim to formulate a new agreement taking into consideration new developments in the international maritime conventions as well as to include Brunei Darussalam as a party to the Agreement.

Civil Aviation and Related Services

7 Some progress was made in the implementation of COTAC's new initiative in this sub-sector. Notable among this was the decision of ASEAN Airlines to convene the Annual Meeting of their Chief Executives and Senior Executives on rotational basis. With this development, matters related to air travel and cooperation among Airlines will be delegated to this Annual Meeting. These included Sharing of Airlines Facilities, ASEAN transportation network especially with regard to fuel purchase and aircraft parts, ASEAN Airline Cargo Cooperation and Development of an Operators' Consortium Among ASEAN Airlines. Reports of this Meeting will be relayed to the Sub-Committee on Civil Aviation and Related Services. With regard to Sharing of Airlines Facilities, this is being undertaken through the sharing of simulator training and training facilities such as in the field of engineering and training programme.

8 Due to the inability of ASEAN Airlines to further lower their fares, the present fares for the ASEAN Circle Trip and ASEAN Promotional Fares would remain. As such, other avenues to encourage intra-ASEAN travel should therefore be explored including the provision of better offers from hotels and travel agents. Similarly, the promotion of charter inclusive tour traffic was no longer given emphasis due to the non-availability of pressing demand, the relatively small part of charter traffic from the airlines carriage and the preferences of ASEAN Airlines to concentrate on scheduled traffic. 9 Programmes for information exchange has become a continuous activity. This included exchanges of research information on meteorology; new facilities and equipment in meteorological services; and aviation training facilities. Other continued activities were the monitoring of the

implementation of the Agreement for the Facilitation of Search of Aircraft in Distress and Rescue of Survivors in Aircraft Accidents, 1972, Air Traffic Services Coordination Procedures in South China Sea Contingency Agreements and the installation of 3 Local User Terminals; 2 in Indonesia and 1 in Singapore to improve the Satellite Aided and Rescue System.

10 Future plans are also in hand to enhance cooperation in civil aviation and related services, including its contribution to the Visit ASEAN Year 1992. These are :-

- a) the proposed establishment of ASEAN Regional Training Facilities for Disabled Aircraft Removal/Recovery Technique and Airport Emergency Planning in Brunei Darussalam;
- b) the introduction of "Visit ASEAN Year Special Fare" which would be applicable only in conjunction with VAY 1992; and
- c) the possibility of establishing an ASEAN Airlines to serve points which would complement the existing route.

Land Transportation

11 Cooperation in the area of land transportation was somewhat discouraging during the period under review due to several reasons, including the lack of available funding. Many projects and related activities planned to further enhance cooperation in this sub-sector could not be implemented as scheduled due to either awaiting funding commitment from dialogue partners or delays in the implementation by the dialogue partners. The projects included the proposed establishment of Training Centres in Land Transportation; Standardization of Weights and Dimensions of Vehicle Used in the International Traffic; Studies in Inland Waterways and Ferry Links Development; Urban Railway System; Proposed Establishment of Research Centres on Road Safety; Standardization of Vehicle Inspection in ASEAN Countries; Free Flow of Private Vehicles within ASEAN; and Standardization of Road Design.

Posts and Telecommunications

12 Some encouraging achievements were made in the area of Posts to enhance cooperation in this

□ COOPERATION IN TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

field and to better serve the people in the ASEAN region. The provision of better quality and standard of postal services was given greater emphasis and in some area of services readiness to compete with the private courriers became apparent.

13 The Reduced Priority Air Service (RPA) and Surface Air Lifted Service (SAL) designed to maximize airmail traffic have been a success and efforts are continuously undertaken to further improve the quality of these services. However, as the further success of these services would depend on the conveyance rate quoted by the airlines, member countries would negotiate with their national airlines as well as other ASEAN Airlines with the view to obtaining discounted rates.

14 The Inter-Country Remittance Services was implemented amongst Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia and Singapore in the provision of Postal Order and Telegraphic Money Order Services. These services could be extended to other member countries in view of its popularity. With regard to International Express Mail Services, priority would be given to its quality and standard of services and monitoring would be carried out with the aim of achieving a standard of service higher than those offered by the private couriers. During the period under review, Malaysia had implemented the automatic letter sorting machines as part of a mechanisation program to upgrade the quality of service. The Malaysian experience in this field could be shared by other member countries.

15 Another notable achievement in the area of Posts was the unanimous agreement in POSTEL's contribution to mark the 25th Anniversary of ASEAN in 1992 namely the issuance of Commemorative Stamps and ASEAN Aerogramme. The program for the exchange of postal officers was also revived to expose postal officials to environment and practices in other ASEAN countries, and to establish better understanding among them which would greatly contribute to the further enhancement of ASEAN cooperation in this field.

16 In the area of Telecommunications, activities were continued to monitor development in satellite communications and the implementation of radio frequency coordination. A project to train ASEAN telecommunications personnel in the use of computers for commercial and administrative

application in telecommunications was successfully conducted in Canada under the Canadian assistance. A study is also being undertaken to provide better and wider coverage of cellular radio telephone system covering areas such as the planning, design, maintenance, tariff charging, legal implications and other related aspects.

17 The Memorandum of Understanding for the construction of ASEAN Optical Fibre Submarine Cable Network was finally signed in Jakarta on 8 March 1990 after several postponements. With the signing, member Governments have also agreed to facilitate the implementation of the Network by expediting the issuance of permits for the route survey and cable laying. The Network is expected to be ready for service upon the completion of its various segments as follows :-

a. Kuantan – Kota Kinabalu	December 1990
b. Brunei Darussalam-Malaysia-Philippines	3rd Quarter 1991
c. Brunei Darussalam – Singapore	4th Quarter 1991
d. Malaysia – Thailand	1992
e. Malaysia – Singapore	1993 – 1995
f. Indonesia – Singapore	1993 – 1995

18 Several other projects and activities are also being planned to further improve the provision of telecommunications services and to further strengthen ASEAN cooperation in this field. Projects on the Standardization of Regional Signalling System in Telecommunications Network and Radio Paging Services in ASEAN Countries are two examples of projects which needs immediate implementation. However, due to the non-availability of funding, these project could only be implemented during 1992-1996 when UNDP funding is made available. In addition, discussion is ongoing to introduce a more attractive intraASEAN Telephone tariff structure taking into consideration the existence of some border rate being practiced in the region which is lower than the normal international rate.

ASEAN Transportation Network

19 COTAC's initiatives to strengthen the existing notes of transportation and the establishment of new rail, road, ferry, sea and air links to ultimately form ASEAN transportation network suffered a setback especially when assistance from international financial institutions/organizations such as the

□ COOPERATION IN TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

World Bank and the Asian Development Bank was not forthcoming. COTAC's technical subsidiaries were also slow in the identification of related projects to realize these initiatives although some attempt was made in this respect. This included the Malaysia-Thailand Landbridge in land transportation; and the regional radio paging service and regional C7 signalling plan in the telecommunication subsector. In the areas of Civil Aviation, the existing inter-ASEAN air links between capital points was regarded as contributing towards the initiatives and new areas of cooperation were also identified such as the Sharing of ASEAN Airlines Facilities, and cooperation on fuel purchase and pooling of aircraft parts. The piece-meal identification of projects to realise the formation of ASEAN transportation network was to a certain extent the manifestation of the absence of a clear project concept as well as other factors.

20 Related to the formation of the ASEAN transportation network was the introduction of multi-modal transport and the application of electronic data interchange in the process. The successful implementation of this project would enable the carriage of goods through more than one mode of transportation using a paperless document. The obvious outcome would be the further competitive enhancement of ASEAN trade and ASEAN's capability to stay in the mainstream of technological advancement in the transport sector. However, due to financial constraints, the full implementation of this project suffered a setback although awareness campaigns related to the project were undertaken through the assistance of the South East Asian Agency for Regional Transport and Communications Development. Subsequently, a portion of the full-fledged project concerning various obstacles/constraints to the smooth movement of cargo was

reformulated under a new project entitled ASEAN Cargo Transport Study to be implemented in 1990 under the Canadian Assistance. In view of the importance attached to this project, multimodalism transport and new information technology was endorsed as the thrust area for future activities in the area of transportation and communications.

PP Centres of Excellence

21 The establishment of Centres of Excellence, another new initiative, was actively implemented in the area of civil aviation and related services. During the period under review, the Civil Aviation Training Centre in Singapore was endorsed to conduct training in Instrument Procedures Design (PAN-OPS) in addition to other courses earlier approved, while Civil Aviation College in Malaysia would be the centre for Aviation Security training. In the area of land transportation, a proposal was made to establish a Training Centre in Land Transportation and Japanese funding is being sought to implement this project.

22 In conclusion, mixed progress was achieved to accomplish the furtherance of ASEAN Cooperation in transportation and communications. Various sector-specific issues and issues related to project funding have emerged requiring close attention. Meanwhile, efforts would continue to be undertaken to strengthen cooperation in this sector. In this regard, the formulation of network-based projects and projects that could sustain long term ASEAN cooperation in the sector including the formulation of common policy strategies and actions should be initiated. The private sector should also be further stimulated to actively contribute both their ideas and participation in supporting ASEAN's endeavour in this field.

□ COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS											
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS	
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4					
Integrated Work Programme in Shipping (IWPS), 1987 – 1991											
1. Development of Economic Statistics on Shipping and Trade (L – 2 Scheme)		X			X		SEATAC	UNDAP/ ESCAP/ SEATAC	ASEAN countries	Although project completed in 1984, not all ASEAN countries have been able to implement them for various reasons. SEATAC will implement a pilot - project (modified) in Malaysia and if successful could be used in other member countries.	
2. Study of ASEAN Merchant Fleet Structure	X				X		FASA	UNDAP/ ESCAP	ASEAN countries	The study was undertaken by Maritime Economic Research Centre (MERC) of Rotterdam, Netherlands. The study began on 1 September 1987 and completed in March 1988. The result of the study showed that at the end of 1986, over 75% of the 2.7 million deadweight ton (dwt) of ASEAN fleet is at least 10 years old. In the next 5 years, around 2.3 million dwt will be over 20 years of age and for the year 2000 another 8/9 million dwt is added to this age group. This signifies the requirement for fleet addition and consequent investments in ASEAN.	
3. Study on Fuel and Other Cost Saving Measures	X				X		FASA	UNDAP/ ESCAP	ASEAN countries	This project was included under sub-project 3A (a) of UNDP project RAS/81/108 and was published in July 1983. The other part, sub-project 3A (b) entitled Study on Energy Conservation for ASEAN Fleets was completed in mid-1988. The study provided ASEAN countries with technical information on fuel and other cost saving measures which could be used as a basis for the development of fleet-related shipping policies and for training of personnel. COTAC has agreed to urge ESCAP to undertake similar	
A – Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term			B – Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn				C – Project Coordinator D – Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E – Project Location				

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
4. Establishment/Strengthening of National Freight Booking and Cargo Consolidation Centre (FBCCC)		X			X		FASC	UNDAP/ ESCAP	ASEAN	<p>study for vessels below 5000 Gross Tons and to develop a fuel efficiency course for implementation at training institute.</p> <p>FBCC were already existed in Malaysia, Singapore, and the Philippines.</p> <p>Study on the possibility of establishing the FBCCC through ESCAP assistance (sub-project 4A of UNDP project RAS/81/108) was undertaken in Indonesia and Thailand and was completed in 1987. The Thai's Shippers Organization is now carrying out preparatory work, while the Indonesian FBC is still in its formative stage.</p> <p>To seek assistance in terms of provision of advisory services for the management and coordination of the centres in the ASEAN region, a new COTAC prodoc on "Maritime Transport Development and Cooperation in ASEAN Countries" was prepared and submitted to UNDP for funding within the 5th Cycle. The proposed assistance was included as sub-project 3B of the project document.</p>
5. Simplification of Port Documents and Procedures		X		X			APAA	ESCAP	ASEAN countries	<p>The standardized and simplified APAA forms has been used by the ASEAN port authorities. Meanwile, forms pertaining to customs and immigration (the APAA FaL Forms 3 and 4) which was amended by the ASEAN Working Group on Customs Matters and endorsed by COFAB were being implemented by some member ports.</p>
6. Inter and Intra ASEAN Shipping Study (a) Inter-ASEAN Shipping Study		X			X		COTAC-ITS/ SEATAC	Belgium/ Canada/ US	ASEAN countries	<p>The project is designed to examine maritime relations between the ASEAN region</p>

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
(b) Intra-ASEAN Shipping Study/ Establishment of ASEAN Liner Service or Joint Shipping Operations		X			X		COTAC-ITS	UNDP / ESCAP/ SEATAC	ASEAN countries	<p>and its main trading partners. The study was carried out by SEATAC. Assistance in the forms of expert assistance was obtained from the Belgium Government, to identify problems and obstacles faced in inter-ASEAN trade i.e for ASEAN-EC route and to formulate a comprehensive program to develop ASEAN shipping & ports. Additional assistance was also sought from Canada and US to undertake general surveys and prefeasibility study for other routes, i.e. ASEAN-North America. However, COTAC currently agreed that Canadian technical assistance should be concentrated on the ASEAN Cargo Transport Study (ACTS) rather than on this study.</p> <p>In relation to US, COTAC agreed to withdraw the project as recommended by SEATAC as US funding for the project was not available.</p> <p>This project was included under sub-project 5 of RAS/81/108 UNDP project (Feasibility Study on the Establishment of Intra-ASEAN Liner Services/Joint Shipping Services). Three reports have been completed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Report on the Feasibility Study of Intra-ASEAN Liner Services (Route B), June 1987; - Report on ESCAP/SEATAC Study on Intra-ASEAN Shipping Options, Oct '87; - Main Report of Intra-ASEAN Shipping Study, March '88, conducted by RPT Economic Studies Group Ltd. London. <p>A workshop on Intra-ASEAN Shipping organized by ESCAP/SEATAC was held in Kuala Lumpur on 24-26 August 1988. The workshop</p>

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
7. Study on Container Terminal Operations in ASEAN Ports	X				X		APAA	UNDP/UNCTAD/EC	ASEAN countries	<p>noted that the intra-ASEAN trade was small compared with inter-ASEAN and was highly concentrated on a number of routes only. Meanwhile, the Intra-ASEAN Liner Service Study for Route B, concluded that the time was not appropriate for the establishment of new Intra-ASEAN Liner services connecting eleven (11) ports in the region, namely: Bangkok, Songkhla, Kuantan, Singapore, Jakarta, Surabaya, Ujung Pandang, Davao, Zamboanga, Cebu and Manila.</p> <p>The study conducted by UNCTAD/ESCAP was completed in 1985, while the study conducted by the EC consultants completed in Feb '87. The project was intended to upgrade the management & operation skills in the field of container terminal. It also provided guidelines in determination of investment in containerization and developed training programmes in related field.</p>
8. Planning, Management and Operation of Break Bulk Terminal	X				X		APAA	US/Canada/SEATAC	Malaysia, Indonesia and Thailand	<p>Project (8) and (9) have been merged into one project entitled "The Improvement of Management and Operations of Non-Container, Multi-purpose Terminal" and submitted for the US and Canadian assistance.</p> <p>In relation with the US, the</p>
9. Planning, Management and Operation of Dry Bulk Handling Terminal										<p>project was further developed by the US-ASEAN Centre for Technology Exchange. A Preliminary Shipping and Port Operation Programme in the form of a series of seminars were conducted in Kuala Lumpur, Jakarta and Bangkok during Feb - March '89.</p> <p>In relation with Canada, at the 6th ASEAN-Canada JCC Meeting in November 1989,</p>

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
10. IMO Assistance on Port Operations	X		X				APAA	UNDP/IMO	Malaysia	Canada suggested the merger of this project with the project on ASEAN Cargo Transport Study (ACTS). This suggestion has been endorsed by SCSP. Implementation was delayed due to misunderstanding on the issue of local cost. Project document earlier agreed by ASEAN and UNDP was revised to allow for increased budget due to price escalation. Revised project document was signed by IMO in April 1990. Project duration is one year and project expected to be completed within the current Fourth Cycle.
11. Safety and Load Line Regulations	X		X					UNDP/IMO	Thailand	Project document signed in January 1989. However, project coordinator/port technical specialist only recruited in May 1990. Project personnel will begin implementation in July 1990 for a one year duration.
12. Standardization of Curriculum of National Maritime Training Academies and Schools	X		X					UNDP/IMO	Philippines	Project document signed in January 1989. However, project coordinator/port technical specialist only recruited in May 1990. Project personnel began implementation in June 1990 for a one year duration.
13. Development of Joint Approaches to International Maritime Conventions on Liner Code, Multimodal Transport, Carriage of goods by sea and those of ILO and IMO		X		X				ESCAP/ UNCTAD/ ILO/IMO	ASEAN countries	A seminar on Maritime Fraud was conducted in the Philippines and a Seminar on Multi Modal Transport was conducted in Malaysia in 1988. Singapore will develop the next maritime conventions for implementations.
14. Training of Trainers for Seafarer's Academies in ASEAN Countries	X			X				EC	Malaysia/ Philippines	Three seminars were planned. The first Maritime Training Seminar for Seafarer's Academies was held on 27 February - 16 March 1984 in Malaysia and the second seminar was held on 27 Jan. - 14 February 1986 in Manila. The request for the

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Cooperation with Third Countries/International Organizations										third seminar on Simulation and Communications from Ship to Shore has been submitted to the EC in October 1988. However, EC response is still being awaited
15. Training in Containerization	X				X		APAA	UNDAP/ESCAP	Thailand	Sub-project 2B of RAS/81/108. Two seminars were held in Bangkok, Seminars on Port and Cargo Security (14-16 Dec '87) and Seminar on Container Terminal Operation (17-21 April 1989).
16. Improvement of Port Operations, Management and Planning					X			UNDP/ESCAP		Sub-project 2C of RAS/81/108 Report of the study on "Container Documentation Requirements" was completed in 1988, while a second study on Container Handling Equipment was completed in 1989.
17. Training Scheme on Patrolling & Finger Printing Techniques as well as in areas of remote sensing required for a surveillance programme on discharge of bilge water and ballast		X			X			UNDP/IMO	Malaysia	The training course on Analytical Techniques was conducted at LEMIGAS, Jakarta, from 28 Sept - 10 Oct 1987. SLAR equipment was procured in June 1987. Installation of the SLAR was done in January 1988 and the training course on its operation and maintenance was conducted in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, from 11-29 January 1988 IMO had agreed to provide some equipments to Malaysia to upgrade the electrical system of the aircraft where the SLAR will be located.
18. Assistance in Organizing Data Bank on Pollutants from Ships		X			X			UNDP/IMO/SEATAC	Thailand	Sub-project 4 of RAS/81/055. A meeting of government experts on the ASEAN Data-Base was held in Bangkok on 22-24 Sept '87. As a follow-up, tenders had been invited for procuring the necessary hardware & software towards establishing a Maritime Data Bank for the ASEAN region with funding

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
19. Maritime Transport Development and Co-operation in ASEAN Countries		X	X				COTAC-ITS	UNDP/ ESCAP/ SEATAC	ASEAN countries	from UNDP. In May 1989, SEATAC procured a 32 bit PC for the Data Bank. The project was approved by the ASC in September 1988 for UNDP funding. ASEAN had submitted the project document to UNDP for funding under the 4th Cycle of ICP but due to financial constraints UNDP suggested to resubmit the project for funding under the 5th Cycle. The project document was prepared by ESCAP/ SEATAC.
20. Introduction of Multimodal Transport and New Information Technology for the Transport Sector		X	X				COTAC-ITS	UNDP/ SEATAC	ASEAN countries	The project was approved by the ASC in September 1988 and was submitted to UNDP for funding under the 5th Cycle of ICP. However, ESCAP suggested inclusion of this project under the regional-wide project for Asia and the Pacific with separate implementation for ASEAN.
21. ASEAN Regional Transportation Network		X	X				COTAC-ITS	UNDP	ASEAN countries	The project was approved by the ASC in March 1990 and was submitted to UNDP for funding under the 5th Cycle of ICP.
22. Container Terminal Operations and Maintenance Training Programme and Seminar for Trainers and Personnel Managers	X		X					EC	ASEAN countries	Project proposal was submitted to the 8th ASEAN-EC JCC Meeting in December 1988. The EC has commissioned an expert group to study the proposals submitted by COTAC as a package rather than as individual training requirements. Result of the study will be available by September 1990.
23. Training for Line Managers in Containers Operations and Maintenance	X		X					EC	ASEAN countries	- ditto -
24. Training in Application of Information Technology	X		X					EC		- ditto -

A - Category of Projects
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C - Project Coordinator
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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
25. Seminar for Development in Container Shipping and Intermodalism	X		X					EC		- ditto -
26. General Management Training for Senior Managers	X		X					EC		- ditto -
27. Training in Planning, Management and Operations of Drybulk Terminals	X		X					EC		- ditto -
28. Port Marketing Training	X		X					EC		- ditto -
29. Training Programme for Combating Oil Pollution in the ASEAN Region	X				X		Philippines	US	Thailand	The project proposals was submitted at the 5th ASEAN-US Dialogue in December 1983. Consideration on this proposal took a long time since funding was not available. However, on 7 October 1987, US informed that the proposal could be funded under the HRD Programme if it recast to take place in ASEAN region. The project was further developed by the Asian Institute of Technology (AIT) and conducted at the AIT, Bangkok on 14 May - 8 June 1990.

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
<p>Integrated Work Programme in Civil Aviation and Related Services (IWPCARS), 1987-1991</p> <p>1. Exchange of Information on New Facilities and Equipment in Meteorological Services</p> <p>2. Establishment of Centres of Excellence</p> <p>3. Exchange of Research Information on Meteorology</p> <p>4. Further revision of the ASEAN Circle Trip Fare and ASEAN Promotional Fare</p> <p>5. ATS Coordination Procedures in South China Sea Contingency Arrangement/Coordination between</p>		X			X		ASCCARS		ASEAN countries	Information on this matter is constantly being exchanged among ASEAN countries. The objective is to keep the ASEAN member countries informed on the development and the acquisition of new facilities and equipments in the meteorological services.
		X			X		ASCCARS	UNDP/ICAO	ASEAN countries	This has been a continuous activity of ASCCARS and the concept was recognized as one of COTAC's new initiatives. The concept enables civil aviation training centres in ASEAN to excel in specific areas of training and offers exchange of training programme.
		X			X		ASCCARS		ASEAN countries	The activity calls for exchange of research information, carried out by the ASEAN member countries on a regular basis to gain additional experience and knowledge.
					X		ASCCARS		ASEAN countries	This activity is an important contribution of ASCCARS to encourage intra-ASEAN travel. As the airfare offered by ASEAN airlines was already low and further lowering of fare was not possible, other avenues to promote the tourism industry has been looked into including special rates for hotels and tours, and transfers for passengers traveling on ASEAN promotional fares. The 11th ASCCARS Meeting has referred this activity to the Annual Meeting of ASEAN Airlines Chief and Senior Executives.
		X		X			ASCCARS/Thailand			The project aims to resolve the problems of allocation of optimum flight levels for aircraft operating within air-

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Adjacent Air Traffic Centre - assignment of flight traversing several flight information regions										space over the South China Sea. Coordination on this matter are carried out continuously. At the 12th ASCCARS Meeting, July 1989, Malaysia requested for fresh and creative ideas such as application of Mach Number Technique and the implementation of RNAV routes to increase ATS route capacity and reduce traffic congestion along the South China Sea ATS routes. ICAO has also been urged to coordinate with Hongkong regarding the implementation of reduction of longitudinal time separation on the South China Sea ATS routes from 15 to 10 minutes.
6. Reactivation of former Saigon Flight Information Region (FIR) and matters related thereto		X			X		ASCCARS			ASEAN common position in maintaining the status-quo of the former Saigon FIR remains.
7. Study of the Application of Satellite Communication Systems in Civil Aviation		X	X				ASCCARS (Thailand)			The ICAO Future Air Navigation System (FNS) Committee Meeting in May 1988 concluded that the exploitation of satellite technology to provide communications, navigation and surveillance service to civil aviation is the only viable solution to overcome the shortcomings of the present air navigation system and fulfill the needs of the future. FANS also proposed that a new body is needed to advise ICAO on how to establish technical standard and to coordinate frequency use to ensure the system is implemented effectively. Thailand is monitoring this activity for ASEAN.
8. ASEAN Multilateral Agreements on Commercial Rights for Non-Scheduled Air Service among the ASEAN Countries					X		ASCCARS	ASEAN countries		An Agreement was signed on 13 March 1971. ASCCARS agreed to maintain the status quo of the Agreement.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
9. Reduction of Longitudinal Separation on Airway B66 (B466) and R61 (R461) and the Establishment of a Relief Route for Airway B66		X			X		ASCCARS			The reduction of the longitudinal time separation along B466 has been implemented since 18th July 1985 and Alpha 330 had been established and became effective on 22 October 1987.
10. Implementation of the Agreement for the Search and Resque of Survivors (SAR) in Aircraft Accidents		X		X			ASCCA		ASEAN countries	Member countries are still in the process of concluding the SAR agreements bilaterally.
11. Regional Training Course in Meteorological Satellite Data	X				X		ASCCARS	UNDP/ Japan	ASEAN countries	A two-week course funded by UNDP was conducted in Kuala Lumpur in October 1985. To continue with the training, ASEAN submitted the project to Japan for funding. Japan had agreed to support the project under the Intra-ASEAN Technical Exchange Programme (IATEP) and currently is seeking clarification from the lead agency regarding ASEAN request for the experts.
Cooperation with Third Countries/International Organizations										
12. Two-Week Attachment Study on the Laboratory Testing of Fire Fighting Foam Qualities	X				X			Australia	Australia	The project was funded under the AAACP and was successfully implemented in Melbourne, Australia on 10-26 March 1989.
13. Establishment of ASEAN Regional Training Facilities or Disable Aircraft Removal/ Recovery Techniques, and Airport Emergency Planning at the Civil Aviation Training Centre, Brunei Darussalam		X	X					Canada	Brunei Darussalam	Project proposal was submitted during the 6th ASEAN-Canada JCC Meeting in Nov '89. Canada was not in a position to consider the proposal due to the lack of fund. However ASEAN requested special consideration as this project would be implemented based on cost-sharing basis with Brunei Darussalam.
14. Civil Aviation Training Programme		X			X		COTAC	EC	Luxembourg	Two courses were conducted at the Eurocontrol, Luxembourg; namely: Airport

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
15. On The-Job-Training and Study Group Tour on Aeronautical Facilities and Services of the EC Member Countries for ASEAN Aviation Personnel	X		X				COTAC	EC	Luxembourg	Management Course for ASEAN Countries (3 Nov-5 Dec '86) and ASEAN Air Traffic Control Supervisors Management Course (2 Nov-13 Dec '88). On 5 June 1990, EC sent a mission to make appraisal/evaluation on ASEAN-EC HRD Programme underwhich the Civil Aviation Training Programme is included. The outcome of this mission is being awaited.
16. A Training for Aeronautical Meteorologist on the Provision of Meteorological Services and Facilities for Aviation Towards the Year 2000			X				COTAC	Japan		The project had been forwarded to Japan as additional project to be funded under the IATEP. Japan response being awaited.
17. Aviation Security Course	X		X				COTAC	Japan	Malaysia	The project aims to ensure civil aviation security officers acquire the knowledge, skills and experience needed to effectively fulfill their role. The project proposal was submitted to the 11th ASEAN-Japan Forum in Oct '89 for funding under the IATEP. Japan response being awaited.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
<p>Integrated Work Programme in Land Transportation (IWPLT), 1987 - 1991</p> <p>1. English Translation for Domestic Drivers Licences of the ASEAN Region</p>	X			X			COTAC		ASEAN countries	Brunei Darussalam, Singapore and the Philippines driving licences are already in the English language. Among the 3 remaining countries only Indonesia has to submit the English translation of its driving licences to COTAC Secretariat for further dissemination to other member countries.
<p>2. Publication of an Information Booklet on Classes of Driving Licences in ASEAN Countries</p>		X		X			COTAC		ASEAN countries	Project involves the documentation of information on types/classes of ASEAN driving licences. All member countries have submitted the required information to Malaysia which would publish the booklet.
<p>3. Standardization of Road Design, Weights and Dimension of Vehicles used in International Traffic</p>		X			X		Indonesia			<p>A Working Group on Standardization of Road Design, Vehicle Weight & Dimensions, in June 1982, had recommended a tentative standard and regulations of road design, vehicle weight & dimensions.</p> <p>SCLT had requested Indonesia, the coordinator, to convene another WG Meeting to finalize the list of standard/regulations for adoption, if the need arises. So far, all member countries have submitted their inputs for this purpose to Indonesia.</p>
<p>4. Diesel Training Programme in Yogyakarta</p>		X		X			Indonesia Railway		Indonesia	Project 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 have been assigned to the Annual ASEAN Railways General Managers Conference (RGMC). The progress of this project is monitored by the ARGMC.
<p>5. Exchange of Information on Technical Data</p>		X		X			ASEAN Railway			- ditto -
<p>6. Exchange of Technology in the Field of Railway Engineering</p>		X		X			ASEAN Railway			- ditto -

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
7. Cooperation in the Field of Training on Railway Operation and Administration		X		X			ASEAN Railway			- ditto -
8. Railway Workshop		X		X			ASEAN Railway			- ditto -
9. Study Tour for Land Transportation and Highway Officials	X			X			SCLT	ASEAN countries		The first study tour in the second series was held in Brunei Darussalam on 16-19 November 1987. In July 1989, SCLT agreed to amend the title of this project to read "Seminar-Cum-Study Tour for Land Transportation and Highway Officials". Indonesia will host the Seminar-Cum-Study Tour on 9-12 July 1990 and the next venue will be in Malaysia.
10. Seminar on Transportation Infrastructure	X				X		Indonesia	Indonesia		Conducted in Jakarta, Indonesia on 19-20 August 1987.
11. Studies on Inland Waterways and Ferry Links Development		X		X			COTAC-ITS	SEATAC/ Japan	ASEAN countries	The Feasibility Study covers the following ferry links : i) Port Kelang - Belawan - Lhok Seumawe (completed in March 1988); ii) Tawau - Nunukan (completed in April 1989); iii) Singapore - Batam and iv) Singapore - P Karimun (expected to be completed by the middle of 1990). In August '89, COTAC endorsed SCLT decision to submit to Japan the following 4 links for funding and to urge Japan to conduct a workshop/seminar to evaluate the usefulness of this project : i) Belawan - Langkawi - Phuket; ii) Cebu - Sandakan; iii) Pontianak - Kuching or Cebu; and iv) Palawan - Kota Kinibalu. The proposal was further endorsed by the ASC in Sept '89.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
12. Establishment of Training Centre on Land Transportation in ASEAN member countries		X		X			COTAC-ITS	Japan	ASEAN countries	The Japanese govt. would provide assistance in the form of expert services only. Malaysia, Thailand and Indonesia have submitted their official request form for the Railway, Inland Waterways and Ferry Transportation Training Centre, respectively. Japan had already sent its mission to Thailand and was considering to send short term experts to Malaysia. However, Indonesia request is still pending. Regarding the Philippines request for Land Transportation Training Centre, the project already funded under bilateral assistance. Malaysia offered to host a Technical Working Group in 1990 to further discuss the project.
13. Recognition of Domestic Drivers Licences within the ASEAN Region					X		SCLT		ASEAN countries	The agreement was signed in Kuala Lumpur on 9 July 1985 but its implementation has come into effect only on 17 March 1988 after AMCs ratified the agreement in February 1988.
Cooperation with Third Countries/International Organizations										
14. Short Course in Transport Management for Middle-Managers in Land Transportation	X		X				SCLT	EC		The project had been previously submitted to Australia. However, in view of the new thrust of the AAACP, in July 1989, SCLT agreed to submit the project to EC for funding. The proposal was endorsed by the ASC in September 1989.
15. ASEAN Cargo Transport Study (ACTS)	X		X				COTAC-ITS	SEATAC/Canada	ASEAN countries	The project consist of a study directed towards identifying barriers to the introduction of multi-modal transportation in the ASEAN region. The objective is to assist ASEAN and/or improvement of multimodal transport in the region, including the computerization of trade procedures.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
16. Educational Proposal to Gain Knowledge in Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation System	X					X		Canada	Canada	<p>The project, costing US\$ 280,000, was submitted to the 5th ASEAN-Canada JCC Meeting in April 1988. CIDA is currently processing project approval documents and project activities is expected to start in Autumn 1990.</p> <p>Project proposal was approved by the ASC in September 1988 and submitted to the 6th ASEAN-Canada JCC in November 1989. Canada was not in a position to consider the proposal due to lack of fund. In view of this, SCLT agreed to drop the project from the ASEAN-Canada Dialogue and will submit it instead to Japan.</p>
17. Seminar-Cum Study Tour on Upgrading the Efficiency of Railway Operations	X		X				IHCSA	Japan	Japan	<p>Project has been approved for implementation under JACPP funding. The JACPP Committee has yet to consider the estimated budget and content of the seminar submitted in March 1990.</p>
18. Seminar for ASEAN Senior Land Transport Officers on Transport Planning & Management	X		X				COTAC	Japan		<p>Project proposal was submitted to the 11th ASEAN-Japan forum in October 1989. Japan has not yet responded to the proposal.</p>

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
<p>Integrated Work Programme on Post and Telecommunications (IWPPT), 1987-1991</p> <p>1. Senior Postal Management Training and Advisory Services in Mechanization and Introduction of Culler Facer Cancellor Machine, Post Codes and Sorting Machines</p> <p>2. Maximization of Airmail Traffic</p> <p>3. Inter Country Remittance Service</p> <p>4. International Express Mail Service (EMS)</p> <p>5. ASEAN Aerogramme</p> <p>6. Issuance of ASEAN commemorative Stamps</p>										
					X		Thailand	UNDP/UPU	ASEAN countries	The 13th POSTEL Meeting in July 1989, agreed to withdraw the project from future agenda of POSTEL as the project has been declared as an UNDP Regional project.
		X		X			POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The Reduced Priority Airmail (RPA) Services and Surface Airlifted (SAL) services have been very successful. However, as the further success of these services would depend on low conveyance rate, member countries would held individual negotiations with its national airlines and other ASEAN airlines to work out a more favourable air conveyance rates.
		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	Member countries have established bilateral money order services with each other. With regard to the telegraphic money order services, bilateral agreements already existed between : - Brunei Darussalam and Malaysia, Singapore; and - Thailand and Singapore. Others are looking into the possibility of establishing similar services.
		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The EMS has been established amongst all member countries. Increasing emphasis was given towards higher quality of services comparable to that provided by private couriers.
		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	ASEAN Aerogramme is to be issued in every five years. The next issue will commemorate the 25th Anniversary of ASEAN in 1992.
		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The ASEAN Commemorative Stamps is to be issued in every 5 years. The next issue will be on the occasion to

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
7. Misuse of POSTEL Facilities for Sending Narcotics		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	commemorate the 25th Anniversary of ASEAN in 1992. No significant abuse of Postal services being recorded. Coordination has been maintained.
8. Letter Writing Competition for Young People		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The activity aims to instill an awareness among the young people regarding ASEN. The competition is to be held once in every 3 years. The 4th competition was held in 1988 and the next competition will be held in 1991 in Malaysia.
9. ASEAN Cooperation in the Sphere of Philately		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The philately exhibition is to be held in every 2 years. The 3rd philatelic Exhibition "ASEANPEX" was held in Bangkok in October 1988. The next exhibition will be held in October 1990 in Brunei Darussalam.
10. The Implementation of the Programme for the Exchange of Postal Officials		X			X		POSTEL		ASEAN countries	Exchange of Postal officials among ASEAN countries are being carried out continuously to promote good relations among Postal officials of member countries.
11. Standardization of Regional Signalling System in Telecommunication Network		X		X			Philippines		ASEAN countries	The objective of the project is to adopt and implement a common channel signalling system in telecommunication (CCITT) between gateway exchanges in ASEAN countries. POSTEL agreed to adopt CCITT No. 7 among ASEAN countries and will work towards this standardization.
12. Regional Training in digital Switching and Use of Computers in Telecommunications										
a. Regional Training in The Use of Computers for Technical Application in Telecommunications	X				X		Thailand	UNDP/ITU	Thailand	The project involve provision of a training course for trainees from ASEAN countries in the use of computers for technical applications in telecommunications to promote the interchange of experience among the par-

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
b. Regional Training in Digital Switching						X	Thailand	Japan		Participants and to provide them with a model framework for the development of future national or regional course in the same field. The project was completed in February 1988, participated by all member countries except Brunei Darussalam. ASEAN's request for repetition of the project was turned down. This project was withdrawn from the IWPPT in view of the fact that the present courses on digital switching offered by Japan are sufficient to meet the needs and objectives of ASEAN.
c. Regional Training in The Use of Computers in Commercial and Administrative Applications in Telecommunications			X				Thailand	Canada	Canada	Project had been approved by Canada for implementation under the Canada-ASEAN Regional Training Programme. The project was carried out in Calgary, Canada on 10 April 1990 for a twelve week duration.
13. Domestic Satellite System within ASEAN countries/ Sattelite Communications using PALAPA.		X		X			POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The project objective is to establish more effective and efficient communication to handle traffic between towers in bordering countries. Member countries had agreed to consider possibilities in the extended use of regional satellite including among others its ownership, operations and utilization.
14. ASEAN Cablesip Pte. Ltd						X	Singapore		Singapore	The ASEAN Cablesip Pte. Ltd was incorporated on 1 March 1986 with its registered head office in Singapore, to service the ASEAN Submarine Cable Network. All member countries have taken equity in the ACPL.
15. Technical Cooperation Amongst ASEAN Countries		X	X				Philippines		ASEAN countries	The aims is to achieve better coordination among ASEAN countries. Member countries were requested to submit their available resource and their requirements for cooperation

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	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
16. Radio Frequency Coordination in ASEAN		X	X				Indonesia		ASEAN countries	among ASEAN countries to the Philippines, the coordinator of the TCDC. The project call for the establishment of a Committee to coordinate the use, administration, management and planning of radio frequency in the ASEAN region. The Committee now meets annually. The 5th ASEAN Radio Frequency Coordination Committee Meeting was held in Jakarta in August 1989.
17. ASEAN Submarine Cable Project		X		X			POSTEL		ASEAN countries	The existing ASEAN Submarine Cable Network was completed in 1986 except for the Philippines-Thailand segment. To take advantage of the existing fibre technology, the project has been renamed "ASEAN Optical Fibre submarine Cable Network (AOFSCN)" and the MOU was signed in Jakarta on 8 March 1990. The ready for service of the network, vary depending upon the completion of the various segment as follows: i) East-West Malaysia, December 1990; ii) Brunei-Malaysia-Philippines, 3rd quarter 1991; iii) Brunei-Singapore, 4th quarter 1991); iv) Malaysia-Thailand, 4th quarter 1992; v) Malaysia-Singapore, 1993-1995; vi) Indonesia-Singapore, 1993-1995.
18. Canada-ASEAN Cooperation in the Ku-Band Propagation Measurement Programme on Earth Space Paths		X	X				Thailand	Canada	Indonesia Singapore Thailand	The MOU between ASEAN and Canada on this project was signed in Bangkok on 5 June 1989. The Plan of Operation (POP) has also been signed on 9 January 1990.

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Cooperation with Third Countries/International Organizations										
19. Canadian Assistance in Radio Frequency Management Systems (SMS)	X				X		Thailand	Canada	Canada	A short-term course in Spectrum Management Systems (SMS) was conducted in Canada on 19 June-12 August 1989.
20. Development of Cellular Radio Telephone Systems		X		X			POSTEL	UNDP/ITU	ASEAN countries	<p>The project involve provision of advisory services and training to investigate ways in which Cellular Radio Systems (CRS) of member countries might be interconnected into an ASEAN network for transborder mobile communications services; and the potential application of CRS to rural and urban telecom fixed services, coastal boats and inland waterways.</p> <p>Implementation of this project began in March 1988. The Chief Technical Advisor (CTA) for the project had completed his mission's report to 5 ASEAN countries; Philippines, Thailand, Singapore, Malaysia and Indonesia; and prepared a Project Performance Evaluation Report. A group training and a Cellular Radio Workshop was conducted in Jakarta, Nov '88 and Kuala Lumpur, March '89, respectively. Tripartite Review Meeting on the project was held in Kuala Lumpur in April 1989.</p> <p>The service of the former CTA was terminated in January 1990 and in his place a new CTA was recruited.</p>
21. Planning of ASEAN ISDN International Network and Services		X	X				POSTEL	UNDP/ITU	ASEAN countries	<p>The project aims to ensure planning and provision of international telecommunications which are modern, efficient and most effective. Project Formulation Framework was prepared by ITU in</p>

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
22. Radio Paging Service in ASEAN Countries		X	X				Singapore	UNDP/ITU	ASEAN countries	<p>conjunction with Chairman of POSTEL and was submitted to UNDP for funding under the 5th Cycle of ICP.</p> <p>The project aims to enhance economic development in ASEAN countries through improved and competitive efficiency by ensuring efficient telecommunication services.</p> <p>Project Formulation Framework was prepared by ITU in conjunction with Chairman of POSTEL and was submitted to UNDP for funding under the 5th cycle of ICP.</p>
23. Intelligent Network		X	X				Malaysia	UNDP/ITU	ASEAN countries	<p>The general objective is to prepare a fundamental plan on the intelligent network and to work out its implementation strategy.</p> <p>Project was submitted to UNDP for funding under the 5th Cycle of ICP.</p>
24. Ship's Radio Survey	X		X					EC		<p>Project aims to train government officers from related department to perform and conduct ship radio survey at all ports as required by Law and SOLAS Convention.</p> <p>Project proposal was submitted to the 8th ASEAN-EC JCC in December 1988. COTAC has recently submitted the detailed proposal. EC response is being awaited.</p>
25. Regulatory Aspects (Supply Business Aparatus)								EC		<p>The project would involve exchange views and experience on the regulatory aspects of telecommunication supply business apparatus.</p> <p>Project proposal was submitted to the 8th ASEAN-EC JCC in December 1988. COTAC ha recently submitted the detailed proposal. EC response is being awaited.</p>

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN TRADE AND TOURISM (COTT)

Intra-ASEAN Cooperation in Trade

During the period under review the Committee on Trade and Tourism met twice for their 27th Meeting in Yogyakarta, Indonesia on 28-30 August 1989 and 28th Meeting in Cebu City, the Philippines on 12-14 March 1990. Trade Initiatives as directed by the Third ASEAN Summit in 1987 continue to be the main thrust of the work of COTT.

2 On the implementation of the Protocol on Improvement and Extension of Tariff Preferences under the ASEAN Preferential Trading Arrangement (PTA), all member countries have implemented the 1989 Programmes, into which a total of 500 new items have been introduced with a minimum Margin of Preferences (MOPs) of 25%. This has brought the total number of items which are accorded preferential tariff to 15,295. With respect to the existing items, 3,544 of which have enjoyed further deepening of the MOPs.

3 With regard to the Exclusion Lists, member countries are in the process of compiling the remaining respective Lists. Once these Lists become available, the ASEAN Secretariat will publish them.

4 At the request of the private sector, COTT has identified an indicative list of 159 chemical products as candidate for inclusion in the positive list proposed for reduction of ASEAN content requirement from 50% to 35%. The list will be finalized after consultation between member countries and their private sector.

5 With respect to the implementation of the Memorandum of Understanding on Standstill and Rollback of Non-Tariff Barriers (NTBs), the bilateral consultations under the Trade Preference Negotiating Group (TPNG) took place during COTT Meetings. Although no concessions were granted during the period under review, the TPNG sessions

provide an opportunity for member countries to negotiate the request list for roll back of Non Tariff Measures (NTMs) and exchange views on the matter. Member countries have already started to exchange the information on the NTMs that were removed unilaterally or through the course of bilateral consultations as well as the information on tariff changes taken unilaterally since the Third ASEAN Summit.

Intra-ASEAN Cooperation in Commodities

6 The Ad-Hoc Working Group on Commodities set up under COTT also met during the COTT Meetings to consider ways to implement the 8-point initiatives on commodities as agreed by the Third ASEAN Summit. Member countries agreed on the assignment of responsibility and prioritization of commodity list as well as the work programmes on market development of ASEAN commodities. The possibility of establishing producers associations will also be explored for commodities of which two or more ASEAN member countries constitute the major producers. With regard to the ASEAN Data Bank on Commodities (ADBC), member countries agreed that in the initial period, it would be an integral part of the ASEAN Secretariat and linked to member countries. Meanwhile, a request would be made to the UNDP to conduct a feasibility study on its establishment.

ASEAN Trade Fair

7 The Fourth ASEAN Trade Fair was held in Jakarta on 3-13 October 1989. The event which was participated by private sectors of ASEAN member countries was a successful one, drawing a total of 250,000 visitors and more than 2,000 buyers. The sale contract during the Fair amounted to US\$ 67.9 million. The Fifth ASEAN Trade Fair is to be held in Kuala Lumpur in 1991.

□ COOPERATION IN TRADE AND TOURISM

Private Sector Participation

8 At the consultation session with the representative of the ASEAN-CCI during the COTT meetings, views on matter of mutual interests were exchanged, particularly with regard to problems faced by products of ASEAN origins exported to major dialogue partners. The ASEAN-CCI was assured that their concerns have been duly taken up with the dialogue partners. COTT requested the private sectors to provide specific details for the products that are currently affected, such as canned seafood, meat products and fresh fruits and vegetables. As regard the reduction of ASEAN content requirement exercise, the ASEAN-CCI was requested to submit items of their interest apart from the chemical products which are already under the consideration of member countries.

9 The ASEAN-CCI was urged to consider increasing their involvement and be more active in the meetings conducted by ASEAN officials, particularly in meetings of the economic committees and dialogue with third countries as the amended revised Guidelines on the Private Sector Participation now provide greater scope for them to do so. To this end, the ASEAN-CCI met with members of COTT in May 1990 in Bangkok for a "brainstorming" session to discuss ways and means to implement guidelines and at the same time to improve upon present arrangements to enable the private sector to benefit as much as possible from ASEAN meetings.

Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiation.

10 As the Uruguay Round of the Multilateral Trade Negotiations moves into the final stage, ASEAN member countries recognize the needs for even greater and closer coordination at all levels. To this end, the 21st AEM agreed that ASEAN should develop common approach on negotiating issues to guide the ASEAN negotiators in Geneva. Based upon COTT recommendations, common elements were endorsed by the 21st AEM to form a basis for the proposed guidelines in 6 areas of negotiation, namely; Tropical Products, Agriculture, Trade-Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPs), Trade-Related Investment Measures (TRIMs), Trade in Service, and Safeguards. The 21st AEM, however, agreed that while they are to have common general positions, the ASEAN negotiators in Geneva

would retain the flexibility of individual countries to state their positions on issues of particular interest to them.

International Economic Issues.

11 On international commodities issues, ASEAN ASEAN member countries continue to adopt joint common approaches on various issues of their concern, such as anti-tropical timber campaign, anti-tropical vegetable oils campaign, farm subsidies and the Common Fund for Commodities. With regard to the anti-tropical timber campaign, in view of the worsening situation, the 21st AEM agreed to form an ASEAN Ministerial delegation to promote better understanding in the consumer countries, particularly the EC. In connection to the Common Fund, ASEAN joint efforts had produced result in the appointment of officials of ASEAN member countries to the post of Managing Director and the Executive Board of the Common Fund.

12 As for trade restrictive measures affecting ASEAN Export, based on COTT's recommendations, the 21st AEM adopted the 7-point common approaches on trade restrictive measures against ASEAN products. The 21st AEM also agreed to the setting up of the ASEAN Experts Group to study the manifestation and implications of the CVD and anti-dumping actions and other trade restrictive measures of major trading partners affecting ASEAN products and to recommend common approaches and positions to counter such actions. The 28th COTT agreed on the composition and the Terms of Reference of the Experts Group.

ASEAN Technical Experts Group on the EC Standards

13 As directed by the 21st AEM, COTT considered and approved the Terms of Reference of an ASEAN Technical Group to monitor and appraise developments and to consult with the EC officials on the evolution and harmonization of standards as the EC develops towards the Single Market in 1992. The Technical Experts Group is to convene their first meeting back-to-back with the EC-funded seminar on standards in food sector.

Post COTT Meeting with the Deputy USTR

14 Immediately after their 27th Meeting, COTT held a meeting with the Deputy US Trade Represen-

□ COOPERATION IN TRADE AND TOURISM

tative to exchange views on multilateral trade issues, ASEAN-US trade relations and cooperation programmes such as ASEAN Automatic Data Exchange (ADE) and ASEAN Private Investment and Trade Opportunities (PITO). On the ASEAN-US Initiatives, upon an approval of the AEM and the USTR on the terms of reference, a Joint Working Group between ASEAN and US at Senior Officials Meeting level would be set up to review the ASEAN-US trade relations with a view to strengthening and enhancing it.

Cooperation in Tourism

15 The Sub-Committee on Tourism held their 24th and 25th Meetings in Manila and Pattaya, Thailand on 21-24 August 1989 and on 11-14 January 1990, respectively. They also had a Special Informal Meeting on 4 August 1989. Significant progress has been achieved in the various activities under their purview.

16 As a way to commemorate the 25th Anniversary of ASEAN, 1992 has been designated as the Visit ASEAN Year. The six ASEAN countries will be promoted as one single tourist destination. Marketing activities pertaining to the VAY '92 campaign have been well on the way, including the production of the ASEAN Film and ASEAN Update newsletter. An advertising agency and its associated public relations consultancy firm have been contracted to carry out the VAY '92 promotional campaign focusing on the four countries/region that have been designated as principal markets, namely; Japan, Australia, West Germany and the ASEAN region. Campaign will center around the theme "ASEAN-the World's Only 6-in-1 Tropical Paradise.

17 Cooperation also came from the dialogue partners for the VAY '92 campaign. Japan through the ASEAN Promotion Centre on Trade, Investment and Tourism had allocated US\$ 300,000 for the production of an ASEAN Film in Japanese which was completed in March 1990. The EC support comes under the ASEAN Integrated Marketing Strategy Project which is jointly funded by ASEAN member countries. Starting from February 1990 for a period of three years, the project aims to develop selected European markets for ASEAN. With respect to coordination from other ASEAN bodies,

favourable responses have been received from the ASEAN national carriers, ASEAN Tourism Associations (ASEANTA) and Committee on Culture and Information (COCI) in connection with SCOT's requests for their support in the VAY '92 campaign. The VAY '92 National Committees are in the process of being formed in each member country to coordinate the activities at the national level and to draw up the VAY '92 Calendar of Events. The launching of the VAY '92 is planned to coincide with the ASEAN Tourism Forum 1991 (ATF '91) in Bandung, Indonesia.

18 The ATF '90 which was held in Pattaya, Thailand on 10-17 January 1990 marked the first time that the event was held outside the ASEAN capitals. It brought together 1,115 delegates from ASEAN NTOs, buyers from overseas, and ASEAN tourist industries to participate in events which included the 25th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on Tourism (SCOT), TRAVEX and ASEAN Tourism Conference. The ATF '91 will be held in Bandung, Indonesia on 10-16 January 1991.

19 Since its establishment, the ASEAN Tourism Information Center (ATIC) has played a key role in coordinating and implementing the various SCOT activities, particularly those in connection with the VAY '92 campaign and technical assistance projects supported by the dialogue partners. As its term expires in 1991 prior to the completion of the VAY '92, the need for ATIC's extension for another three-year term is being considered by member countries.

20 As for other projects under the purview of SCOT, the ASEAN International Passenger Exit Survey has just commenced. This, along with the ASEAN Integrated Marketing Strategy for Europe, represents a US \$ 2.68 million Tourism Technical Assistance programme funded by the EC. Another EC-funded project under the implementation is the ASEAN Integrated Manpower Training Programme which started in September 1989. This training project aims to establish a certification programme and an international scheme for manpower in the vocational and craft areas. With regard to the project on Estimation of Prepayment of International Tourists and Economic Impact Study on Tourism, the EC has just appointed a consultant firm to implement it.

COMMITTEE ON TRADE AND TOURISM (COTT)										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. ASEAN-Australia Trade and Investment Promotion Programme (TIPP)		X		X			Philippines COTT	Australia	ASEAN member countries	ASEAN and Australia have finalized TIPP Guidelines under AAECP II.
2. Visit ASEAN Year 1992		X	X				COTT/SCOT	Australia	ASEAN member countries	Australia indicated negative response.
3. Inspection of Food Imports							Australia			Only Philippines and Thailand have submitted their lists of items to Singapore.
4. ASEAN-Canada Business Council		X	X					Canada COTT	ASEAN member countries	Representatives from the ACBC attended the 6th ASEAN-Canada JCC in November 1989. The ASEAN side are focussing programmes at promoting trade, investment and transfer of technology. The Canadian side had held seminars on opportunities that exist for Canada businesses. Bilateral committees in both sides have been and are being created.
5. ASEAN-Canada Trade Promotion Programme		X			X					Discontinued
6. ASEAN Exporters Visits to Canada							TFO	Canada	Canada	New proposal submitted to TFO.
7. Follow-up Project to Food Pacific '88 in Vancouver	X		X				TFO	Canada	Canada	- ditto -
8. Market Information Seminars	X		X				TFO	Canada	Canada	New proposal submitted to TFO.
9. Trade Promotion Programme:		X		X			Malaysia	EC	ASEAN	On-going
a. ASEAN Promotion of Furniture to the US	X			X			Malaysia	EC	US	ASEAN requested 3 year extension for the project. EC agreed to consult ASEAN after assessing individual country's need.
b. Export Development Assistance on ASEAN Processed Food to Western Europe	X		X				Indonesia	EC	EC	The US target market has been changed to Western Europe. EC agreed on the changed subject to further consultations.
c. Exhibition Management Training	X			X			Philippines	EC		This is a follow up project of similar project completed in 1988.

A - Category of Projects

1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status

1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator

D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations

E - Project Location

□ COMMITTEE ON TRADE AND TOURISM (COTT)

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
10. ASEAN Training Package:										8 projects have carried out till present time.
a. Trade News Publication Training Programme	X						Thailand	EC		At the TPRP in June 1989, the project was submitted as new project to the EC. EC had agreed to consider the proposals.
b. Workshop on Techniques of Export Marketing	X		X					EC		ditto -
11. ASEAN-EC Trade Data Base Development	X		X				Indonesia	EC	ASEAN	The project is being revised and will be submitted at next TPRP.
12. Seminar on Harmonization of Technical Standards as a Consequence of the European Single Market 1991.	X		X				Malaysia	EC	ASEAN	As follow-up to the outcome of the "Colloquium on ASEAN and Europe 1992 - Implications and Responses" held in Kuala Lumpur, 10-11 July 1989, the seminar is proposed with particular reference to the food sector.
13. ASEAN-EC Cooperation in Tourism:										
a. Integrated Tourism Marketing Strategy for ASEAN in Selected European Markets	X			X			SCOT	EC	ASEAN	The European Marketing Plan was revised to run for 1990-92.
b. Workshop on Integrated Tourism Manpower Training		X		X			SCOT ATPCs	EC	ASEAN	A Committee on Tourism Training was agreed to be set up under the WG on Research & Development. Future workshops would include representatives from ASEAN educational authorities.
c. International Passenger Exit Survey		X		X			WG on R & D ATIC	EC	ASEAN	Two activities are being carried out: - Estimation of Pre-payment of International Tourists - Economic Impact Study of the ASEAN Tourism Industry.
14. ASEAN-Japan Seminar on GSP		X		X			JACPP COTT	Japan	ASEAN	The seminar is now changed into Workshops.
15. ASEAN Centre, Tokyo		X		X			ASEAN COTT	Japan	Tokyo	Brunei Darussalam accession to the ASEAN Centre, took place on 8 June 1990.

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COMMITTEE ON TRADE AND TOURISM (COTT)

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
16. Visit ASEAN Year 1992	X			X			ASEAN Centre	Japan	Tokyo	Japan currently considering: - Production of 230,000 copies of ASEAN brochures 1990/91. - Production of 30,000 copies of VAY '92 Calendar of Events in 1991/92. - Production of 6,000 copies of VAY '92 posters in 1991. under its medium and long term plan for 1990/92.
17. Seminar on Japanese Product Adaptation	X		X				JACPP COTT	Japan	MITI, Malaysia	The project is retitled 'Roving Seminar on Japanese Product Adaptation'. Dates and venue to be determined.
18. ASEAN Study Mission on Japanese Trade Corporation	X		X					Japan	Japan	Japan hoped that ASEAN private sectors would consult with Japanese trading corporations to promote it.
19. Trade and Investment Promotion Package (TIPP)		X	X				New Zealand COTT	New Zealand	ASEAN	Due to NZ difficulty in implementing the final report, NZ had proposed a new programme subject to ASEAN approval entitle 'TIPP: Designing a Project Proposal'.
20. Conference on the Promotion and Development of ASEAN-ROK Trade & Tourism	X		X					ROK	ASEAN	New proposal endorsed at the 28th COTT in March 1990.
21. Holding of an ASEAN Trade Fair in ROK	X		X					ROK	ROK	- ditto -
22. Korean Language Training Prog.	X		X				SCOT	ROK	ASEAN	Phase I of the project to be carried out in 3 years was endorsed at the 28th COTT in March 1990.
23. Familiarization Programme for Korean Travel Agents	X		X				SCOT	ROK	ASEAN	New project proposal endorsed at the 25th SCOT in January 1990.
24. ASEAN Private Investment and Trade Opportunities		X	X				USAID AUSBC	USA	ASEAN	PITO Grant Agreement was signed by Thailand on behalf of ASEAN on 26 April 1990.
25. ASEAN-US Data Exchange (ADE)		X		X			USA COTT	USA	ASEAN	ASEAN countries are ready to exchange published trade data with the US.
26. ASEAN-US Initiative (AUI)		X	X					USA ASEAN		A Joint ASEAN-US Working Group on the AUI is being set up to consider issues on the AUI.

A - Category of Projects

1. Short-term
2. Long-term

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3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator

- D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations**
- E - Project Location**

COMMITTEE ON TRADE AND TOURISM (COTT)

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
27. Assistance for Inter-national Trade Negotiations.		X		X			UNDP		ASEAN	The following seminars had been held: - National Seminar on UR in Jakarta, 31 July - 4 Aug. 1989; - ASEAN Seminar on Ser-vices, Jakarta, 7-9 August 1989.
28. Market Access for ASEAN Products	X		X				UNDP	UNDP	ASEAN	The project is to replace the project on "Research in Trade Expansion and Transport Economics"
29. ASEAN Tourism Research, Development and Market-ing-Phase I		X			X		UNDP WTO	UNDP		Final Report of Phase I unacceptable to ASEAN. WTO to redo the report.
30. ASEAN Trade Facilitation	X			X			UNDP	UNDP	ASEAN	A Tripartite Review Meeting for this project was held in Manila on 2 February 1990 indicated that the project is well advanced with satisfac-tory result.

A - Category of Projects
1. Short-term
2. Long-term

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1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
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C - Project Coordinator
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E - Project Location



COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (C O S T)

The ASEAN Plan of Action on Science and Technology approved by the ASEAN Ministers of Science and Technology in January 1989, opened a new mode of cooperation in the field of science and technology. Eight Sub-Committees were established to coordinate each of the programme areas identified in the Plan; and the ASEAN Experts Group on the Environment of COST, responsible for projects on the environment, was elevated to the ASEAN Senior Officials on the Environment (ASOEN).

2 In its reorganized form, the Committee on Science and Technology (COST) met twice on 4-8 September 1989 in Yogyakarta, Indonesia and on 21-24 March 1990 in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia respectively. These Meetings reviewed and assessed on-going projects and activities, discussed guidelines and future plan and activities of the eight new COST subsidiary-bodies/subcommittees and the guidelines and general principles for the ASEAN Science Fund. These Meetings also discussed and finalized the terms of reference of the ASEAN Senior Officials on the Environment (ASOEN), a new body elevated from the ASEAN Experts Group on Environment of COST.

ASEAN Plan of Action

3 COST had established eight Sub-Committees to be responsible for each of the programme areas identified in the Plan. They are :-

- a. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Food Science and Technology
- b. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Meteorology and Geophysics
- c. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Microelectronics
- d. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Materials Science and Technology
- e. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Non-Conventional Energy Research

- f. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Marine Science
- g. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Science Technology Infrastructure and Resources Development
- h. ASEAN Sub-Committee on Biotechnology

4 The ASEAN Secretariat is in the process of publishing a booklet on the ASEAN Plan of Action on Science and Technology.

ASEAN Science Fund

5 COST had established an Advisory Body for the ASEAN Science Fund and adopted guidelines for the management and operation of the Fund. The ASEAN Secretariat opened a temporary account at the Chase Manhattan Bank for the transfer of member countries' seed contribution to the Fund. Most member countries have already forwarded their seed contribution of US\$50,000 each.

Food Science and Technology

6 ASEAN's cooperative efforts on the projects on Food Habits Research and Development, and management and Utilization of Food Waste Materials had been successfully completed under AAACP phase I. The Food Technology Research and Development Project is in the final stage of completion. A wealth of new information important to the processing, marketing and evaluation of ASEAN food and food products was established from these projects. This information has been disseminated in 60 papers and 25 seminars and used by participating institutions in providing active consultancy services to the food industries in ASEAN. Eleven new food products were developed and are in various stages of technology transfer. Several technologies were also developed and commercialised. Final Reports of the projects on Food Habits Research and Development, and Management and

□ COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Utilization of Food Waste Materials have been published.

7 Recognizing the above accomplishments under AAACP phase I, Australia has agreed at the 2nd Meeting of the AAACP Joint Planning Committee to give priority to the new project design Food Science and Technology for the Development of the Food Industry'' for funding under phase II when unspent AAACP funds become available.

Meteorology and Geophysics

8 In line with the restructuring of COST, the Sub-Committee on Climatology responsible for climatology projects was renamed the Sub-Committee on Meteorology and Geophysics. The main objective of the committee is to undertake cooperative projects and research activities related to the meteorological and geophysical phenomena.

9 The publications from the project on the User's Manual for the ASEAN Climatic Atlas and Compendium for Climatic Statistics, and the Climate Supplement of Brunei Darussalam, will be completed in late 1990.

10 New projects on Monsoon Climatology and the CLICOM System are in progress. The former has the objective of conducting a biannual review on the monsoon. The latter aims to adopt a common data base format for ASEAN Meteorological Services in order to provide a platform for the exchange of expertise in the use of the CLICOM system.

11 The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre which aims to strengthen the national meteorological services of ASEAN member countries has been approved by ASEAN for funding consideration by UNDP.

Microelectronics and Computers

12 Phase I cooperation with Australia was completed on 30 June 1989, and the final report was circulated in December 1989.

13 Phase II of the project was approved for funding by Australia in December 1989 over three years, beginning FY 1989-1990. Prior to its implementation, a project Design Study and a project Management Workshop were conducted in July

1989 and 15-17 November 1989, respectively. Implementation commenced in early January 1990.

Materials Science and Technology

14 Cooperation of R & D activities in the field of materials science and technology was characterized by the successful implementation of the ASEAN-Japan Cooperation in Materials Science and Technology. In 1990, multilateral activities took place, especially those on ASEAN training programmes, collaborative research works, and regional seminars.

15 Areas covered under this cooperation project are polymers, ceramics and corrosion. Long-term and short-term experts from Japan facilitated the transfer of technology in research methodology, analysis of experimental of data, and in the maintenance of sophisticated scientific instruments.

16 Multilateral activities on collaborative R & D programmes, workshops/seminars and other training programmes commenced in early 1990. The training programmes on Corrosion Monitoring and Evaluation Methods and on Corrosion in Structure were conducted on 1-18 February 1990 in Singapore, and on 15-17 March 1990 in Brunei Darussalam, respectively.

Biotechnology

17 Australia under AAACP II agreed to fund the Biotechnology project on Plant Extracts and Carbohydrate Bioconversion over the period of three years. Project activities commenced in July 1989 (FY 1989/1990).

18 The project will strengthen the capabilities of member countries in using biotechnology to convert low value important natural product resources such as starch and plant extracts into high value products for food, feeds, glucose, agriculture and health care.

19 Two conferences were held, one to review the overall project and the other to review the problems encountered in the first six months of the project's implementation. The Training Course on Spectroscopic Methods was held on 4-22 June 1990 in Bangkok, Thailand.

□ COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

20 EC has given a favourable response for the project on "Research Development and the Application of Enzyme Technology in ASEAN. A joint workshop was proposed to consider the details of the project.

Non-Conventional Energy Research

21 Phase I of the ASEAN, Australia Non-Conventional Energy Research was completed in June 1989.

22 Phase II commenced in early 1990. The projects focus on Energy Conservation for both Industry and Buildings, on Fluidized-Bed Combustion Technology and the commercialization of new technologies in some projects. Special attention is also given to transfer and dissemination of technology. Technical Information Service (TIS) for the Selective Dissemination of Information (SDI) was also set up. Three major databases combined hold over 3000 records of journal articles, from proceedings, abstracts and report items. The TIS - SDI will focus on energy information originating in ASEAN.

23 The ASEAN-Canada project on Solar Energy in Drying Process will soon be implemented after signing of the MOU. The responsibility for the project has been transferred from CIDA's Head quarters in Ottawa to the Canada-ASEAN Centre established in Singapore in July 1989.

24 Phase III of the ASEAN-US Energy Cooperation with allocation of US\$ 5 million over 5 years ends in 1990. The final batch of the ASEAN participants undergoing Energy Management Training completed the course in December 1989. The training on Industrial and Rural Power Production was held on 17-26 January 1990 and the study tour on Cogeneration and Private Generation was conducted on 22 April - 11 May 1990. The training in Fluidized-Bed Combustion Technologies, for up to 10 ASEAN trainees, was scheduled on 15 May to 13 July (eight week) at the Institute of International Education (IIE), University of U.S.A.

25 The details of the ASEAN-EC project on Technology Transfer for Heat and Power Generation have been considered by ASEAN and Asian Institute of Technology (A.I.T.) for EC (Euro-Asian) cooperation. The project will be implemented between 1990-1991.

Marine Science

26 Cooperation with Australia has two components, namely: Regional Ocean Dynamics (ROD) scheduled for 3 years and Coastal Living Resources component (CLR) for 5 years, to be implemented beginning FY 1989/1990. ROD activities focus on the development of human resource skills in physical oceanography and sea level signals. Present activities of the CLR component are focused on the improvement and development of Micro Brian System for coastal areas and Soft Bottom Community. The 1st Management Committee Meeting for both were held on 29 November - 1 December 1989 in Pattaya, Thailand and on 15-16 March 1990, respectively.

27 ASEAN-Canada Cooperative Programme on "Development and Management of Living Marine Resources" (Phase I), was completed in September 1989. Phase II project on the Establishment of Environmental Criteria for the Development and Management of Living Marine Resources and Human Health Protection commenced in April 1990.

28 Phase I of the ASEAN-US Marine Science Cooperation on Coastal Resource Management was extended to December 1991 to accommodate Brunei Darussalam's participation. The Project Management Committee Meeting held on 1-3 March 1990 assessed Phase I and considered the details for Phase II of the project. A workshop on Resource Management was organized by ASEAN/USAID on 4-7 March 1990 in Manila and Baguio, Philippines.

Science and Technology Infrastructure and Resource Development

29 This programme area covers activities on S & T policy studies, R & D management, S & T information dissemination and R & D networking. Journal on Science and Technology.

30 Volume 6 No. 2, 1989 was published December 1989 and Volume 7 No. 1, 1990 April 1990. For future issues, special subject matters will be identified to reflect ASEAN priorities on science and technology collaborative projects and recent R & D on science and technology in ASEAN. Thailand will continue as the Chief Editor and Chairman of the Editorial Board.

□ COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Management of Science and Technology

31 Human Resources Development (HRD) is a major element for the future development of ASEAN. Management training institutions play a vital role in enhancing HRD through the organization of regional management training and research programmes, exchange in production of teaching materials, research on training methods and processes and exchange of experts.



Farewell Dinner of the ASEAN Architecture Symposium

32 The revised draft Agreement on the Establishment of the ASEAN-EC Management Centre has been resubmitted to the EC for consideration with the view that this agreement could be finalized and signed during the forthcoming 23rd AMM/PMC.

Remote Sensing

33 There are 9 projects approved for funding by dialogue partners. They are :

- i. Airborne Thermal Infra-Red Mapping of ASEAN Capital Cities
- ii. Coastal Dynamics and Remote Sensing Applications
- iii. Environmental Pollution Monitoring Air/Water
- iv. Technology of Updating Maps Using Remote Sensing
- v. Development of Satellite Image Map of ASEAN
- vi. Development of Hardware and Software for Remote Sensing

- vii. Training on Land Thailand Cover Mapping by Digital Analysis
- viii. Water Resources Planning and Management
- ix. Characterization of Major Land Cover in the Tropics

34 The project on the Improvement of Natural Resources Management and Environmental Monitoring through the Use of Satellite Capabilities in ASEAN Countries will be submitted to the EC for funding.

ASEAN Science and Technology Week

35 The ASEAN Science and Technology Week (ASTW) is an important triennial event organized by COST. One of the main objectives of ASTW is to promote new and emerging technologies in the ASEAN region through conferences, exhibition, fairs and special events.

36 The First and Second ASTW were successfully held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia on 24-29 April 1986 and in Manila, Philippines on 30 January – 4 February 1989, respectively. The former had the theme "Development of Science and Technology for Advancement in ASEAN" and the latter New and Emerging Technologies in ASEAN.



37 The Third ASEAN Science and Technology Week (ASTW) will be held in September 1992 in Singapore. The theme will focus on economic growth through science and technology. Dialogue partners will be approached to contribute to the Third ASTW and to indicate how they wish to participate in the activities. Private sector participation will also be sought as the activities connected with the ASTW presents market creation and investment opportunities.

□ COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS										
1. Food Habits		X			X		Malaysia	Australia	AMCs	7th Workshop held in Malaysia June 1989. Completed 30 June 1989 under AAACP I.
2. ASEAN Food Data Network										A component of food habits project. 2 workshops completed, the 1st in 1986 sponsored by AAACP and 2nd on 25-27 Oct. 1989 by Japan/IATEP.
2.1 ASEAN-Australia		X			X		Thailand	Australia	AMCs	Amended project proposal to be submitted to Japan.
2.2 ASEAN-Japan	X				X		Thailand	IATEP/Japan	Thailand	
3. Development of Nutritional Food Products		X	X				Philippines	IILP/New Zealand	AMCs	Awaits response from New Zealand.
4. Production of Natural Flavours Seminar	X		X				Malaysia		Malaysia	For funding consideration under IATEP/Japan.
5. ASEAN Food Conference 1991	X		X				Indonesia	Dialogues International Organizations	Jakarta	Scheduled for Indonesia 16-20 Feb. 1992 previous conference was held 24-26 Oct. 1988 in Bangkok.
6. Workshop on Biochemical Engineering	X			X			Thailand	EC	Thailand	Rescheduled 6-11 May 1990.
7. Workshop on Scale-up, Cost Evaluation and Technology Transfer in Biotechnological Process	X			X			Indonesia	EC	Jakarta	Rescheduled 9-13 July 1990.
8. Value Added Products from Fish Processing Materials		X	X				Indonesia		AMCs	For funding consideration under UNDP 5th cycle ICP.
9. Workshop on Separation and Characterization of Fish Lipids	X		X				Indonesia			For funding consideration by EC.
10. Workshop on Shrimp Feed Technology	X		X				Indonesia	IATEP/Japan		For funding consideration under IATEP/Japan.
11. Workshop on Standard Methods for Pressure Driven Membrane Processes	X		X				Indonesia			For funding consideration by EC. Negative response from CIDA/Canada.
12. Food Technology R & D (FTRD) - AAACP Phase I		X			X		Philippines	Australia/AAACP	AMCs	Project completion 30 June 1990.
13. Food Science and Technology for the Development of the Food Industry in ASEAN		X	X				Philippines		AMCs	For funding consideration by Australia.
<p>A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term</p> <p>B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn</p> <p>C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location</p>										

COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
14. ASEAN Food Standards Office of the FTRD		X		X			Philippines	Australia	Thailand	Annual Report January to December 1989 published.
II. METEOROLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS										
15. Workshop on Geodesy/ Geophysics	X		X				Singapore	EC	Jakarta/ Manila	Implementation pending EC's differential treatment accorded to member countries.
16. User's Manual for ASEAN-Climatic Atlas and Compendium		X		X			Malaysia	UNDP/WMO	Malaysia	Final stage, completion expected end of 1990.
17. Climate Supplement of Brunei Darussalam		X		X			Malaysia	UNDP/WMO	Malaysia	Final stage.
18. ASEAN Specialized Meteorological Centre (ASMC)		X	X				Singapore		Singapore	For funding consideration under UNDP 5th cycle ICP.
19. Monsoon Climatology		X	X				Malaysia		Malaysia	Malaysia to prepare a biannual review of monsoons and synoptic features.
20. CLICOM Users Group (CLUG)		X	X				Malaysia		AMCs	Meteorologists from the Philippines and Thailand were trained by Malaysia.
III. MICROELECTRONICS AND COMPUTERS										
21. ASEAN-Australia Phase I - Micro-electronics Design		X			X		Singapore	Australia	AMCs	Completed. Final report circulated to AMCs December 1989.
Phase II - Microelectronics Design and Applications		X	X				Singapore	Australia	AMCs	Commenced Jan. 1990. Not formal design document, only the draft report of the project design study received Oct. 1989 from AIDAB.
22. ASEAN-Japan/Seminar on Modern Electronic Materials	X									Negative response from Japan.
23. Study Visit to Canadian Institutions	X									Negative response from CIDA/Canada.
24. Microelectronics Newsletter		X		X			Singapore			Two issues had been published.
IV. MATERIALS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY										
25. ASEAN-Japan Cooperation Programme		X		X			Indonesia	Japan	AMCs	Training programmes, regional seminars and research activities to commence FY 1990.
V. BIOTECHNOLOGY										
26. ASEAN-Australia Cooperation (Plant		X		X			Thailand	Australia	AMCs	Funding under AAACP-II for 3 years, beginning FY1989/1990

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Extract and Carbo- hydrate Biotechnology)										
27. ASEAN-EC Cooperation (Enzyme Technology)		X	X				Thailand	EC	AMCs	EC proposed a joint workshop for the project's concept/details
28. ASEAN-Japan		X								Negative response.
VI. NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESEARCH										
29. ASEAN-Australia Phase II		X		X			Thailand	Australia	AMCs	Budget allocated was A\$ 5.3 million for 5 years. Project commenced January 1990.
30. ASEAN-Canada Solar Energy in Drying Process		X	X				Thailand	CIDA/ Canada	AMCs	Draft MOU was sent to AMCs 23 April '90.
31. ASEAN-US Phase III		X		X			Thailand	US	Singapore Indonesia Malaysia Thailand	US Cogeneration Study Programme organized 22 April - 11 May 1990 for 11 ASEAN participants.
32. ASEAN-AIT		X	X				Thailand	AIT	AMCs	ASEAN-EC (Euro-ASEAN) project on technology transfer for Heat and Power Generation being considered for ASEAN AIT cooperation.
33. Non-Conventional Energy (NCER) Newsletter		X		X			SCNCER- AIT Secre- tariat		Thailand	March 1990 issue distribut- ed.
34. Public Information Brochure on SCNCER/ ASEAN-Australia Energy Phase I	X			X			SCNCER Secretariat		Thailand	Publication in process.
VII. MARINE SCIENCE										
35. ASEAN-Australia Phase II										
35.1 Regional Ocean Dynamic (ROD)/Tides and Tidal Phenomena		X		X			Indonesia	AIDAB/ Australia	AMCs	Project extension requested from 3 to 5 years.
35.2 Living Coastal Resources		X		X			Indonesia	AIDAB/ Australia	AMCs	1st PMC Meeting held in Singapore 15-16 March 1990.
35.3 ASEAN-Canada Phase II/ Development of Living Marine Resources		X	X				Indonesia	Canada	AMCs	Signing of MOU July 1990. Selection of Canadian Executing Agency will be December 1990.
35.4 ASEAN-US Coastal Resources Management Phase I		X		X			Indonesia	US	AMCs	Extended until December 1991.

A - Category of Projects
1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
**D - Participating Dialogue
Partners/Organizations**
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
35.5 ASEAN-UNDP Coastal Fisheries Rehabilitation through Seagrass Restoration		X	X				Indonesia	UNDP/FAO	AMCs	Preparatory Assistance (PA) Phase completed. Continuation of project pending availability of funds from UNDP.
VIII. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE										
36. Management of Science and Technology/ ASEAN-Australia										
Phase I		X			X		Malaysia	Australia	AMCs	Completed.
Phase II										Not included under AAACP Phase II funding, but incorporated as HD components of the four S & T project funded under AAACP Phase II.
37. ASEAN Journal on Science and Technology		X		X			Thailand			Volume 6 No. 2 1989 was published December 1989.
38. Remote Sensing										
38.1 Improvement of Natural Resources Management and Environment Monitoring through Use of European Space Agency ERS-I.		X	X				Brunei Darussalam	EC	AMCs	For funding consideration by EC.
38.2 Satellite Capabilities in ASEAN Countries		X	X				Brunei Darussalam	EC		To be submitted to Dialogue Partners for funding consideration.
IX. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY WEEK (ASTW)		X	X				Singapore	Dialogues/ Int. Org.	AMCs	Third ASTW scheduled in Singapore on September 1992.

A - Category of Projects

1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status

1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator

D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations

E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN CULTURE AND INFORMATION (C O C I)

During the year under review, ASEAN COCI continued with its active planning and organisation of cultural and information exchange programmes to promote better understanding among the peoples of ASEAN. The cost of these exchange programmes amounted to about US\$ 2 million per year.

Mechanism for Evaluation of ASEAN-COCI Projects

2 The Twenty-First Meeting of the ASEAN-COCI held in December 1989 in Singapore endorsed the Mechanism for Evaluating ASEAN-COCI Projects. The Committee identified guidelines to be implemented at three levels i.e. at National Committee Level, Working Group Level and ASEAN-COCI Level. Through this mechanism, ASEAN-COCI could ensure its projects and programmes would have more positive impact on the peoples of ASEAN. It was also noted the need to adopt the principle of equitability in utilizing the ASEAN Cultural Fund, especially in the implementation of the agreed projects which should be evenly spread out among the member countries. Evaluation on completed projects or programmes could also provide feedback lessons for future planning in terms of policies, design and implementing strategy.

Commercial Dissemination of Marketable COCI Products

3 The proposal for the commercial dissemination of marketable ASEAN-COCI projects goes back to September 1988 when the 4th Meeting of ASEAN Working Group on Literary and ASEAN Studies convened in Bangkok approved the idea. Due to the complexity and highly technical nature of the subject matter, a Meeting of ASEAN Copyright Experts was held in Bangkok in November 1989 to find ways and means for ASEAN to commercially disseminate the said products without risk

of being sued by copyright owners. The first Meeting was able to finalize only part of its assignment. This was because of the time constraint. Thailand, the coordinator of the project, informed the Twenty-Second Meeting of the ASEAN COCI held in Bandung in May 1990 of the need to convene the Second Meeting of the ASEAN Legal Expert in Bangkok in due course to iron out the problems. Though the solution has not yet materialised, ASEAN-COCI efforts to that end are certainly moving in the right direction.

Standardization of Honoraria for ASEAN-COCI Projects.

4 During the Twenty-First Meeting of the ASEAN-COCI in Singapore in December 1989, a Task Force comprising representatives from member countries set up to examine and make recommendations on the standardization of honoraria for ASEAN-COCI Projects. The Task Force agreed that there was a need for standardization in four areas namely Per Diem, Air Fares, Honoraria and Organising Costs.

5 With regard to Per Diem, the Task Force took into consideration the fact that the present per diem rate was established in 1981 and that inflation since then has warranted a revision. For non-local participants the per diem should increase from US\$ 80 to US\$ 100. For local participants the increase was suggested from US\$ 50 to US\$ 60.

6 The Task Force recommended that air fares should remain at US\$ 500 per non-local participant.

7 On Honoraria, the Task Force agreed that it should not be conceived as a salary but as a token for services rendered. Honoraria can only be paid to consultants, resource persons who have rendered professional services beyond mere attendance of meetings or seminars. A receiver of honorarium

□ COOPERATION IN CULTURE AND INFORMATION

may also receive per diem where the project requires him to be accommodated in the hotel during the course of the project.

8 With regard to Organising Costs, the Task Force agreed that for Meetings which do not exceed five days, the Organising Costs should not exceed US\$ 5,000. Any projects which propose organising cost of more than US\$ 1,000 must have a detailed breakdown of the amount. The proposed revised rates will be implemented after they are endorsed by the ASEAN Standing Committee.

9 With the 3 measures, the Committee hopes the annual programme of intra-ASEAN cooperation can be better formulated, financed and implemented.

ASEAN-COCI Projects for FY 1990/1991.

10 At its 22nd Meeting on 28-31 May 1990 in Bandung, the COCI also agreed to recommend to the ASEAN Standing Committee's a budgetary requirements of US\$ 2,378,517.50 for FY 1990/1991 to finance the implementation of the following twenty five (25) projects and activities :

A. Projects on Culture

Projects on Literary and ASEAN Studies

1. 6th Meeting of ASEAN Working Group on Literary and ASEAN Studies
2. Anthology of ASEAN Literatures
3. ASEAN Fellowship Awards
4. Literary Resource Materials for Drama Presentation
5. Exploration of Historical and Cultural Sites of ASEAN
6. ASEAN Colloquium on Oral History

Projects on Visual and Performing Arts

1. 6th Meeting of ASEAN Working Group on Visual and Performing Arts

2. 2nd ASEAN Travelling Exhibition on Paintings, Photography and Children's Art
3. 2nd ASEAN Theatre Festival
4. 2nd ASEAN Youth Music Workshop (2nd Cycle)

B. Projects on Information

Projects on Radio/Television and Films/Video

1. 6th Meeting of the ASEAN Working Group on Prints and Interpersonal Media
2. ASEAN Radio Cultural Programme Exchange
3. ASEAN TV Cultural Programme Exchange
4. 5th ASEAN Festival of Songs
5. 3rd ASEAN Film Week and Exchange of Film Personages
6. Documentary Video on Tourism in ASEAN
7. Workshop on Script Development for Films/Video and Television
8. Workshop on Films/Video Production Management

Projects on Print and Interpersonal Media

1. 6th Meeting of the ASEAN Working Group on Radio/TV and Films/Video
2. 4th Workshop Seminar for Journalists of the ASEAN News Agencies and Related News Organisation
3. 4th ASEAN Exchange of Journalists Programme
4. 2nd ASEAN Awards: Culture, Communication and Literary Works
5. Intra-ASEAN Training and Development Programme for Print and Interpersonal Media
6. A Comprehensive Survey of the Impact of ANEX in the ASEAN Region
7. ASEAN ANEX Training Programme

<input type="checkbox"/> COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND INFORMATION										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
I. PROJECTS ON CULTURE										
A. WORKING GROUP ON LITERARY WORKS										
1. Anthology of ASEAN Literatures Volume I		X		X			Philippines		AMCs	The 6th Meeting on Anthology of ASEAN Literatures was held in Bangkok on 24 October 1989. Vol. I to III may be considered as Phase I, to be completed by 1990. Volume IV & V comprising Phase III to be commenced after Phase I by each country in 1991.
B. ASEAN STUDIES										
1. Publication of ASEAN Directory of Museums		X			X		Singapore		AMCs	
2. Research Forms of Courtesy among ASEAN Member Countries		X		X			Thailand		AMCs	Thailand informed that the project is in the final stage of completion.
3. ASEAN Traditional Games and Sports	X		X				Malaysia		AMCs	
4. 6th Intra-ASEAN Archeological Excavation and Conservation	X				X		Brunei Darussalam		Kota Batu	The participating countries had suggested another project on Archeology entitled "ASEAN Archeological Resource Management". The project was held in Kota Batu, Brunei Darussalam, 22 October - 15 November 1989.
5. Children's Books and Source Materials on ASEAN Culture		X		X			Thailand		AMCs	Thailand informed that the three publications under Phase II are progressing well. The 1st publication "My Family" has been completed.
6. Comparative Study on the Use of Nursery Rhymes and Chants in ASEAN Countries		X		X			Thailand		AMCs	Thailand is awaiting the country reports.
7. Exchange of ASEAN Librarians	X				X		Indonesia		AMCs	The project executed consisted of exchange of visits in each member countries to broaden each countries librarians their scope of librarianship. The cycle of the exchange programme has been completed in a 3-year period from 1987 to
A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term										
B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn										
C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location										

COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND INFORMATION

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
8. Research of Common Historical Evidences in ASEAN Countries	X			X			Malaysia		AMCs	1989 which lasted in Bangkok on 19-30 November 1989. The Meeting was held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia in January 1989.
9. Library Networking and Interchange of Materials among ASEAN Libraries	X				X		Philippines		AMCs	A training programme will be held in Manila on October 7-13, 1990.
C. VISUAL ARTS										
1. First ASEAN Travelling Exhibition of Paintings, Photography and Children's Art		X			X		Indonesia		AMCs	The last exhibition was successfully held in Brunei Darussalam on 16-31 January 1990.
2. Photo Folio on ASEAN Sculptures.		X		X			Philippines		Philippines	
3. ASEAN Youth Sculpture Workshop and Exhibition	X		X				Thailand		Thailand	Thailand informed the 22nd COCI Meeting that the project is planned to be implemented from 12 June to 11 July 1990.
4. First ASEAN Art Workshop and Exhibition and Symposium on Aesthetics	X				X		Malaysia		Malaysia	The project has been successfully implemented from 2-22 October 1989. Malaysia also reported its readiness to host the second workshop.
5. ASEAN Architecture Symposium and Exhibition	X				X		Thailand		Thailand	The project was held in Bangkok on 21-29 May 1990.
D. PERFORMING ARTS										
1. Artistes-in-Residence		X			X		Thailand		Thailand	The first cycle of this project had been completed. Thailand reported that if by 30 June 1990 Evaluation Reports from the AMCs are not forwarded, then it would be an indication that the second cycle not be implemented.
2. Study Basic Traditional dance, Music, Choreography and Visual Arts	X				X		Thailand		Thailand	The project was held on 1 February to 30 April 1990. It aims to broaden the scope of knowledge of traditional culture and arts among the member countries (this is an ongoing project).

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND INFORMATION

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
3. ASEAN Composers Music Workshop	X		X				Malaysia	Malaysia	The Preparatory Meeting was held on 8-10 February 1990 and the Workshop be held from 8 to 16 July 1990.	
4. First ASEAN Dance Festival		X			X		Indonesia	Indonesia	The Festival was successfully completed and it recommended that future projects should have adequate publicity and the recording system should be fully considered.	
II. PROJECTS ON INFORMATION										
A. RADIO/TELEVISION										
1. 4th ASEAN Festival of Songs	X				X		Philippines	Philippines	Indonesia will be coordinating the next Song Festival in October 1990.	
2. ASEAN Radio Cultural Programme Exchange	X				X		Singapore	AMCs	This project is on-going.	
3. ASEAN Television Cultural Programme Exchange		X			X		Malaysia	AMCs	The 20th Meeting of the COCI was informed by Malaysia that the Programme Exchange for FY 88/89 entitled "Traditional Games" should be completed by December 1989.	
B. FILMS/VIDEO										
1. Study and Documentation of Current Film Legislation and Contradicting Values for Films in ASEAN		X			X		Thailand	AMCs	Thailand informed that the Editorial Meeting will be held in Bangkok from 24-27 July 1990, and Brunei Darussalam informed that the projects may be implemented without its participation.	
2. ASEAN Documentary on Agriculture		X		X			Indonesia	Indonesia	The 2nd Production Board Meeting of ASEAN Documentary Video on Agriculture was held in Jakarta on 18-19 May 1990 and it requested member countries to submit amendments by the end of June 1990.	
C. PRINT ON INTERPERSONAL MEDIA										
1. 4th ASEAN Editors Conference	X				X		Malaysia	Kuala Trengganu, Malaysia	The Project held biennially between representatives of the ASEAN news agencies and print & electronic media. This 4th Conference was held on 8-10 August 1989.	

A - Category of Projects

1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status

1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator

- D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations**
- E - Project Location**

COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND INFORMATION

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
2. Second Attachment Programme for the ASEAN News Exchange	X				X		Indonesia		Jakarta, Indonesia	The Programme was held from 2 Oct - 30 November 1989.
3. The Publication of ASEAN Flyers/Pamphlet	X				X		Malaysia		AMCS	The project had been completed and it is now in the process of being distributed via ASEAN Tourism Information Centre (ATIC).
4. ASEAN Cultural Traditional Media	X		X				Philippines		Philippines	The project is scheduled to be implemented on 17-20 September 1990.
III. ASEAN-CANADA										
1. Training of ASEAN Museum Professionals in Museology	X			X			Brunei Darussalam	Canada	Brunei Darussalam	The project is scheduled for implementation from 10 September to 30 November 1990. Canada has given priority to this project.
IV. ASEAN-JAPAN										
1. Conservation on Paintings and Works on Paper	X							Japan	Malaysia	The Programme will last for 3 months, it aims at training ASEAN museum/gallery personnel for practice in the care and conservation of works constituting cultural property. Venue: National Art Gallery, Kuala Lumpur.
2. ASEAN Centre of Excellence for the Conservation of Cultural Heritage		X					COCI	Japan	AMC	The 22nd COCI Meeting was informed that the Philippines is still waiting for a reply from Japan on the possibility of funding this project under the JAEP, JACEP or IATEP.
V. ASEAN-US										
1. Comparative Study of ASEAN Architecture		X	X					US	AMCs	This project aims to provide an over view of Indigenous Architecture in ASEAN Countries through identifying, cataloguing and studying the various architectural forms, functions and the process which generated them. The project is expected to last in 3 years.
VI. ASEAN-UNDP										
1. Conservation of Cultural Properties		X						UNDP	AMCs	The 22nd COCI Meeting was informed that the ASEAN Secretariat is waiting for the Project Performance Evaluation Report (PPER) by the executing agency of the project.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT (C O S D)

The Fifteenth Meeting of the ASEAN Committee on Social Development (COSD) was held in Manila on 24-26 May 1990. The Meeting considered and endorsed the following project proposals submitted by the Subsidiary bodies under it for onward transmission to and consideration of the ASEAN Standing Committee :-

- a. Prevention of Family Violence (AWP);
- b. ASEAN Youth Training Workshop (ASY);
- c. Exchange Programme for ASEAN Junior Youth Development Officers (ASY);
- d. Handicraft Workshop for ASEAN Youth (ASY);
- e. ASEAN Young Workers Workshop (ASY);
- f. Promotion of Self Employment and Development in the Informal Sector (ASCLA).

Social Welfare.

2 After a lapse of 13 years, the ASEAN Ministers Responsible for Social Welfare met again for the second time in Kuala Lumpur on 26 March 1990 (the First Meeting of the ASEAN Ministers Responsible for Social Welfare was in 1977 in Jakarta). This Second Meeting, agreed among others to :-

- a. adopt regional strategies for the development of social welfare in ASEAN community with the view to alleviating urgent social problems in ASEAN member countries;
- b. the enhancement and strengthening of cooperation to improve the quality of rural life in ASEAN through the holding of regional seminars, exchange of research findings and sharing of information;
- c. adopt the guiding principles for developmental social welfare policies and programmes

and that such principles be included in the strategies and policies for social welfare in the ASEAN region;

- d. appoint a multi-disciplinary experts group to study the feasibility of establishing a network of information exchange among ASEAN member countries;
- e. the holding of a consultative meeting among social welfare experts and representatives of NGOs to formulate a set of recommended guidelines on the participation of NGOs in the development of social welfare at regional and national levels;
- f. regional policy and cooperation on sports for the disabled;
- g. training and exchange programmes on social welfare be further enhanced;
- h. the enhancement of regional collaboration in social welfare through the development of more effective implementation mechanism in the ASEAN structure; and
- i. the organisation of a multi-agency experts group meeting to discuss the establishment of linkages among national adoption agencies.

Health and Nutrition.

3 The ASEAN Sub-Committee on Health and Nutrition (ASCH & N) which met in Manila from 6-8 March 1990 reviewed the progress of the three on-going projects, i.e., ASEAN Scholarship Programme for Applied Tropical Medicine and Public Health (ASEAN-TROPMED); ASEAN Institute for Health Development (which started as the ASEAN Training Centre for Primary Health Care under ASEAN-

□ COOPERATION IN SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Japan Human Resources Development) and ASEAN Technical Cooperation on Pharmaceuticals. In exploring regional strategies for a more effective collaboration on health and nutrition in the future, it was agreed that the thrusts would be on :-

- a. nutrition surveillance and improvement;
- b. prevention and control of diabetes; and
- c. human resources development.

Youth.

4 The 7th ASEAN Sub-Committee on Youth (ASY) met on 21-23 March 1990. For the enhancement of collaboration in the development of youth in the region, five new projects were endorsed for submission and consideration of the ASEAN Standing Committee :-

- a. ASEAN Youth Training Workshop (ASY);
- b. Exchange Programme for ASEAN Junior Youth Development Officers (ASY);
- c. Handicraft Workshop for ASEAN Youth (ASY);
- d. ASEAN Young Workers Workshop (ASY);
- e. ASEAN Directory of Non-Government Youth Organization (a Philippine national project with participation from other ASEAN member countries on cost-sharing basis).

Women

5 The Ninth Meeting of the ASEAN Women Programme (AWP) was held in Manila from 24-26 January 1990. The Meeting took cognizance of the difficulty in obtaining financial support for implementing projects and suggested the utilisation of local resources or the setting up of its own fund with contributions from intra- as well as extra-ASEAN resources.

Population.

6 There was no ASEAN Heads of Population Programme (AHPP) Meeting in the period of 1989/1990.

Labour.

7 The ASEAN Sub-Committee on Labour Affairs (ASCLA) met in Yogyakarta, Indonesia, from 12-14 September 1989 and agreed on its Terms of Reference. The Meeting further agreed on the following :-

- a. that ASCLA is a subsidiary bodies under the COSD;
- b. that ASCLA be formally linked to the ASEAN Labour Ministers Meeting (ALMM) through the Senior Officials of the Ministries of Labour;
- c. that ASCLA be responsible to both the COSD and the ALMM for technical matters including planning, management and coordination of the ASEAN technical cooperation/collaborative projects on labour;
- d. that ASCLA will prepare recommendations on operational matters and policy issues on labour-related matters for ASEAN cooperation.

8 It also agreed that the Promotion of Self Employment and Development in the Informal Sector (PIACT) project be submitted to the 5th Cycle of UNDP; the ASEAN Labour Information Network (ALINE) be strengthened and for the development of a format for TCDC training fellowship programme.



*THE SECOND MEETING OF ASEAN MINISTERS
RESPONSIBLE FOR SOCIAL WELFARE
26 - 26 MARCH 1990
KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYSIA*

□ COOPERATION IN SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Education.

9 The Fourth Meeting of the 23rd ASEAN Standing Committee approved the terms of reference of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on Education (SCOE). ASEAN Member countries were, however, requested to consult their respective lead agencies on the chairmanship of the Sub-Committee as well as the preferred date of its first meeting.

Natural Disaster.

10 The Sixth Meeting of the ASEAN Experts Group on Natural Disasters (AEGND) met in Bangkok from 13-15 December 1989 after a lapse of six years. Thailand's agreement to be the Monitoring Country for Natural Disasters in the region helped resolve the issue of the rotation of the ASEAN Natural Disaster Centre.

ASEAN Social Development Fund.

11 Like all the other ASEAN non-economic functional committees, the COSD continued to seek solutions to overcome the financial problem in implementing regional social development projects. The 15th COSD Meeting endorsed the creation of an ASEAN Social Development Fund (ASDF). The Meeting further agreed that the existing ASEAN Cultural Fund (ACF) be tapped as an initial source of fund for the ASDF. In addition to these the ASEAN Secretariat was assigned to study the

possibility of tapping private organisations/foundations as possible sources of funds for social development projects.

Handing-over of COSD-ITS Functions to the ASEAN Secretariat.

12 The 15th COSD Meeting also agreed to recommend to the ASEAN Standing Committee that the ASEAN Secretariat take over the functions of the COSD-ITS with the matter on the transfer of the Chairmanship of the Committee to be addressed at a later time. The ASEAN Standing Committee agreed to the COSD's recommendation for the ASEAN Secretariat to take over the functions of the COSD-ITS.

Conclusion

13 During the year under review, the sector of social development has not seen very much success in the implementation of its projects. Many projects under sub-sectors like Population, Women in Development, Labour, Health and Nutrition and Social Welfare have remained unimplementable due to the lack of funding. Only projects under the Youth sub-sector have been successfully implemented since they are small and inexpensive to finance. The search for innovative methods in seeking new sources of fund as well as the establishment of the ASEAN Social Development Fund may see some improvement in the years to come.

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
A. HEALTH AND NUTRITION HEALTH										
1. ASEAN Mental Health Seminar	X						Indonesia		ASEAN member countries	The 7th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on health and Nutrition, 11-13 April 1989, Makati, Philippines agreed that Philippines would further explore funding and pursue the conduct of the Seminar. The Meeting also agreed to explore alternative schemes for cost sharing for each ASEAN member countries participation in Seminar.
PRIMARY HEALTH CARE										
1. ASEAN Training Centre for Primary Health Care (ATC/PHC)	X			X			Thailand	Japan	ASEAN member countries	The 7th Meeting of ASEAN Sub-Committee on Health and Nutrition noted that Japan's assistance for a two year extension of the project ending in September 1989. The project also has been elevated to the ASEAN Institute for Health Development (AIHD) and shall continue to operate after September 1989 with funding provided three sources namely, The Royal Thai government, revenues obtained from the services rendered by the Institute and other external agencies such as the WHO, UNICEF, UNDP and JICA.
2. Technical Cooperation in Pharmaceutical among ASEAN countries		X		X			Indonesia	UNDP/WHO	ASEAN member countries	This project is on-going.
The 1989 Project Workplan:										The Prodoc Phase II was finalised and approved by WHO, UNDP and ASC, signed on February 9, 1987.
a. Development of Clinical Pharmacy	X			X			Brunei Darussalam	UNDP/WHO	Brunei Darussalam	
b. Establishment of a Regional Training Centre for Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)	X			X			Indonesia	UNDP/WHO	Indonesia	Subsequently, the Government of Singapore who initially decided to refrain from participating in herbal medicine activity had expressed its interest and wished to participate in the activity. This proposal was
c. Establishment of a Regional Training	X			X			Indonesia	UNDP/WHO	Indonesia	
A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term			B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn				C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location			

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Centre for Drug Information										accomodated without subsequent increase of UNDP allocation of the project.
d. Standardization Quality Control and Utilization Herbal Medicine	X			X			Indonesia	UNDP/WHO	Indonesia	
e. Training Programme for Drug Management at peripheral Level	X			X			Indonesia	UNDP/WHO	Indonesia	The 9th Meeting was planned to be held on 7-9 December 1989, but then postponed to indefinite time due to the request from the host country, Philippines. Recent activities of the project could not yet be produced.
f. Establishment of a Regional Training Centre for Laboratory Quality Control	X			X			Malaysia	UNDP/WHO	Malaysia	
g. Establishment of a Regional Training Center on Drug Evaluation	X			X			Philippines	UNDP/WHO	Philippines	
h. Strengthening of Communication Information and Education on Medicine to the Community	X			X			Singapore	UNDP/WHO	Singapore	
i. Development of Hospital Pharmacy Management	X			X			Thailand	UNDP/WHO	Thailand	
j. Establishment of a Regional Training for the Production and Utilization of Regional Standards and Reference Substances	X			X			Thailand	UNDP/WHO	Thailand	
3. ASEAN Scholarship Programme for Applied Tropical Medicine and Public Health (ASEAN-Thailand)		X		X			COSD-ITS	US	AMCs	The project is on-going at the Asian Institute of Technology (AIT) and will continue until 1992.
4. Health Promotion Through Health and Education	X						Thailand	Canada	AMCs	
5. ASEAN Project on the Prevention and Control of Acute Respiratory Infection in Children (ARIC)	X		X				Philippines	UNDP/WHO	ASEAN member countries	
NUTRITION										
1. ASEAN Diabetes Prevention and Control Project	X		X				Malaysia	JICA ASEAN Fund	ASEAN member countries	

A - Category of Projects

1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status

1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator

- D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations**
- E - Project Location**

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
2. Nutrition Surveillance		X					Philippines	UNDP	AMCs	15th COSD Meeting endorsed this project for funding under UNDP 5th Cycle.
3. Nutrition Improvement Efforts and Delivery Systems: Assessment of the State of Art in ASEAN	X						Philippines	Japan	AMCs	15th COSD Meeting endorsed this project for funding under JAEP.
B. SUB-COMMITTEE ON YOUTH										
1. ASEAN Documentary of Accomodation Facilities for Youth Travel (Singapore)	X			X			Singapore		ASEAN member countries	All inputs from member countries have been received by coordinator country and that a draft copy of the Directory has been circulated for further study by member countries.
2. ASEAN Youth Research and Resource Development Centre (Indonesia)	X			X			Indonesia		AMCs	Questionnaires for research was circulated to member countries in March 1989.
3. Fund Raising	X		X				Brunei Darussalam		AMCs	
4. ASEAN Youth Leadership Training Programme	X			X			Indonesia		AMCs	Scheduled implementation October 1989.
5. Preparing Rural Youth for a Better Future	X						Thailand	Japan	AMCs	
6. ASEAN Youth Camp	X			X			Brunei Darussalam		AMCs	
7. Workshop on ASEAN Youth and Cooperative Work	X		X				Thailand		ASEAN member countries	The workshop is scheduled to be implemented in August 1989. At the National Young Farmers Promotion Center, Thamuang District, Kanchanabury Province, Thailand, 5 representatives from each of the 6 ASEAN countries.
8. Workshop on Youth Entrepreneurship Development	X						Malaysia	Japan	AMCs	
C. ASEAN WOMEN PROGRAMME										
1. Network on Indicators and Statistics on Women	X						Philippines	UNDP	AMCs	15th Meeting of COSD agreed to recommend the ASC that the project be submitted to UNDP under the 5th cycle, instead of funding from Canada.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
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 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
2. ASEAN Seminar and Experts Group Meeting on Women's Studies and Development	X						Brunei Darussalam	Japan	AMCs	15th COSD Meeting endorsed this project for funding under JAEP
3. Finalization of the Thesaurus on Women in Development	X				X		Indonesia	UNDP	AMCs	
4. Network of Vocational Training for Women		X		X			Thailand	ILO/UNDP	AMCs	The workplan for the preparatory phase prepared by ILO had been submitted to UNDP and circulated to member countries.
5. ASEAN Network of Clearinghouse on Women in Development	X		X				Indonesia		AMCs	
6. Seminar on Women in Development for Senior Development Planners										
7. Training of Trainers on Gender Analysis in Project Development	X		X				Thailand	Canada	AMCs	
8. Study on Women's Role in the Socialization Process	X		X				Indonesia			
9. Development of Educational and Media Materials for Consciousness Raising on Gender Issues	X						Thailand		AMCs	- ditto -
10. ASEAN Seminar on Peace Education for Peace	X		X							
D. LABOUR COOPERATION										
1. ASEAN-EC Management Center		X						Malaysia	EC	The 1st Meeting of the 24th ASC was informed that all member countries agreed to Brunei Darussalam's proposal for Malaysia to sign the agreement on behalf of ASEAN.
2. ASEAN-Canada Scholarship Fund		X					Brunei Darussalam	Canada	AMCs	The project has been rescheduled to February 1991.
3. ASEAN Volunteer Corps Exchange Programme	X						Malaysia	Japan	AMCs	Malaysia hosted a meeting of the ASEAN National Project Coordinators in June 1990 to discuss the procedural and logistical details for the program implementation.

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COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
4. Study of Staff Development Practices in Service Organization of Selected Countries	X		X				Philippines	Japan	AMCs	
5. Intra-University Seminar on ASEAN-Japan Relationship	X				X		Indonesia	Japan	Indonesia	The Seminar was successfully concluded from July 31 to 2 August 1989. 25 Professors from various Universities of the AMCs participated in the Seminar.
6. University Exchange Programme on an ASEAN Basis						X	COSD-ITS	N.Z	AMCs	Since N.Z. has not positively responded for the last 4 years to the ASEAN request for the funding, this project is then withdrawn.
7. Research Fellowship in ASEAN Affairs at the Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS)		X		X				N.Z	AMCs	The 4th Meeting of the 23rd ASC noted that Phase III of the project is on-going and agreed to include Brunei Darussalam in the rotation.
8. English for Business and Technology	X			X			Indonesia	N.Z	AMCs	This project is an on-going project.
9. Cooperation in Social Welfare		X					COSD-ITS		AMCs	In view of funding difficulty, the project is recommended by the ASC for possible funding under JAEP.
E. ASEAN POPULATION PROGRAMME PHASE IV										
1. Community-based Health and Social Programme for the Elderly	X						Indonesia		AMCs	The COSD-ITS has submitted this project to UNDP funding under the 5th Cycle-ICP.
2. Strengthening Population/Family Planning Program Management in ASEAN	X						Indonesia		AMCs	The COSD-ITS has submitted this project to UNDP funding under the 5th Cycle-ICP.
3. Reduction of Infant Mortality Rate	X						Thailand		AMCs	- ditto -
4. ASEAN Population Coordination Unit (APCU)							Philippines		AMCs	The 15th COSD had agreed for this project be submitted for funding under the UNDP 5th Cycle but it should be scaled down to meet the qualifications and the guidelines for project funding set by the different funding agencies, particularly the IATEP or the JAEP.
5. Urbanization and Development in ASEAN	X						Brunei Darussalam		AMCs	- ditto -

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C - Project Coordinator
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E - Project Location

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
6. Family Development Project Phase IV	X						Malaysia		AMCs	- ditto -
7. Integration of Population Development Planning in ASEAN	X						Philippines		AMCs	- ditto -

A - Category of Projects
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E - Project Location

COOPERATION IN DRUGS AND NARCOTICS CONTROL

Although intensive efforts have been undertaken both at regional and national levels in the field of narcotics prevention and control, the danger of drug abuse still exists in the ASEAN region. Indication of its close association with the dreadful Acquired Immunity Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) continues to worry both narcotics agencies and the health authorities. The main drug abusers in the region continue to be the youth population.

2 Regional efforts at the control and prevention of the narcotics problem continue to be guided by the Five Year Programme of Action adopted at the 11th ASOD Meeting, the Comprehensive Multi-disciplinary Outline (CMO) adopted by International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking (ICDAIT) in 1987 as well as any international development in the battle against the narcotics menace. At the Second Interregional Heads of Narcotics Law Enforcement Agencies Meeting held at the UN Office in Vienna, in September 1989, ASEAN supported the resolution to provide moral and physical assistance to Colombia's battle against the cocaine cartels operating in the country.

3 To date, no ASEAN member country has yet ratified the Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances. Nonetheless, national and regional activities conducted are very much in line with the provisions of the Convention.

4 In terms of regional projects implemented, there were only two in the period of 1989/1990 :-

- a. Training Workshop for Narcotics Law Enforcement Officers, Bangkok, 20-24 November 1989 (funded by the UNDP);

Research and Training Centre in Singapore in

26 February – 23 March 1990 (funded by the EC).

5 The EC has also agreed to finance two ASEAN-EC Experts Seminar on Drugs Abuse later in 1990 in the areas of :-

- a. Treatment and Rehabilitation, to be held in Malaysia in August 1990;
- b. Drug Preventive Education, to be held in the Philippines in November 1990.

6 The Financing Agreement for this project was signed by the Chairman of the ASEAN Brussels Committee (ABC) on behalf of ASEAN in May 1990.

7 The 13th Meeting of ASEAN Senior Officials on Drug Matters is scheduled to be held in Brunei Darussalam in September 1990.

8 More effective regional cooperative efforts in drug prevention and control in the period of 1989/1990 has been conspicuously slackened due to the lack of financial support from dialogue partners which has been the main and only source of funds for regional drugs control and prevention efforts. On-going projects like the New Zealand-funded ASEAN Training for Narcotics Detection and Investigation (which should have been in its third and final year) had not been implemented due the budgetary constraint being faced by New Zealand. However, at the 6th Meeting of the 22nd ASEAN Standing Committee in Bandar Seri Begawan in June 1989, it was suggested that local financial resources like the ASEAN Fund be tapped to financially support regional drugs prevention and control projects.

☐ ASEAN SENIOR OFFICIALS ON DRUG MATTERS										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. ASEAN Courses for Drug Rehabilitation Professionals		X			X		Malaysia	UNDP	Sungai Petani, Malaysia	Training Programme implemented. A Tripartite Review Meeting was held in September 1988.
2. The Training Programme for ASEAN Youth in Drug Abuse Prevention Activities		X					Brunei Darussalam		Brunei Darussalam	This Project was reformulated and consolidated into the Project below (Project 10)
3. The ASEAN Training for Narcotics Detection and Investigation		X		X			Brunei Darussalam	New Zealand	Wellington	The first and Second components were completed. Third course was postponed, pending availability of funds. The 10th ASEAN/New Zealand had agreed to implement the project in the over planning stage.
4. ASEAN Training for Trainers in Preventive Drug Education	X		X				Philippines	Canada	Manila	Canada has included the project in the short-term component of the Regional Training Programme (RTP), but it is placed last in the order of priority.
5. An Observation tour on Custom Enforcement on Narcotics Control in ASEAN Countries	X						Singapore	USA	Singapore	
6. An Observation Tour on Custom Enforcement on Narcotics Control in Australia	X						Malaysia	Australia	Australia	
7. ASEAN Narcotics Law Enforcement Workshops and Training Courses		X		X				UNDP		The first Workshop for Senior Narcotics Officers in financial investigation and forfeiture of assets was held in Bangkok late November 1989. The second Workshop is expected to be held in January 1991. The Training Course for mid level Narcotics Officers will be held in November 1990.
8. ASEAN Training of Narcotics and Handling Instructors	X			X			Malaysia	EC	England	To date, only one session of the advanced dog-handling instructors was held (from October to 2 December 1988 where 7 ASEAN participants attended. At the 6th Meeting of the 22nd ASC, the ASEAN-EC Country Coordinator was requested to pursue with the EC for the

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
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C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

ASEAN SENIOR OFFICIALS ON DRUG MATTERS

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
9. ASEAN Counselling Courses for Drug Rehabilitation Professionals		X					Malaysia	UNDP	Malaysia	conduct of the remaining courses. Submitted for consideration under UNDP 5th ICP.
10. ASEAN Training and Study Observation for National Youth Leaders in Preventive Drug Education and Community Information	X		X				Brunei Darussalam		Brunei Darussalam	This was a reformulated version of Project 2 above.
11. Illicit Drug Use and ASEAN families : A Cross Cultural Study	X						Philippines		Member countries	
12. Development and Validation of Evaluation Instrument for Preventive Drug Education Programmes	X						Philippines	UNDP	Manila	Submitted for funding under UNDP's 5th ICP.
13. Follow-up and Evaluation of the ASEAN Study Observation Programme for Preventive Drug Education and Community Information Personnel	X						Philippines		Member countries	The project is to assess the implementation of the plans of action & recommendations of the ASEAN Study Observation Programme conducted in 1987.
14. Strengthening ASEAN Preventive Drug Information Programme		X					Philippines	USA	USA/and member countries	The project aims to study and evaluate the effects of the various preventive drug information programme which had been implemented in the ASEAN countries in the past.
15. ASEAN Training of Trainers in Drug Preventive Education	X		X					Canada		Canada has included the project in the Regional training Programme (RTP), it is placed last in the order of priority.
16. ASEAN-EC Experts Seminars on Drugs Abuse	X		X				Malaysia/ Philippines	EC	Philippines	The Preparatory Group Meeting will be held at the ASEAN Secretariat in Jakarta, 20-21 September 1990. Malaysia and Philippines are requested to provide venue of the Seminars.
17. ASEAN Research and Training Centre for the Detection of Drugs in Body Fluids		X		X			Singapore	EC	Singapore	The 1st Training Course for 12 Chemists was held at ASEAN Institute of Drug Abuse Singapore from 26 February to 3 March 1990.

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C - Project Coordinator
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COOPERATION IN ENVIRONMENT

The multifarious regional activities in the field of the environment and the apparent conflict between economic development and environmental protection, which are of vital concern to the ASEAN Governments, lead to the establishment of the ASEAN Senior Officials on the Environment (ASOEN).

2 ASOEN was formalized after the adoption of the ASEAN Plan of Action on Science and Technology (the Plan) by the ASEAN Ministers on Science and Technology in January 1989 and the approval of its terms of reference (TOR) by the Third Meeting of the 23rd ASEAN Standing Committee in March 1990. In the Plan, the structure of the Committee on Science and Technology (COST) was reorganized and its ASEAN Experts Group on the Environment (AEGE) was elevated to ASEAN Senior Officials status entitling it to report directly to the ASEAN Standing Committee. Research and Development activities on the environment will, however, remain under the purview of COST.

3 ASOEN, guided by the Jakarta Resolution on Sustainable Development issued by the ASEAN Ministers on the Environment in October 1987 and the relevant section on Functional Cooperation in the Manila Declaration adopted by the ASEAN Heads of Government in 1987, would promote the principle of sustainable development systematically integrating it into all aspects of development process and focus on policy guidelines to protect ASEAN's common resources and environment.

Programme Areas

4 The ASEAN Environment Programme (ASEP) was designed to promote the proper management of the environment so that it can sustain continual economic development while maintaining a high quality of life for the people of ASEAN countries.

ASEP I was implemented in 1978-1982 and ASEP II in 1983-1987. ASEP III commenced in 1988 with six programme areas, as follows :-

Environmental Management

5 This area deals with the problems of the environment and the use of management tools, such as environmental impact assessment (EIA) and the application of advanced technologies, as remote sensing, to solve the problems or at least mitigate their adverse impacts.

6 National activities on information dissemination on EIA and a regional activity on comparative environmental law in ASEAN are being implemented. Projects on EIA/Study on Coal-Fired Power Plants, EIA of Mini-hydro Power Plants and Regional Technical Cooperation Programme for Improving Environmental Monitoring and Surveillance through Remote Sensing are projects approved for implementation.

Nature Conservation and Terrestrial Ecosystem

7 Projects in this area are aimed at integrating environmental protection, economic development and quality of life. Achievement includes the Agreement on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources and the ASEAN Declaration on Heritage Parks and Reserves. Current projects are directed towards attainment of a rational approach to conservation and development as the Establishment of ASEAN Wildlife Society, Establishment of an ASEAN Information Centre on Nature Conservation and Meetings of ASEAN Experts on Nature Conservation.

Industry and Environment

8 The objective of projects in this area includes: finding feasible solutions to major industrial pol-

□ COOPERATION IN ENVIRONMENT

lution problems in ASEAN countries, as those coming from the palm oil and rubber industries in Malaysia, the coconut and sugar processing industries in the Philippines and the tapioca processing industries in Thailand; the promotion of intra-ASEAN transfer of technology through demonstration projects in industrial pollution; and the establishment of proper management programmes for control of hazardous waste and development of regional programmes on prevention of industrial accidents.

9 On-going projects include: Technology Transfer on the Treatment of Effluents from Palm Oil and Rubber Industries and Anti-Pollution Technologies for Urban and Rural Areas and Air Pollution Control and Management in Fluid Gas Desulphurization and Denitrification.

Urban Environment

10 The projects are aimed at solving environmental problems not necessarily related to industry as air and water pollution, solid waste, inadequate urban parks and greenery, the presence of slums and other forms of marginal settlements, and those associated with developments, like traffic noise and congestion and the bio-physical effects associated with the construction of high-rise structures in cities of ASEAN.

11 On-going projects are Study of Management and Control of Hazardous Materials in the U.S., Workshops on Air Quality Monitoring and Management, and Application of Meteorological Data in the Air Pollution Monitoring and Control in the ASEAN Region.

Marine Environment

12 The marine environment being a common heritage and an abundant source of resources, if used rationally, can help foster economic development and improve the quality of life in ASEAN, thus needs to be conserved and protected.

13 The Action Plan for the Protection and Development of the Marine Environment and Coastal Areas of East Asian Region is currently being reappraised and revised. The preparatory phase for the Development of Cooperation Action Plan for Oil Pollution Combat (South China Sea) was completed.

Environmental Education, Training and Information

14 This area deals with human resources development (HRD), promoting environmental awareness in other sectors and further enhancing information exchange among member countries.

15 Regional and national projects leading to the establishment of an information network, development of communication media and materials for enhancing environmental awareness in ASEAN and training of trainers on environmental education in ASEAN are being implemented in this area.

Implementing Mechanism of ASOEN

16 The Fourth ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on the Environment (4th AMME) in June 1990, in Kuala Lumpur accepted the recommendations of the SOM for 4th AMME that Six Working Groups under ASOEN were to be established as follows :-

Working Group	Country Coordinator
a. ASEAN Working Group on Nature Conservation to be responsible for all aspects of nature conservation including biological diversity;	Malaysia
b. ASEAN Working Group on ASEAN Seas and Marine Environment;	Brunei Darussalam
c. ASEAN Working Group on Transboundary Pollution to be responsible for issues such as global climate change, depletion of ozone layer, toxic and hazardous wastes;	Singapore

□ **COOPERATION IN ENVIRONMENT**

- | | | |
|----|---|-------------|
| d. | ASEAN Working Group on Environmental Management which would cover aspects of legal matters, environmental impact assessment, environmental monitoring and environmental training; | Philippines |
| e. | ASEAN Working Group on Environmental Economics; and | Indonesia |
| f. | ASEAN Working Group on Environmental Information, Public Awareness and Education. | Thailand |

17 The coordination of the Six Working Groups was assigned to each of the ASEAN member countries as indicated above. Malaysian was made the

first Chairman of ASOEN. ASOEN held its first meeting on 19 June 1990, in Subang, Malaysia.



ASEAN COOPERATION IN CIVIL SERVICE MATTERS

The ASEAN Conference on Civil Service Matters (ACCSM) has been institutionalized as part of the ASEAN machinery since the Second Meeting of the 21st ASEAN Standing Committee, Bangkok, 20-22 October 1987. The ACCSM has the status equal to that of the ASEAN Committees and reports directly to the ASEAN Standing Committee.

2 The activities of the ACCSM are in line with one of the aims and purposes prescribed in the ASEAN Declaration (Bangkok Declaration), Bangkok, 8 August 1967, namely, "to promote active collaboration and mutual assistance on matters of

common interest in the economic, social, cultural, technical, scientific and **administrative** fields".

3 The Fifth ASEAN Conference on Civil Service Matters was held in Jakarta and Bali from 4 to 9 September 1989. The theme of the conference was "Human Resource Development and its impacts on the Improvement of Public Services in ASEAN". The Meeting deliberated on civil service system relating to performance appraisal report and new policies for the improvement of the system, merit system, personnel information system, promotion system and job analysis as well as education and training.



Vice-President of the Republic of Indonesia and delegates to the Fifth ASEAN conference on Civil Service Matters posed at the Indonesian State Palace, Jakarta, 4 September 1989.



ASEAN RELATIONS WITH THE DIALOGUE PARTNERS

ASEAN-Australia

During the Post Ministerial Conference (PMC) with Australia in July 1989, the ASEAN Ministers emphasized that more efforts were needed to narrow the trade gap between Australia and ASEAN and Australia and its other major trading partners (Japan, EC, USA and New Zealand). The Ministers noted that although the two-way trade had increased considerably, ASEAN's and Australia's shares in each other's global trade remained small.

2 In 1989, the Australian Government approved a report on the proposal to inspect imported goods submitted by its Inter-Departmental Working Group. Upon ASEAN's request for consultations, the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) officials met ASEAN Canberra Committee on 16 August 1989 and advised ASEAN to submit its concerns to the Australian Government before the implementation of the proposed programme, possible in April/May 1990. ASEAN identified the products likely to be affected by this programme and determine its possible trade impact on ASEAN food and beverage exports to Australia.

3 In response to ASEAN concerns over the Australia Trade Union's ban on the use of imported tropical plywood, Australia stated that such action on the part of the union was taken on a unilateral basis, and was in no way indicative of the Government's policies in relation to the issue of the import of tropical timbers.

4 Another matter of concern to ASEAN is Australia's revision of its legislation on controls of therapeutic goods which requires that imported pharmaceutical products and therapeutic devices met WHO standards. Australia advised that certi-

fication of therapeutic goods, not necessarily only WHO certification, would be acceptable from countries which have standards of manufacture at least equivalent to Australia's. The ASEAN Canberra Committee would liaise with the Therapeutic Goods Administration concerning this issue.

5 Altogether, 23 private sector representatives, of which 18 were from ASEAN countries and 5 from Australia, took part in the 13th ASEAN-Australia Forum, held in Singapore, 17-18 May 1990. Members of the ASEAN-Australia Business Council (AABC) presented papers. The ASEAN Section identified some shortcomings in the trade and investment relations between ASEAN and Australia, the Australian sector on the other hand, viewed this relationship in the global context. The need for the dialogue which the private sector could press forward in concert with governments to improve trade and investment links was emphasized. Both the ASEAN and the Australian Sections of the AABC acknowledge that AsiaPacific trade was forecast to account for over 50% of world trade by the year 2000 thus creating considerable opportunities for the expansion of trade and investment between ASEAN and Australia, and to third countries.

6 ASEAN welcomed the opportunity for discussions with Australia on environmental cooperation at the ASEAN Australia Forum. ASEAN noted that Australia possessed the expertise and technology in environmental control and protection, such as chemical technology, waste management, water resources technology and environmental education programme. ASEAN and Australia noted that their proximity to each other reinforced the need for close cooperation in environmental issues. Both ASEAN and Australia considered it important that Asia-Pacific perspectives were fully taken into account in international discussions on those issues and

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agreed to explore the possibility of establishing consultations at experts level.

7 On the development cooperation, the ASEAN-Australia Economic Cooperation Programme Phase II (AAECP II), Australia reaffirmed its commitment to strengthening trade and investment links with ASEAN and noted the importance of the Trade and Investment Promotion Programme (TIPP) as a mechanism for this purpose. Although implementation of the TIPP had been largely satisfactory, a comprehensive analysis should be undertaken by both sides after 1990/1991, in order to establish directions for future cooperation.

8 In the Second Meeting of the AAECP Joint Planning Committee, held in Singapore, 14-15 May 1990 a forward programming for AAECP II was agreed upon. This was considered to be an indicative guide to selection of activities for implementation in the later stages of Phase II. It was agreed that proposals to extend existing projects may provide some of the best options for programming years 4 and 5 of AAECP II.

9 Implementation of all agreed AAECP II projects has now commenced. Further necessary design work has been undertaken and project design documents are completed and agreed upon. Approval for all projects has been sought and obtained from the Australian Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade and Australian project advisers have also been selected for each project.

10 Consistent with the 1988 ASEAN-Australia Memorandum of Understanding, the 1989/1990 budget for the Australian aid programme included allocation for AAECP Phase II totalling A\$ 7 M (A\$1 M for TIPP and A\$6 M for other projects).

11 ASEAN and Australia noted the key role being played by telecommunications in economic and social growth and the rapid pace of both technological and policy development in this field. The Forum also noted that ASEAN countries and Australia are represented at the international meetings which are considering development of the institutional arrangements by which international telecommunications is governed, especially INTEL-SAT, the International Telecommunication Union and the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

12 The Forum shared the view that there should be no Regional Standard Setting Organization separate from the International Telecommunications Union (ITU) and that the future of AsiaPacific Telecommunity (APT) was not a matter for discussion at the Forum. The Forum was of the view that there could be mutual benefits in appropriate exchanges of information regarding telecommunications issues of common interest to ensure that ASEAN countries and Australia are aware of each other's views.

13 ASEAN welcomed Australia's interest in broadening its contributions to human resource development and agreed that there was tremendous room for increased interaction in the fields of education, training and research. ASEAN noted with interest Australia's review of its overseas student policy and welcomed the latter's desire to encourage its institutions to promote programmes that would be more responsive to the special need of overseas students. ASEAN hoped that the Australian Government would also extend its scholarship schemes to all the ASEAN countries.

14 The successful completion of the first phase of the AAECP together with the innovative commercial values of the projects in the second phase will help boost the ASEAN-Australia Dialogue. The involvement of the private sectors in the dialogue could revitalise and energise the relationship, particularly in the trade and investment field. The timing of these developments is even more significant as events in Europe may temporarily detract the attention of world economic powers away from the region.

ASEAN-Canada

15 The Sixth Meeting of the ASEAN-Canada Joint Cooperation Committee (JCC) was held in Bandar Seri Begawan on 21-22 November 1989. The Meeting deliberated on the various aspects of the ASEAN-Canada cooperation as well as international and regional economic issues of mutual concern. The JCC Meeting also had a useful discussion on the high priority which the ASEAN and Canadian Governments place on addressing the environmental problems. Both sides pledged to work more closely and seek new ways to cooperate in the protection and preservation of the environ-

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ment. The Meeting saw the active participation of the representatives of the ASEAN-Canada Business Council (ACBC) which reflected the growing partnership between the governments and the business community in expanding trade and investment between ASEAN and Canada.

16 On economic cooperation, the JCC Meeting agreed to intensify consultations on trade issues through trade policy and MTN discussions in the ASEAN region. It was noted that a team of Canadian MTN experts would be travelling to the ASEAN region for negotiations on the MTN issues. It is expected that the consultations would take place in September 1990. On the Canada-US Free Trade Agreement (FTA), Canada agreed to undertake an impact study of the FTA on ASEAN exports to Canada. With respect to the commodity issues, Canada indicated that it intended to proceed with an amendment to its regulation on labelling requirements for vegetable oils.

17 With regard to the trade issues, a Canadian official visited all ASEAN countries in February/April

1990 to look into the administrative difficulties on handicraft exports to Canada as well as conducted a seminar on the utilization of the Canadian General Preferential Tariff. On trade promotion activities, Canada verified that it was not able to continue its ASEAN Trade Promotion Programme. Nevertheless, Canada indicated that ASEAN countries continue to be eligible for support through the Trade Facilitation Office and were encouraged to do so.

18 In the area of development cooperation, Canada indicated that it would be implementing a second phase of some of the on-going projects as well as to implement those projects identified under the Regional Training Programme (RTP) in which an amount of CDN \$ 9.1 million has been committed. On the short-term component of the RTP, two projects namely the Radio Frequency Management and Use of Computers for Commercial and Administrative Application in Telecommunications have been implemented. Canada has confirmed to undertake another five projects this year and tentative arrangements have been made for one additional project as indicated below :-

CANADA-ASEAN REGIONAL TRAINING PROGRAMME

<u>COURSE TITLE</u>	<u>LENGTH (WEEKS)</u>	<u>COURSE CAPACITY</u>	<u>STATE DATE (1990)</u>
Training course on Computer Applications Customs Administration in Canada	4	12	Proposed for September
Cooperation in the field Computerization in Tax Administration	4	12	October 1
Health Promotion through Health Education Programme	4	17	August 15
Training of ASEAN Museum Professionals in Museology	12	8	September 10
Study Tour at the Canada Export Development Corporation	2	12-18	To be established
Regional Training in the Use of Computers for Commercial & Administration Application in Telecommunication	12	12	April 10 (Completed)
Radio Frequency Management (Spectrum Management System)	10	8	June 19, 1989 (Completed)

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In addition, the Canada-ASEAN Centre will field an education specialist in September/October 1990 to work with ASEAN officials on the design of next years' training courses.

19 Regarding other areas of the development cooperation, Canada has indicated that it would support a second phase of the project on ASEAN Institute of Forest Management. The management plan for phase II of the project is being prepared by Canada. With regard to the project on ASEAN-Canada Cooperation in the Ku-Band Propagation Measurement Programme, the Plan of Operation for the project was signed on 9 January 1990 by the President of the Communication Authority of Thailand on behalf of ASEAN and CIDA on behalf of the Canadian Government.

20 With respect to the projects on ASEAN Fisheries Post Harvest Programme, the ASEAN-Canada Solar Energy in Drying Processes and the Establishment of Environment Criteria for the Development and Management of Living Marine Resources and Health Hearth Protection, the Memoranda of Understanding (MOU) for these projects are currently being considered by ASEAN and Canadian officials. It is expected that the projects will be implemented once the MOUs have been signed.

21 Canada's assistance to the ASEAN Secretariat to improve its information system was realized through an Exchange of Letters between the Canada-ASEAN Centre and the ASEAN Secretariat in January 1990. Funding for this project is now in place and the Canada-ASEAN Centre has finalized a contract with a consultant who would be commencing the project soon.

22 A significant development in the ASEAN-Canada Relations was the establishment of the Canada-ASEAN Centre in Singapore which was officially open by Mr. Joe Clark, the Canadian Secretary of State for External Affairs on 10 July 1989. The broad purpose of the Centre is to facilitate the building of linkage and institutional relationships between ASEAN countries and Canada. To date the activities of the Centre have been limited to the management of ASEAN development programmes and regional institution programmes. It is expected that upon the appointment of an Executive Director, the Centre's focus of activity

will evolve beyond the CIDA programmes into a variety of programmes emphasizing contact between ASEAN and Canadian peoples.

23 A Special ASEAN-Canada Ministerial Meeting will be held in Jasper, Canada from 5 to 7 October 1990. The key objective of the meeting is to create an opportunity for strategic assessment of the ASEAN-Canada relationship. Plans have been made to bring the business representatives from each ASEAN country to Canada in conjunction with the Jasper Meeting. Programmes such as an ASEAN-Canada Business Council Seminar on ASEAN Business Climate and Opportunities have been arranged.

ASEAN-EC

24 Positive progress was evident during the period under review on the ASEAN Cooperation with the European Community (EC). This has been reflected in the increase in trade flows between the two region particularly for industrial products. The cooperation agreement between ASEAN and EC have also been extended since October 1989 for another period of two years.

25 The 8th ASEAN-EC Ministerial Meeting held in Kuching, Sarawak, Malaysia, 16-17 February 1990 reaffirmed that the extension of the cooperation agreement demonstrated the strong commitment of both sides to strengthen further their relation. However, while recognizing that the ASEAN-EC relations have diversified and registered impressive progress, both sides agreed that a review of existing cooperation was needed to chart the course of ASEAN-EC relations to meet the challenges of the 90s, notably on the one hand by strengthening the impact of economic, financial and industrial cooperation, human resources development and science and technology programmes and by increasing trade flows and investments and by encouraging participation of the private sector, and on the other hand, continuing to focus on assistance to the poor segment of the rural population, with special attention given to the participation of women in the development process and environmental protection.

26 On the development cooperation, despite some delays due two "differential treatment" accorded by EC in implementing some of the

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regional projects, two regional cooperation projects have become operational during the period under review, i.e. :-

- i. The ASEAN-EC Aquaculture Development and Coordination Programme (AADCP), with the main objectives of improving the productivity through know-how and technology transfer in fish farming, and
- ii. ASEAN-EC Industrial Standards and Quality Control Programme.

27 During the 8th AEMM, the ASEAN Ministers expressed their appreciation for the important contribution by the EC in the field of development cooperation and hoped that this cooperation would be expanded both in scope and depth in regional projects open to all its member states.



The Foreign Ministers of ASEAN and the Dialogue Partners at the end of the Post Ministerial Conferences, Bandar Seri Begawan, 8 July 1989.

28 On the market access and trade promotion from ASEAN to EC, while some positive progress has been achieved during the period under review, ASEAN needs to intensify its efforts to take advantage of the new opportunities available such as through the acquisition of the EC GSP Scheme as an important tool to diversify and increase ASEAN exports to the EC. Differences in opinion still exist on both sides on the market access question and it should be noted that during the 8th AEMM, both Ministers agreed that problems or shortcomings in bilateral trade relation should be taken up by ASEAN-EC Joint Trade Experts Group at next JCC Meetings.

28 Another important recent development which need serious attention in ASEAN-EC relations is the establishment of the European Single Market in 1992. During the 8th AEMM, the ASEAN Ministers while welcoming the trade and investment opportunities created as a result of the removal of internal barriers, also expressed concern over possible adverse impact of the Single Market on ASEAN trade with EC. However, the EC Ministers assured them that the EC would remain open to its trading partners because of its commitment of the multi-lateral trading system and that the Single Market would lead to an improvement of EC Competitiveness and further stimulate the liberalization of world trade. The ASEAN Ministers welcomed this assurance and agreed that ASEAN and the EC were dependent on export-led growth and therefore any move towards liberalising trade could only be beneficial to both regions. Furthermore, both sides agreed that sector specific workshops on the impact and opportunity of the Single Market on ASEAN's trade and investments with the EC, be held in an ASEAN Capital.

ASEAN-Japan

29 On ASEAN-Japan Relations, the eleventh in the series of annual dialogue meetings between ASEAN and Japan was held in Manila from 3 – 4 October 1989 during the year under review.

30 Significant results of the Eleventh ASEAN-Japan Forum included Japan's agreement to the ASEAN proposal for the participation of the private sector at the Forum. The participation of ASEAN and Japanese private sectors can start at the Twelfth Forum which is tentatively scheduled for September 1990. Japan also expressed their readiness to hold a meeting of trade experts between ASEAN and Japan before the next Forum. The Trade Experts Meeting is expected to provide a venue for extensive discussion and resolution of bilateral trade issues.

31 Another significant development during the period under review was the ASEAN-Japan Development Fund (AJDF). Indonesia has committed funds from the AJDF under Category B (National Projects) while Malaysia has disbursed funds from the AJDF for its projects under the same Category during the period under review. The other member countries

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namely, Brunei Darussalam, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand are still in the process of negotiating with the Japanese authorities (on the utilization of the Fund) and there appears to be a need to expeditiously settle all outstanding issues between Japan and the ASEAN member countries concerned on the utilization of the Fund. There has been no progress also on the utilization of Category A (Regional AJDF Projects) and the equity portion of the Fund.

32 The Eleventh ASEAN-Japan Forum provided valuable opportunity for discussions among ASEAN and Japanese officials on the Uruguay Round of the MTN and Commodity Issues currently being addressed by international economic forums. The Forum also addressed trade and trade-related issues affecting ASEAN countries and Japan; investment and industrial cooperation; development cooperation in the areas of food, agriculture and forestry, science and technology, HRD; and cultural cooperation.

33 In view of the difficulty encountered by the ASEAN Committee on Social Development in sourcing funds for its projects, ASEAN recently decided to request Japan to allocate US\$ 5 Million from the ASEAN Cultural Fund as seed money for the ASEAN Social Development Fund. A joint demarche on this subject has been presented to Japan and ASEAN agreed to follow-up the matter during the PMC in July 1990.

34 The Twelfth Meeting of the ASEAN-Japan Forum is scheduled to held in Tokyo, Japan in September 1990.

35 Brunei Darussalam has acceded to the Agreement on the Establishment of the ASEAN Promotion Centre on Trade, Investment and Tourism (APC) in Tokyo. The Ambassador of Brunei Darussalam to Indonesia deposited with the Secretary-General of the ASEAN Secretariat, Brunei Darussalam's instrument of acceptance as well as affixing his signature on behalf of Brunei Darussalam, to the original text of the said Agreement. The same procedures were also carried out in Tokyo by the Ambassador of Brunei Darussalam to Japan, as Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan is the depository of the other original text of the Agreement on 8 June 1990.

ASEAN-New Zealand

36 The Tenth Meeting of the 'ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue held in Wellington, New Zealand, 10-11 May 1990, was marked by the business representatives participation in a joint officials – private sector session of the Dialogue. This was in line with the call of the Third Meeting of ASEAN Heads of Government for greater private sector participation in the dialogue process.

37 In the past year ASEAN's economic growth and political stability has been important factors in the expansion of mutually beneficial cooperation among the ASEAN member countries. New Zealand as one of the developed countries has positively contributed to this cooperation, particularly in the economic and development fields. Increased mutual understanding and convergence of perceptions on certain regional and international political and issues of common interest have further strengthened ASEAN-New Zealand dialogue relations.

38 Although there has been quite a substantial growth in the ASEAN – New Zealand trade over the past year, the overall trade remained insignificant. The ASEAN-New Zealand Business Council (ANZBC) noted complementarities between the economies of ASEAN and New Zealand. There was a need for more joint ventures complementarities. The ANZBC identified a number of activities needing government support, to encourage trade and investment links: trade fairs, technology tours and executive exchanges.

39 In the field of tourism, the ASEAN-New Zealand flows of tourists increased significantly. At present, New Zealand visitors outnumbered ASEAN visitors to New Zealand. Departures to ASEAN countries by New Zealand residents increased by 39% in the year to March 1990 over the preceding year to reach a total of 38,000. Tourism was one of the major growth industries for both ASEAN and New Zealand.

40 The past year was characterised by main elements in the ASEAN-New Zealand relationships: New Zealand's market access regime which could be liberalised to enhance ASEAN-New Zealand investment in ASEAN compared with other countries : the necessity to implement the Trade and

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Investment Promotion Package, and other agreed projects without delay.

41 The New Zealand sector of the ANZBC reported that dairy products accounted for 75 per cent of all New Zealand exports to ASEAN. The New Zealand Dairy Board not only provided bulk commodities but also increasingly established joint venture operations to market its own branded products. There was potential for growth in meat and livestock exports but there were access problems in some ASEAN markets. For the first time since 1982 New Zealand was able to export apples to all ASEAN markets. But New Zealand considered that high tariffs continued to hinder kiwifruit exports.

42 On the Uruguay Round, ASEAN mentioned its concern that progress in the negotiating group was imbalanced. Market access which is of great interest to developing countries notably in the areas of Agriculture, Tropical Products (TP) and Textile and Clothing (TC) had not been given the emphasis they deserve while the new issues had gained considerable impetus. It was urgent that progress be made in all areas of the Round.

43 New Zealand had studied the list of ASEAN exports which ASEAN believed were being effected by the ANZCERTA agreement. It was difficult to be definitive about the effects as the list did not contain tariff classifications. Nevertheless the list did seem to include a broad span of ASEAN's principal exports to New Zealand. Trade with ASEAN had increased by 52 percent over the three years since 1987 while New Zealand's trade with Australia had grown by 21 percent. Several of the items on the list such as petroleum, chemicals, wood simply worked and railway sleepers entered New Zealand duty-free from all sources.

44 New Zealand said that the development cooperation programmes was central to the dialogue relationship as shown by the following four points about the programme :-

- i. New Zealand would meet its commitment of NZ\$ 12 million for the five year period ending 1992.
- ii. In response to ASEAN concern, New Zealand had arranged to fund the Commerce Facility

separately from the ASEAN regional programme from 1 July 1990. Additional funds would therefore be available for new and ongoing projects.

- iii. New Zealand was as anxious as ASEAN to see the IILP implemented quickly. Work should get underway with a target date of July 1990. LINCOLN International has been appointed as the project manager in June 1990.
- iv. The TIPP project would be the central focus of the cooperation for the next 3 years. It was important to ensure that the project was properly constructed at the beginning. A framework for the elaboration of the TIPP was agreed which would also take into account the proposals put forward by the ASEAN-New Zealand Business Council.

ASEAN-US

45 The period under review saw various activities undertaken under the framework ASEAN – US Dialogue, although the Ninth ASEAN-US Dialogue could not be convened due to administrative and time constraints. It is however, rescheduled to be held in Bangkok on 1-2 September 1990. Project proposals have been formulated for consideration at this dialogue, touching on a broad spectrum of ASEAN-US cooperation.

46 Development which should give more dynamism to the present economic cooperation is ASEAN's efforts in engaging the participation of the private sector in the dialogue process.

47 The signing of the Grant Agreement on ASEAN-US Private Investment and Trade Opportunities (PITO) by Thailand on behalf of ASEAN on 26 April represented a significant hallmark of the ASEAN-US Dialogue relations. This PITO project would involve financial assistance of US\$ 13 million over a period of 6 years from USAID. The aim of the project is to establish a structure and mechanism to promote expanded private sector trade and investment between ASEAN and the US.

48 The ASEAN-US Initiative (AUI) received much attention from both sides. The AUI Report produced by independent experts was conveyed to the US and ASEAN member governments. It was subse-

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quently agreed that the AUI Report, due to its nature, should be regarded as an independent study and merely used as a reference point to advance the ASEAN-US economic relations. As a result, ASEAN and the US set up a Joint Working Group on Economic Relations Study. The Working Group will review existing ASEAN-US Economic relations and attempt to identify areas as well as ways and means to strengthen the economic ties.

ASEAN-UNDP

49 During the period under review, there has been a marked achievement in terms of physical project delivery and financial performance, as well as the ASEAN-UNDP relations in general. A total of 18 projects have been completed by the end of April 1990 and accumulative total of US\$ 11,463,967 was disbursed, representing 91,69 percent of the total allocation to ASEAN during the Fourth Cycle of the Inter-Country Programme (ICP). ASEAN as a sub-region, received a total allocation of US\$ 12.7 million from the UNDP under the technical cooperation programme during the Fourth Cycle of the ICP, 1987-1991, to support the implementation of 42 projects in various fields, inclusive of the preparatory technical assistance.

50 Regular consultations between ASEAN and the UNDP through Programme Review Meetings have created better understanding on the administrative and operational constraints of both sides which hinder the smooth implementation of projects. The Review Meeting, convened two weeks prior to the meeting of the ASEAN Standing Committee, has been very useful in resolving administrative and operational issues as well as in serving as the channel for up-dating the status of project on regular basis. In view of its importance, this consultation process will continue to remain the near future.

51 Several developments have emerged in the ASEAN-UNDP relations during the period under review, which signalled a policy change on the part of UNDP and the increasing importance it attached to ASEAN as one of the most dynamic regional groupings for socio-economic cooperation. Among these developments are the offer by the UNDP to transfer to ASEAN some responsibilities over the implementation of programmes and projects; the

review of UNDP technical cooperation programme as part of the preparations for the Fifth Cycle of the ICP, 1992-1996; and a study to strengthen the ASEAN Secretariat to prepare the Secretariat to assume a more effective role in facilitating ASEAN cooperation. All the above assistance and activities are testimony to the closer cooperative relationship between ASEAN and the UNDP for the purpose of achieving a more meaningful and substantive socio-economic cooperation among ASEAN member countries.

ASEAN-ROK Sectoral Dialogue

52 In response to the Republic of Korea's approach for cooperation in certain fields, the 22nd ASEAN Ministerial Meeting (AMM) agreed to the establishment of Sectoral Dialogue, covering the areas of trade, investment, and tourism. Senior officials of both sides met in August 1989 to prepare the groundwork for such Sectoral Dialogue Relations.

53 On 2 November 1989 at the ASEAN Secretariat Building in Jakarta, His Excellency Mr. Ali Alatas, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia and the current Chairman of the ASEAN Standing Committee on behalf of ASEAN and His Excellency Mr. Choi Ho-Joong, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Korea (ROK) signed and exchanged the letters establishing Sectoral Dialogue Relations between ASEAN and the ROK.

54 The ASEAN-ROK Sectoral Dialogue will initially concentrate on the areas of trade, investment and tourism, with the possibility of expanding the relations to include other areas such as development cooperation, transfer of technology and Human Resources Development (HRD).

55 On the modalities of this Sectoral Dialogue, ASEAN and the ROK agreed to set up an ASEAN-ROK Joint Sectoral Cooperation Committee (ASEAN-ROK JSCC) consisting of senior government officials from both sides. This inter-governmental consultative body will facilitate the ASEAN-ROK Sectoral Dialogue Relations in the agreed areas.

56 On ASEAN's own machinery, ASEAN has agreed that Indonesia shall be the first ASEAN

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member country to coordinate the ASEAN-ROK Sectoral Dialogue Relations and that the ASEAN Committee in Seoul (ACS), composed of ASEAN Heads of Diplomatic Missions accredited to the ROK would be formed to facilitate the conduct of the said Dialogue Relations.

57 Both sides would also encourage the formation of an ASEAN-ROK Business Council, as the momentum and effectiveness of the Sectoral Dialogue depend very much on the activities of the private sector.

58 The ROK has offered a Special Cooperation Fund, worth US\$ 1 million for the year 1990 and amounting to US\$ 5 million over the 5 years period. Both sides are still discussing the arrangements for the management of the said Fund in order to find the mutually acceptable formula in line with ASEAN's practices.

59 COFAB, COIME and COTT have already submitted project proposals for funding under the Special Cooperation Fund. ASEAN and ROK would hold the first meeting of the ASEAN-ROK JSCC to consider and approve the submitted projects.





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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. A Familiarization Tour of the Australian Finance and Banking System	X					X	COFAB	Australia	Australia	The project could not be incorporated under TIPP; withdrawn.
2. Study Tour at the Export Payments Insurance Corporation	X					X	COFAB	Australia	Australia	The project could not be incorporated under TIPP; withdrawn.
3. Observation Tour on Customs Enforcement on Narcotics Control in Australia	X					X	COFAB	Australia	Australia	The project was withdrawn from ASEAN Australia Forum in June 1989.
4. ASEAN Australia Postharvest System Improvement Programme (AAPSIP)		X	X				COFAB	Australia	ASEAN	A pre feasibility study team was conducted by AIDAB's team in March 1990. The team proposed the TOR for the feasibility study team which comprise an Australian team leader, 2 Australian specialists and 2 ASEAN specialists.
5. A Special Study for Product Adaptation for the Australian Market for ASEAN Cocoa Butter, Cocoa Powder, Chocolates and other Cocoa Product	X					X	COIME	Australia		The project was not included in the AAACP phase II. ASEAN considered to incorporate the proposal into the existing project under TIPP and AAPSIP.
6. Technical Assistance in Tropical Fruit processing and Marketing for Australian Market	X					X	COIME	Australia		The project was not included in the AAACP phase II. ASEAN considered to incorporate the proposal into the existing project under TIPP and AAPSIP.
7. Utilization of Agricultural Waste	X					X	COIME	Australia		The project was not included in the AAACP phase II.
8. The Third ASTW	X		X				COST	Australia	Singapore	The Third ASTW was planned to be held in Singapore in September 1992. ASEAN requested Australia to participate and provide funding for the programme.
9. ASEAN Science Fund		X	X				COST	Australia		Australia's financial support was being sought.
10. ASEAN Australia Micro-electronics Design and Application Project		X		X			COST	Australia	ASEAN	Phase II of the project commenced in January 1990. The Australian Project Advisor visited ASEAN countries on 18 February - 8 March 1990. The 1st Management Training Workshop was held in November 1989.
A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term			B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn				C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location			

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
11. ASEAN Australia Biotechnology Project		X		X			COST	Australia	ASEAN	The 1st and the 2nd Project Management Committee were held in Bangkok on 31 October - 2 November 1989 and 16 - 18 January 1990 respectively. The Australian Project Advisor visited ASEAN countries on 15-30 January 1990.
12. Marine Science Project		X		X						
a. ASEAN Australia Regional Ocean Dynamic (ROD)		X		X			COST	AIDAB/Australia	ASEAN	Continuation of the Tides & Tidal Phenomena Project completed in June 1989. The Project Management Committee met in Indonesia on 19-21 June 1990. ASEAN requested for the extension of the project from 3 to 5 years.
b. Living Resources in Coastal Areas with Emphasis on Mangrove and Coral Ecosystem		X		X			COST	AIDAB/Australia	ASEAN	The Project Management Committee met in Thailand on 28-30 June 1990.
13. ASEAN Australia Energy project		X		X			COST	Australia	ASEAN	The project began in January 1990. The Australian Project Advisor visited ASEAN countries on 4-16 March 1990.
14. Food Science & Technology for Development of the Food Industry in ASEAN		X	X				COST	Australia	ASEAN	Phase I completed in June 1990. Phase II of the project was being considered for possible funding under AAACP II, years 4 and 5.
15. Management of Science and Technology II		X	X				COST	Australia	ASEAN	AIDAB was not able to agree that this project be funded from other COST's projects under AAACP II (22 January 1990), as proposal by COST.
16. Two Week Attachment Study on the Laboratory Testing on Fire Fighting Foam Qualities	X				X		COTAC	Australia	Melbourne	The project was implemented in Melbourne on 20-26 March 1989.
17. Development of Civil Aviation Training in ASEAN		X	X				COTAC	Australia	ASEAN	The second JPC Meeting, May 1990 was informed of ASEAN's interest that Australia considers this project under AAACP in due course.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
18. Visit ASEAN Year	X		X				COTT	Australia	ASEAN	ASEAN submitted the proposal at the 13th ASEAN Australia Forum. Australia indicated negative response.
19. Trade Investment Promotion Programme (TIPP)		X		X			COTT	Australia	ASEAN	The 2nd JPC Meeting agreed that ASEAN and Australia undertake a comprehensive analysis after 1990/91 to establish directions for future cooperation.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
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E - Project Location

☐ ASEAN - CANADA										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. ASEAN Grain Post Harvest Programme (AGPP) Phase IV		X		X			Thailand	Canada COFAF CIDA IDRC	Manila	The MOU of the project was signed at the PMC 6 + 1 Session with Canada on July 8, 1988 and it officially began operational on July 1 1988.
3. ASEAN Institute of Forest Management		X					Malaysia	Canada	Malaysia	The project commenced in April 1986 and will end in 1992.
4. ASEAN-Canada Forest Tree Seed Centre (ACFTSC) Phase II		X		X			Thailand	Canada CIDA	Thailand	Phase I of the Project was completed in 1988, and its interim Phase completed in March 1989. Phase II was scheduled to have started since October 1989.
5. Development and Management of Living Marine Resources Phase II (1989-1994)		X		X			Indonesia	CIDA COST Canada	AMCs	Canada informed that the revised Management Plan has been sent to the Project Coordinator in September 1989 and that the MOU should be available in March 1990.
6. Radio Frequency Management (Spectrum Management System)		X			X		CIDA	Canada	Canada	The course on this project was conducted in Canada from June 19-Aug. 11, 1989.
7. ASEAN-Canada Scholarship (ACSF)		X	X				Brunei Darussalam	Canada	Canada	The ACSF is now incorporated in the long term component of the ASEAN-Canada Regional Training Programme (RTP).
8. ASEAN-CANADA REGIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM (RTP)										
a. Cooperation in the field of Computerization in Tax Administration Operation.	X		X				Thailand	Canada COFAB		This project will be implemented under the short-term component of the RTP.
b. Regional Training in the Use of Computers for Commercial and Administrative Application in Telecommunications (COTAC).	X			X			Philippines	Canada	Canada	- ditto -
c. Health Promotion Through Health Education Programme (COSD)	X			X			Canada COSD		Canada	- ditto -
d. Training of ASEAN Museum Professionals in Museology (COCI)	X		X				Canada COCI		Canada	- ditto -
<p>A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term</p> <p>B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn</p> <p>C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location</p>										

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
e. Familiarization Attachment for Senior Broadcasting Personnel.	X						Ryerson AIDB	CIDA	- ditto -	
f. Training of ASEAN Museum Professionals in Museum Documentation Methods and Computerization of Museum Data (COCI)	X						Canada	Canada	- ditto -	
g. Study Tour at the Canada Export Development Corporation (EDC). (COFAB).	X		X				Canada	Canada	- ditto -	
h. ASEAN-Canada Cooperation in Insurance: Attachment Programme and Study Tour for ASEAN Insurance Supervisory Officials on the Insurance Market Practices in Canada (COFAB)	X						Canada	Canada	This project will be implemented under the short-term component of the RTP.	
i. Attachment to Capital Markets Division, Dept. of Finance, Canada Phase II (COFAB)	X					Thailand	Canada	Canada	- ditto -	
j. Visiting Tour for Senior Level ASEAN Finance Officers on Finance and Banking Management in Canada (COFAB)	X						Canada	Canada	- ditto -	
k. Training Course and Seminar on Records Management	X						Canada	Canada ASEAN Member countries	- ditto -	
l. Exchange of Speakers/Academicians/Experts	X						Canada	Canada ASEAN member countries	- ditto -	
m. Commercializations on Theatre Production Technique	X						Canada	Canada	- ditto -	
n. Training Course on Computer Application for Customs Administration in Canada	X		X				Canada	Canada	- ditto -	
o. Training Course on Computer Application	X						Canada	Canada	- ditto -	

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
9. The Improvement of Management and Operations of Non Container Multi-purpose Terminal		X					Brunei Darussalam	Canada		Canada had requested that this project be "rolled into" ACTS project Brunei Darussalam as Country Coordinator for ASEAN-Canada Dialogue was requested to convey ASEAN's view on this subject.
10. Solar Drying Technology		X					Thailand	CIDA/Canada	AMCs	The Management Plan and Project Document has been approved at the 3rd AWGNCR-CIDA PAL Meeting in April 1989. The 21st COST Meeting was informed that the signing of the MOU has been delayed.
11. ASEAN-Canada Fisheries Post-Harvest Technology Phase II		X					Singapore	Canada	Singapore	A special meeting of the PSC was held in Manila, from 30 Nov-1 Dec 1989 to finalize the MOU and Management Plan. The Project will be commenced after signing of MOU between Brunei Darussalam on behalf of ASEAN-Canada.
TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS										
1. ASEAN-Canada Cooperation in the Ku Band Propagation Measurement Programme on Earth Space Paths	X			X			Thailand	Canada	Thailand	
2. ASEAN Cargo Transportation Study	X						COTAC-ITS	Canada	AMCs	Project implementation is expected to be in Fall 1990.
3. Improvement of Management and Operations of a Non-Containers Multi Purpose Terminal	X							Canada	AMCs	ASEAN COTAC-ITS will be transmitting the ASEAN decision on the Canadian proposal to roll the project into the "ASEAN Cargo Transportation Study".
4. Educational Proposal to Gain Knowledge in Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation System	X									
5. ASEAN Exporters' Visits to Canada	X						TFO	Canada	Canada	New Proposal submitted to TFO.
6. Follow-up Project to Food Pacific '88 in Vancouver	X						TFO	Canada	Canada	- ditto -

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
7. Market Information Seminars	X						TFO	Canada	Canada	- ditto -

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☐ ASEAN - EUROPEAN COMMUNITY										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. ASEAN-EC Training of Narcodog Handling Instructors	X			X			ASOD/ British Council	EC	England	The third course in which EC has agreed Brunei participation is being requested to the EC.
2. ASEAN Research & Training Centre for The Detection of Drug Abuse in Body Fluids	X			X			ASOD	EC	Singapore	The Financing Agreement was signed in February 1989 by the Chairman of ABC on behalf of ASEAN and EC. The first course had been conducted in Singapore from 26 February-23 March 1990.
3. ASEAN-EC Experts Seminar on Drug Abuse	X		X				ASOD	EC	Malaysia Philippine	The Financing Agreement was signed on 18 May 1990 by Malaysian Ambassador in Brussels on behalf of ASEAN and EC. The ASEAN and-EC Seminar on Preparatory Group would meet on 20-21 September 1990 in Jakarta, to draw up the project implementation.
4. Study Tour at the European Investment Bank	X		X				COFAB	EC	EC countries	The proposal would be considered in the Joint Investment Committee which have been established in the ASEAN Capitals EC's response on the project is still awaited.
5. Participation of The European Investment Bank		X				X	COFAB	EC	ASEAN	An approach to the EC's Council has been done by ASEAN through ABC. The EC responded that the EIB's participation in ASEAN countries would be very difficult to be implemented.
6. Seminar on Access to EC Capital Markets	X		X				COFAB	EC	EC countries	The project proposal for the continuation was endorsed by the 18th COFAB Meeting in May 1990 and approved by the 4th Meeting of the 23rd ASC in June 1990.
7. ASEAN EC Insurance Cooperation: Project proposal on Computerization in Insurance Supervision.	X			X			COFAB	EC	EC countries	The 1st Meeting of the 23rd ASC held in September 1989 approved the proposal to be submitted to EC. EC's response is still awaited.
8. ASEAN Timber Technology Centre (ATTTC)		X		X			COFAB/ Malaysia	EC	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	The Centre had completed study on Resource Evaluation and Utilization of Logging Waste in South East Asia by October 1989. The work-

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
9. ASEAN-EC Regional Collaborative Programmes on Grains Post Harvest Technology		X			X		COFAF	EC	ASEAN	plan supplementation that emphasize the ATTC effort to contribute the project cost with its own resources approved by PSC at the 8th Meeting on 27-28 November 1989. The main activities of the project consist of research, training and information services in the field of timber technology. The project proposal phase II was endorsed by the 14th CGFo Meeting in June 1990. The EC approved the extension of the project until the end of December 1990 for the remaining activities.
10. ASEAN Aquaculture Development & Coordination Programme (AADCP)		X		X			COFAF/ Thailand	EC	Thailand	The AADCP Consolidated Workplan & Budget 1990-1991 approved by PSC at its first meeting on 14-15 November 1989. The five practical Components commenced its activities in early 1990.
11. ASEAN EC Marine Resource Assessment & Training Programme		X	X				COFAF/ Thailand	EC	ASEAN	The project implementation is still pending due to the problem of differential treatment.
12. ASEAN-EC Industrial Workshops Cooperation		X		X			COIME	EC	ASEAN	Three workshops have been completed, namely: "Rubber Based Products" & "Rubber Plastics Processing Machines" were held in Indonesia in November 1989 and in Malaysia in December 1989 respectively. The workshop on "Food Processing and Packing Machinery" was held in Bangkok in March 1990.
13. Harmonization of Industrial Standards & Quality Control. (ASEAN EC Industrial Standards & Quality Assurance Programme)		X		X			COIME/ TISI	EC	ASEAN	Under TISI's supervision, the Project Central Coordination Office held the 1st PSC Meeting on 20-22 November 1989. COIME at its 33th Meeting in May 1990 approved the participation of Brunei Darussalam and Singapore in the project.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
14. Stability Problems in Open Mines in Soft Ground (HRD)	X			X			COIME	EC	Malaysia	After the fourth training had been completed, COIME approved the continuation of the training programme with include rock mechanics and quarrying.
15. Studies on The Beneficiation Utilization & Marketing of Kaolin.		X	X				COIME	EC	Jakarta	The project proposal has been submitted to EC since 7th ASEAN EC JCC. Response from EC is still awaited.
16. Studies on The Beneficiation Utilization & Marketing of Bentonite		X	X				COIME	EC	Jakarta	The project proposal has been submitted to EC since 7th ASEAN-EC JCC. Response from EC is still awaited.
17. Land Use Geology Investigation for Urban & Rural Planning		X	X				COIME	EC	Indonesia	The project proposal has been submitted to EC since 7th ASEAN-EC JCC. Response from EC is still awaited.
18. ASEAN EC Energy Management Training & Research Centre (AEEMTRC)		X		X			COIME	EC	Indonesia	The project has satisfactorily progress in implementing their activities relating to energy management. The second PSC Meeting was held in Jakarta on 11-12 December 1989. An Energy Data Base System has been installed in the Centre for periodical reporting of ASEAN energy production & consumption in various energy sectors.
ASEAN-EC Cooperation in HRD		X		X			Malaysia	EC	ASEAN and EC countries	EC sent a Mission to ASEAN countries from 4-8 June 1990 to make an appraisal on all ASEAN-EC HRD projects.
19. ASEAN-EC Teachers/ Trainers (HRD)		X			X		COSD	EC	ASEAN	In June 1989, ASEAN submitted a new training proposal for the continuation of the project. However, EC informed that this programme has been discontinued.
20. ASEAN-EC Management Centre		X	X				COSD	EC	Brunei Darussalam	On behalf of ASEAN, Malaysia as Country Coordinator will sign the project agreement with the EC.

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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
21. ASEAN-EC HRD Programme in Development Administration (HRD)	X			X			COSD	EC	ASEAN	The Preparatory Workshop was held in The National Institute of The Public Administration (INTAN), Kuala Lumpur from 15-17 May 1990. 30 participants from AMCs attended the workshop. The ASC at its meeting in June 1990 endorsed the designation of INTAN and the University of Manchester as ASEAN and EC Coordinating Agencies in the implementation project.
22. ASEAN-EC Vocational Training Programme	X		X				COSD	EC	ASEAN	The implementation of the project is still pending due to the differential problem have not been resolved yet.
23. ASEAN Tropical Medicine Workshop and Short Training Courses	X		X				COSD	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal was approved by the 1st Meeting of the 23rd ASC to be submitted to EC through Country Coordinator. EC's response is still awaited.
24. EIPA Seminar on "EC Policy-Making & New Development"	X				X		EIPA	EC	Maastrich	The seminar held in Maastrich, Nederland from 19-30 March 1990.
25. EIPA Workshop on "Financial Management & Budgetary Modernization"	X				X		EIPA	EC	Jakarta	The workshop was held in Jakarta from 4-7 December 1989.
26. Technical Assistance I		X		X			COST	EC	ASEAN	One project under STC I namely, Energy Conservation Conference had been completed and the remaining projects now is on going.
a. Workshop on Scale Up Cost Evaluation & Technology Transfer of Biology Process	X			X			Indonesia	EC	Bandung	The workshop rescheduled to be held in Bandung from 9-13 July 1990. EC have agreed Brunei Darussalam participation in the workshop.
b. Workshop on Bio-chemical Engineering	X			X			Thailand	EC	Thailand	The workshop held in Bangkok from 6-11 May 1990.
c. Seminar on Toxic & Hazardous Waste Management	X			X			COST	EC	ASEAN	Due to the EC's agreement to include Brunei Darussalam in the seminar, Malaysia has proposed some amendments to the Term & Condition of

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
27. Technical Assistance II		X		X			COST	EC	ASEAN	Financial text to take into account Brunei Darussalam participation. However, the EC pointed out that any amendments should not incur any additional cost in the original budget. One project had been completed, namely "Research and Development on Utilization of Indonesia Reject Fruits". The remaining project on Technical Assistance Experts in Microelectronic Programme have been carried out.
28. International Scientific Cooperation (ISC)		X		X			COST	EC	ASEAN	The programme under this project is consist of Post Doctoral Fellowship, workshop & joint research.
a. Urban Air Quality Monitoring & Management		X				X	COST	EC	ASEAN	The EC cancelled the project due to there is no a clear reply on the subject from ASEAN by end December 1989.
b. workshop on Geodesy & Geology in ASEAN	X		X				COST	EC	ASEAN	The implementation of the workshop is still pending due to EC's differential treatment. Indonesia couldn't hold the workshop and suggested another ASEAN country to host it.
29. Training of Trainers for Seafarer's Academies in ASEAN Countries	X			X			COTAC/ Thailand	EC	ASEAN	Two seminars had been completed. In October 1988, ASEAN submitted the request for the third course entitled "Seminar on Simulation & Communication from Ship to Shore". Response from EC is still awaited.
30. Civil Aviation Courses: Training Courses in Airport Management & Air Traffic Control (HRD)		X	X				COTAC	EC	Europe	Two courses had been conducted at the Eurocontrol, Luxembourg. For the continuation of the training, COTAC is still seeking clarification from EC.
31. A short courses in Transport Management for Middle Managers Inland Transportation	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal was approved by the ASC at its Meeting in September 1989 to be submitted to EC for possible funding.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
32. Ships Radio Survey	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study the COTAC proposals relating in ship port management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
33. Regulatory Aspects (Supply Business Apparatus)	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study the COTAC proposals relating in ship port management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
34. On The Job Training & Study Group Tour on Aeronautical Facilities & Services of the EC Member Countries for ASEAN Aviation Personnel	X		X				COTAC	EC	Luxembourg	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study the COTAC proposals relating in ship port management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
35. Container Terminal Operations & Maintenance Training Programme & Seminar for Trainers & Personnel Management	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
36. Training for Line Managers in Containers Operation & Maintenance	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project Proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
37. Training in Application of Information Technology	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
38. Seminar for Development in Container Shipping & Intermodalism	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
39. Port Marketing Training	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
40. General Management Training for Senior Managers	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
41. Training in Planning, Management & Operations of Drybulk Terminals	X		X				COTAC	EC	ASEAN	The project proposal had been submitted to EC. The EC's Expert Group which study COTAC proposals relating in ship port and management (including this proposal) would consider them as a package rather than as individual project.
42. ASEAN-EC Training Package	X			X			COTT	EC	ASEAN	From ten workshops, eight workshops had been completed. In June 1989 ASEAN submitted two proposals namely "Workshop on Trade New Publication" and "workshop on Techniques of Export Marketing" to EC. EC still considering the two proposals.
43. Trade Promotion Programme		X		X			COTT	EC	ASEAN	The Trade Promotion Review & Program Meeting was held in Hamburg on 11-13 June 1990.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
a. ASEAN Promotion of Wooden Furniture to the USA	X			X			COTT/ Malaysia	EC	US	Due to the ASEAN's request to extend the project for 3 years and to add exhibition space at the High Point Show, EC proposed to set up a Common ASEAN Plaza and will consult it with AMCs.
b. Export Development Assistance to ASEAN Processed Food to Western Europe	X		X				COTT/ Indonesia	EC	EC countries	Due to the reservation expressed by the US Administrative affecting the project implementation, the target market was changed to Western Europe.
c. Exhibition Management Programme							COTT/ Philippine	EC	ASEAN	The project had been successfully conducted in 1988. As the follow up of this training ASEAN have proposed a new programme entitled "Exhibition Management Follow Up Programme". The EC informed that the funding would be secured for the programme.
44. ASEAN-EC Trade Database Development	X		X				COTT/ Indonesia	EC	ASEAN	Regarding to the EC's request on details of the project, Indonesia would revised the project proposal and submit it at the next TPRP meeting.
45. Seminar on Harmonization of Technical Standards as a Consequence of the European Single Market 1992.	X		X				Malaysia	EC	Kuala Lumpur	ASEAN proposed the seminar as the continuation of the previous Colloquium on ASEAN & Europe 1992, Implication and Responses which was conducted on 10-11 July 1989. Malaysia would be act as the project coordinator.
46. ASEAN-EC Cooperation on Tourism										
a. Integrated Tourism Man Power Training programme		X		X			SCOT	EC	ASEAN	Under the Working Group on Research & Development, A Committee on Tourism Training would be set up.
b. European Tourism Demand & Marketing Strategy Study for ASEAN	X				X		COTT	EC	ASEAN	Based on the workshop held in Manila on 10-13 January 1989, ASEAN accepted EC's assistance for an Integrated Tourism Marketing Strategy for ASEAN in Selected European Markets.

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PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
47. Visit ASEAN Year 1992	X		X				COTT	EC	ASEAN	EC's response on the ASEAN request on VAY 1992 assistance was not positive.

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☐ ASEAN - JAPAN										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. Cooperation in Food, Agriculture & Forestry										
1.1. ASEAN Poultry Disease Research & Training Centre		X		X			Malaysia CGL COFAF	Japan	Malaysia	The Centre was officially opened on 27 February 1989. An "ASEAN Course in Specialized Diagnostic Techniques on Poultry Diseases" was held in early 1990.
1.2. Upgrading of National Poultry Disease Diagnostic Laboratories in ASEAN Countries		X	X				Malaysia COFAF	Japan	Malaysia	The proposal would be evaluated by JICA before approval for funding.
2. Cooperation in Science & Technology										
2.1. Materials S & T		X		X			COST	Japan		The project is progressing satisfactorily.
2.2. Microelectronics Phase II		X	X				COST	Japan		Japan indicated negative respons.
2.3. Biotechnology Phase II		X	X				MG on Biotech- nology	Japan		- ditto -
2.4. Computer Services		X	X				COST	Japan		COST to present a project document for Japan continued support for ASEAN project in computer services with a regional character.
2.5. ASEAN Science Fund		X	X				COST	Japan		Japan's participation in the Fund anticipated.
3. Cooperation in Human Resources Development (HRD)										
3.1. CEVEST		X		X			Indonesia	Japan	Bekasi, Indonesia	HRD agreements of member countries with Japan will expire in 1990. Japan will consider extension on a project by project basis. Phase I completed on March 1990; extended for 1 year. Phase II begins on March 1991.
3.2. CIAST		X		X			Malaysia	Japan	Malaysia	Ten regional courses had been held in 1988-89. CIAST Agreement to expire in July 1990.
3.3. PHRDC		X		X			Philippines	Japan	Philippines	ATRDCs four main programmes are in various stages of implementation. Agreement for Programme I expired in September 1990, where as
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PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
3.4. PDP		X		X			Singapore	Japan	Singapore	for Programme II & III expired on March 1990. Programme IV only gives follow-up cooperation. The PDP Agreement expired sometime in December 1989. PDP follow-up cooperation extension ended June 10, 1990.
3.5. AIHD		X		X			Thailand	Japan	Thailand	AIHD agreement with Japan expired in September 1989.
4. Japan-ASEAN Cooperation Promotion Programme (JACPP)										
4.1. Seminar on Japanese Product Adaptation	X		X				JACPP MITI COTT	Japan	Malaysia	The project is retitled "Roving Seminar on Japanese Product Adaptation". Dates and venue to be determined.
4.2. Study of Staff Development Practices in Services Organization of Selected Countries	X		X				JACPP COSD	Japan		COSD to submit details of projet to JACPP.
4.3. Attachment of ASEAN Nationals to Technology Advanced Industries	X			X			COIME AOTS	Japan	Japan	Expected to be implemented in October 1990. On-going.
4.4. Postharvest Study Mission to Japan	X				X		COFAP	Japan	Japan	The Study Mission was conducted in 2 groups: The first arrived in September 1989; The second arrived in October 1989. Completed.
4.5. Total Quality Control Scheme (TQCS)	X			X			COIME	Japan	ASEAN	Component (6): The TQCS Conference for Management Executives was held in Pattaya, Thailand on 23-29 July 1989.
4.6. Seminar-Cum-Study Tour on Upgrading The Efficiency of Railway Operations	X		X				COTAC	Japan	ASEAN	Project details still under consideration.
4.7. Study Tour on Japanese Coal Technology & Facilities for Training and R & D	X				X		COIME	Japan	Japan	The Study Tour was held in Tokyo on 23 October - 1 November 1989. Completed.

A - Category of Projects
1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location

ASEAN – JAPAN

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
4.8. GSP Workshop		X		X			COTT	Japan	ASEAN	The Fourth GSP Seminar/Workshop is scheduled to be held in Singapore on 29-30 August 1990. On-going.
6. ASEAN Cultural Fund		X		X			COCI	Japan	ASEAN	An ASEAN Information Paper on the Progress of the Fund was submitted at the 11th ASEAN-Japan Forum in October 1989 and will continue to be submitted at future ASEAN-Japan Forums.
7. Japan Scholarship Fund		X		X			COSD	Japan	Japan	Japan's contribution will conclude this year. Japan had indicated replenishing a further US\$ 10 million starting 1990. ASEAN has not yet received allocation for 1990.
8. Japan-ASEAN Comprehensive Exchange Programme (JACEP)		X								
8.1. Inter-ASEAN Technical Exchange Programme (IATEP)										Delay in implementation. Agreed scheme of six projects over three years to be pursued.
8.1.1. Vehicle Exhaust Emission in the ASEAN Region	X				X		COST	Japan	ASEAN	The Workshop was held in Singapore on 4-8 December 1990. A total of 14 participants from AMCs attended the workshop.
8.1.2. ASEAN Food Date Network	X				X		COST	Japan	ASEAN	The ASEAN Workshop on Food Data Systems was held in Bangkok on 25-27 October 1989. 37 ASEAN participants attended the Workshop.
8.1.3. Regional Training in Meteorological Satellite Data	X		X				COTAC	Japan	Brunei	The project faced difficulties due to lack of experts. Japan looking into it. On-going.
8.1.4. Training for ASEAN Aeronautical Meteorologists on the Provision of Meteorological Services and	X		X				COTAC	Japan		Japan response awaited

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☐ ASEAN-JAPAN

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
Facilities for Aviation Towards the Year 2000										
8.1.5. Seminar on the Production of National Flavours	X		X				COST	Japan		Japan response awaited.
8.1.6. Product Design For Electronic Equipment Manufacturing										
8.2. Japan-ASEAN Exchange Programme (JAEP)		X		X			ASEAN Secr.	Japan		Funds for JAEP are almost fully utilized.
8.2.1. Foreign Service Course for ASEAN Junior Diplomats (89-91)		X		X			CIRSS	Japan	Malaysia	The first course was held on 25 May-6 July 1989. Completed.
8.2.2. ASEAN Volunteer Corps (AVC) Exchange Programme		X		X			Malaysia	Japan	Malaysia	A Nat'l. Coordinating Committee Meeting on the programme is scheduled for 24-26 Sept. 1990 in Malaysia.
8.2.3. Intra University Seminar on ASEAN-Japan Relations	X				X		Indonesia COSD	Japan	Bandung, Indonesia	The Seminar was held at Pajajaran University, Bandung, Indonesia on 31 July - 2 Aug 1989.
8.2.4. ASEAN-Japan Friendship Programme for the 21st Century		X		X			JICA COSD	Japan	Japan	On-going.
9. Establishment of Training Centres on Land Transportation in ASEAN Countries		X		X			COTAC	Japan	Japan	The Centres are in various stages of preparatio. Awaiting Japan's response.
10. Visit ASEAN Year 1991.		X		X			ASEAN centre, COTT	Japan	Tokyo	A VAY '92 Film had been completed in March 1990. Awaiting Japan's response.

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☐ ASEAN - NEW ZEALAND										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. Training of Narcotic Dogs	X			X			ASOD	New Zealand	Wellington & Singapore	Two courses had been conducted in 1987 and 1988. The third course was rescheduled to be implemented in early 1990. Singapore will host this course.
2. Training of the ASEAN Tax Officials in the Auditing of Computerized Accounting Records of Business Organization	X					X	COFAB	New Zealand		The proposal was dropped from ASEAN New Zealand Dialogue.
3. Visiting Tours for Senior Level ASEAN Officials on Finance and Banking in New Zealand	X					X	COFAB	New Zealand		The project has been withdrawn from ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue since it could not be accommodated under TIPP.
4. Study Visit for staff of ASEAN Insurance Commissioner Offices at Insurance Council of New Zealand and Leading Life and Non Life Insurance Companies	X		X				COFAB	New Zealand	New Zealand	The project proposal was submitted at the 10th ASEAN New Zealand Dialogue in May 1990. The priority was given for the project after the completion of the IILP and TIPP.
5. Veterinary Administration Development Programme		X			X		COFAB	New Zealand	New Zealand	The project was completed in June 1988. The extension of the project was included in the overplanning category. To assess the effectiveness of the workshops, a detailed evaluation would be conducted jointly by ASEAN and New Zealand.
6. ASEAN Regional Dairy Development Training Programme	X				X		COFAB	New Zealand	New Zealand	The third course was conducted in University of Waikato, New Zealand from 26 January - 24 February 1990. The extension of the programme was included in the over planning category.
7. Survey of End Uses of Timber		X				X	COFAB	New Zealand	ASEAN	Indonesia was requested to explore the possibility of funding from New Zealand due to the availability of fund since the 10th ASEAN New Zealand Dialogue.
8. English for Business and Technology (EBT)	X			X			COSD	New Zealand	Singapore	The project is on going and the progress report was being prepared.
9. Research Fellowship in ASEAN Affairs at the ISEAS		X		X			COSD	New Zealand	Thailand	New Zealand agreed to fund 2 fellowships per year for the third cycle (1989/92) of
A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term			B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn				C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location			

ASEAN – NEW ZEALAND

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
10. Commerce Facility at Victoria University		X		X			COSD	New Zealand		the project with including Brunei Darussalam in the rotation. New Zealand included the project in the over planning category. Starting July 1990 New Zealand would fund the project separately from the Regional Programme.
11. Energy Engineering Technology for National Gas Utilization		X	X				COST	New Zealand		At the 10th ASEAN New Zealand Dialogue in May 1990 the project was included in the over planning category.
12. The Third ASTW	X		X				COST	New Zealand	Singapore	The Third ASTW was scheduled to be held in Singapore in 1992. ASEAN requested New Zealand to strengthen its participation in the programme.
13. Trade Investment Promotion Programme (TIPP)		X	X				COTT	New Zealand		ASEAN and New Zealand agreed that the project proposal be developed with a new programme on TIPP: Designing a Project Proposal.
14. Inter Institutional Linkages Programme (IILP)		X	X				ASC	New Zealand	ASEAN	ASEAN and New Zealand agreed to implement all five project profiles under IILP beginning July 1990.

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☐ ASEAN - UNITED STATES										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
1. ASEAN-US Insurance Cooperation: Attachment Programme for Insurance supervisory Staff	X		X				AIC/ US-ASEAN CTE	US	US	The project was endorsed by the ASC in March 1990. The programme consist of two attachment programme at the New York Dept. of Insurance for a duration of 4 weeks for each programme. The objective is to upgrade and enhance the level of expertise and skills of ASEAN Insurance Supervisory Staff. The US has informed that the Attachment Programme could be considered as part of the PITO project.
2. Technical Assistance in Computerization of Tax Administration Operations	X		X					US	Bangkok	The project would be further developed by the AIT in collaboration with ASEAN and supported with funds under the HRD Programme. However, with current study of the US Development Cooperation Programme, HRD Funds for this project have been withheld pending the result of this policy reorientation. In May 1990, COFAB noted that USAID/ASEAN funds for this project were not available.
3. Access to US Capital Market: A Seminar on the Future of Financial Markets in the ASEAN Region	X		X					US	US	To be organized by the US-ASEAN Centre for Technology Exchange. However consideration of this project was postponed pending clarification of future US Development Cooperation Programme directions. In May 1990, COFAB noted that the project could be considered as part of the PITO project.
4. The US Tax Transfer Pricing Audit Programme	X					X		US	US	The project was endorsed by the ASC in June 1990. The proposal has been forwarded to the US through ASEAN-Thailand. US has informed that funds for this seminar were not available. Project was further withdrawn by ASEAN.

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ASEAN - UNITED STATES

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
5. ASEAN Agricultural Development and Planning Centre (ADPC), Phase II		X		X				US	Thailand	The ASEAN-ADPC was established in Bangkok on 28 August 1980. It serves a.o. as regional training centre for manpower development in the field of agricultural development planning and a regional data-bank for agricultural development planning Project Grant Agreement of US funding for ADPC, Phase II, was signed in September 1987. Phase II is now directly handle by the AID Mission to ASEAN based in Thailand.
6. ASEAN Plant Quarantine Centre and Training Institute (PLANTI)		X		X				US	Malaysia	The ASEAN-PLANTI was established in Serdang, Selangor on 27 September 1980. It serves as a training, research, consultancy and documentation centre in the area of plant quarantine for ASEAN countries. The existing USAID fund for PLANTI is due to end in September 1992.
7. ASEAN-US Watershed Project		X			X			US	ASEAN countries	Project activities involved research/studies in the selected experimental watersheds of ASEAN member countries and training their personnel Project began in January 1984 and ended in December 1989.
8. ASEAN Small and Medium Business Improvement Phase II		X				X	Technonet Asia	US	ASEAN countries	The objective is to upgrade the technologies of small and medium business in ASEAN. The proposal was approved by COIME in December 1986 for submission to US. However it was withdrawn at the ASEAN Prep. Meeting for the 9th ASEAN-US in August 1989.
9. Improvement of Planning, Management and Operations of Breakbulk and Drybulk Handling Terminal	X				X		US-ASEAN CTE	US	Malaysia Indonesia Thailand	A preliminary shipping and port operation programme has been conducted by the US-ASEAN CTE in Kuala Lumpur and Jakarta in Feb '89 and Bangkok in Feb/March 1989.

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ASEAN - UNITED STATES

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
10. Training Programme for Combatting Oil Pollution in the ASEAN Region	X				X		AIT	US	Thailand	The training programme was conducted at the Asian Institute of Technology, Bangkok on 14 May - 8 June 1990.
11. Inter-ASEAN Shipping Study		X				X	SEATAC	US		The 19th COTAC Meeting in August 1989 agreed to withdraw the project from the ASEAN-US Dialogue due to unavailability of funding resources.
12. ASEAN-US Initiative (AUI)		X			X		ISEAS/ East-West Centre	US		The AUI study was finalized in April 1989. Project continue with follow-up action on the AUI Study. ASEAN and the US have agreed to the establishment of a Joint Working Group which will review existing ASEAN-US Economic Relations, taking into consideration, i.a. the AUI Study. The Working Group is regarded as part of the ASEAN-US Dialogue and the First Meeting is scheduled for 13-14 September 1990 in Vancouver.
13. ASEAN-US Automated Data Exchange		X		X			USTR Office	US		The MOU on Automated Data Exchange was signed at the PMC of the 21st AMM in Bangkok in July 1988. The project was designed to introduce automated trade and tariff data exchange to facilitate greater trade and economic cooperation between ASEAN and the US. The US experts have visited ASEAN countries in the Fall of 1989 and revisiting again all member countries except Brunei Darussalam in Spring 1990. The results of these visits vary by country, but all member countries are in a position to provide trade flow information in an electronic format.
14. ASEAN Private Investment and Trade Opportunities (PITO)		X		X				US		Programme purpose is to establish a structure and mechanism to promote expanded private sector trade

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ASEAN - UNITED STATES

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
15. ASEAN - US Energy Conservation and Management Project		X			X			US	ASEAN countries	<p>& investment between ASEAN and the US. The PTO Grant Agreement was signed on 26 April 1990. The six-year programme will receive US\$ 13 million funding from USAID. The project feature three major components: Trade and Investment Promotion, Policy Analysis/Problem Resolution and Capital Market Development.</p> <p>The project aims to improve technical and research capabilities in order to formulate effective measures and steps to conserve energy in Building. Project activities began in July 1985 and ended in July 1990.</p>
16. ASEAN Living Coastal Resources Management Project (CRMP)		X		X						<p>The project aims to develop/improve technical and institutional approaches for managing living coastal resources system in ASEAN. Project began in May 1986 for five years duration. ASEAN has proposed an extension of the project for another 5 years (Phase II). However, US funds were not available.</p>
17. Study of the Management and Control of Hazardous Materials	X			X				US	US/ Europe	<p>Activities include a regional workshop and study tour to US and Europe. The Regional Workshop was held in Singapore in May 1987 funded by the United Nations Environment Programme, while the study tour will be considered under the new Environmental Improvement Programme (EIP) planned for 1992.</p>
18. ASEAN Food Data Network						X		US	ASEAN countries	<p>Project involve documentation and exchange of information of food data. The proposal was submitted for funding to Japan in 1987 and to the US in 1988, however in August 1989 ASEAN agreed to drop the project from the ASEAN-US Dia-</p>

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ASEAN - UNITED STATES

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
19. ASEAN Science and Technology Fund		X	X				Malaysia	US		logue due to positive response received from Japan. The ASEAN Science and Technology Fund was initiated in January 1989 during the 4th ASEAN Ministers on Science & Technology Meeting with seed contribution from ASEAN member countries. Additional contributions was also sought from Dialogue Partners and third parties. In June 1990 ASEAN invited the US to participate in this fund, however US funds were not available.
20. ASEAN-US Scholarship and Research Programme at the Asian Institute of Technology Phase II		X		X			AIT	US	Thailand	The programmes aims to provide a total of 27 Master's degree scholarships and other short-terms training courses yearly to the 6 ASEAN nationals starting from 1 Sept '87 to 30 June '92.
21. ASEAN Scholarship Programme for Applied Tropical medicine and Public Health (TROPMED) Phase II		X		X			Thailand	US	US	The project provide short-term training programmes on applied skills of TROPMED. The US has recently approved an additional funding for this project which increase the amount of Grant to a total of US\$ 3 million. The project will end in June 1992.
22. Evaluation of the Performance and Effectiveness of Professional Staff and Programme in Teacher Education Institutions		X				X		US	US	The 15th COSD Meeting in May 1990 agreed to withdraw the project due to incompatibility with the emphasize of the future ASEAN-US Development Cooperation.
23. Development of Computer Education for Schools in the ASEAN Region	X					X		US	ASEAN countries	- ditto -
24. ASEAN Research on a National Integrated Policy Agricultural Reforms, Villagers Livelihood and Population Change		X				X		US		- ditto -

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ASEAN - UNITED STATES

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
25. Strengthening ASEAN Preventive Drug Information Programme	X		X				Philippines	US	US/ Philippines	Activities include research study, study tour to US and 5-days seminar in Manila. Proposal has been referred to Bureau for International Narcotics Matters for consideration. The INM has responded that USAID funds were not available but it will be promoted under centrally funded programme.
26. Comparative Study of Environmental Law in ASEAN Countries	X		X					US	ASEAN countries	The project will be considered under the Environmental Improvement Programme (EIP) planned for 1992.
27. Consultant Mission to National Industrial Development Banks on Loan Policy for Industrial Pollution Control	X		X					US	US	- ditto -
28. Development of Risk Analysis Guideline and Technologies for ASEAN countries			X							- ditto -
29. Introduction of Modern Industrial Effluent Treatment Technologies for ASEAN countries			X					US	ASEAN countries	- ditto -
30. Coastal Dynamics and Remote Sensing Application			X					US		- ditto -
31. ASEAN Specialized Meteorological Centre		X	X					US		USAID funds for this project were not available.
32. Establishment of ASEAN Information Centre on National Parks and Reserve Management			X					US		- ditto -
33. Monitoring of Erosion Intensity and Sedimentation Rate in Rivers Related to Erosion Control Efforts			X					US		USAID funds for this project were not available.
34. Application of Remote Sensing Techniques to Water Resources Planning and Management			X					US		- ditto -
35. Solar Energy and Daylight Resources for the ASEAN Region		X	X					US	ASEAN countries	- ditto -

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☐ ASEAN - UNDP										
PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
PROJECTS CARRIED OVER FROM THE THIRD CYCLE:										
1. ASEAN Narcotics Law Enforcement Training Course (1985 - 1989)		X			X		Thailand ASOD	UNDP ONCB	Thailand	Completed.
2. ASEAN Training Course for Drug Rehabilitation Professionals (1986 - 1988)		X			X		Malaysia ASOD	UNDP ILO	Sungai Petani	Completed.
3. Conservation of Cultural Property		X		X			Indonesia COCI	UNDP UNESCO	ASEAN	On-going. Due to complete in 1990.
4. Study on ASEAN Financial & Banking Systems: Structure & Prospects (Phase II)		X		X			UNCTAD COFAB	UNDP	ASEAN	Proj. Coor has visited ASEAN country in Oct. 89. First Trg. scheduled in April/May 1990.
5. Seminar on Mobilization of Domestic Resources		X		X			COFAB	UNDP UNCTAD	ASEAN	3 seminars conducted. Proj. due to complete in July 1990.
6. Training of Supervisory Staff of ASEAN Insurance Commissions		X		X			COFAB AICs	UNDP UNCTAD	ASEAN	Extended until '92 3 seminars to be conducted in 1990.
7. Assistance for Agricultural Project Formulation Monitoring & Evaluation in ASEAN (APFME)		X			X		Board of ADPC COFAF	UNDP/FAO ADPC	ASEAN	Completed in 1989.
8. ASEAN Regional Small Scale Coastal Fisheries Development		X		X			Thailand COFAF	UNDP/FAO	Philippines	Proj. extended till 1991. Workshop on Women Contribution in processing Fisheries product to be held in Oct. 1990.
9. Sharing and Strengthening Development Support Communication Resources in ASEAN		X		X			Indonesia COFAF	UNDP/FAO	Ciawi, West Java Indonesia	Extended until Apr. 1990. proj. activities due to continue under FAO/TCP funding.
10. ASEAN Information Exchange for Technology Transfer in ASEAN Countries		X			X		Thailand COIME	UNDP/ UNIDO		Proj. to end by July 1990.
11. Short-term Technical Assistance in Project Identification/Formulation to the COIME	X			X			Philippines COIME	UNDP/ UNIDO		First Network Coordinators meeting held in Bandung in Jan. 1990.
12. Assistance in Introduction of Computer Managed Maintenance Systems to ASEAN Iron and Steel Industries		X				X	COIME	UNDP/ UNIDO		Proj. signed in Feb. 1990.
<p>A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term</p> <p>B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn</p> <p>C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location</p>										

ASEAN - UNDP

PROJECTS	CATE-GORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
13. User's Manual for the ASEAN Climatic Atlas and Compendium and Climatic Statistics		X		X			Malaysia COST	UNDP WMO		Proj. due to be completed in June 1990.
14. Training Programme for Science Teachers and Supervisors in the ASEAN Region		X					Philippines COST	UNDP UNEP UNESCO		Completed or withdrawn?
15. Development of Economic Statistics on Shipping and Trade (L-2 Scheme)		X		X			ASEAN countries COTAC	UNDP ESCAP		Completed.
16. Study of ASEAN Merchant Fleet Structure	X				X		COTAC ITS	UNDP ESCAP		Completed in March 1988.
17. Study on Fuel and Other Cost Saving Measures	X				X		COTAC	UNDP ESCAP		Completed in 1989.
18. Intra-ASEAN Shipping Study/Establishment of ASEAN Liner Service or Joint Shipping Operations		X			X		COTAC	ESCAP/ SEATAC	ASEAN	Completed.
19. Improvement of Port Operations, Management and Planning		X			X		COTAC	UNDP		Completed.
20. SEATAC Maritime Data Bank	X				X		COTAC SEATAC	UNDP IMO		Further assistance in the form of expertise is being provided by the Gov. of Belgium.
21. Training Scheme of Patrolling and Finger Printing Techniques and in Remote Sensing Required for Surveillance Programme on Discharge of Bilgewater and Ballast	X			X			COTAC	UNDP	Malaysia	Completed.
22. Assistance in Organizing Data bank on Pollutants from ships	X				X		COTAC	UNDP		Completed.
23. Training in Containerization	X				X		APAA COTAC	UNDP ESCAP		Completed.
24. Development of Joint Approaches to International Maritime Convention like on UN Liner Code, Multimodal Transport, Carriage of Goods by Sea and Those of ILO and IMO	X				X		Thailand COTAC	UNDP/ ESCAP UNCTAD ILO/IMO		Completed.

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☐ ASEAN – UNDP

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
25. Senior Postal Management Training and Advisory services in Mechanization and Introduction of Culler Face Cancellor Machine Post Codes and Sorting Machines	X				X		Thailand COTAC	UNDP		UNDP indicated to combine subprojects "Automotive Letter Sorting Machines" and "Taining Including Group Training" into one project and agreed to implement it as a region wide project.
26. Assistance to COTT		X			X		UNDP COTT	UNDP		Completed.
27. Technical Assistance for International Trade Negotiations	X				X		COTT	UNDP/ UNCTAD ESCAP		Completed.
a. Support to ASEAN in Uruguay Round of MTN	X		X				UNCTAD COTT	UNDP	Geneva	Completed.
28. Research in Trade Expansion and Transport Economics	X		X				COTT	UNDP	ASEAN	The project has been overtaken by events and will be replaced by other trade project.
29. ASEAN Tourism Research, Development and Marketing Phase I – Development of an ASEAN Tourism Marketing Strategy	X			X			COTT	UNDP/ WTO	ASEAN	Phase I has been completed. Phase II will be implemented in due course.
30. ASEAN Trade Facilitation Phase II.	X			X			COTT	UNDP/ UNCTAD FALPRO		TPR held on Feb 1990. Proj. jointly implemented with RAS/86/179 Customs Trg. Proj. completion date may be extended till July 1990.
PROJECTS UNDER THE FOURTH CYCLE (1987 - 1991):										
31. Training of Native Dogs for Narcotics Detection & Handlers		X		X			Indonesia ASOD	UNDP	Kelapa Dua, Bogor, Indonesia	On-going.
32. ASEAN Counselling Courses for Drug Rehabilitation Professionals	X				X		ASOD	UNDP	ASEAN	Completed.
33. Customs Training and Development		X		X			CCC/ UNCTAD COFAB	UNDP	ASEAN	TPR held in Feb 1989. 2 seminars scheduled for 1990. Project linked to Trade Facilitation project.
34. Training of ASEAN Officials on Financial Policy and Institutional Management for Better Access to External Resources from Trans-		X	X				UNCTC COFAB	UNDP	Thailand	2nd workshop on Negotiating with Transnational Banks and 2nd training on Financed Institution

A – Category of Projects

1. Short-term
2. Long-term

B – Indicative Status

1. Preparatory
2. Implementing Stage
3. Completed
4. Withdrawn

C – Project Coordinator

- D – Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations**
- E – Project Location**

☐ ASEAN - UNDP										
PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
national Banks Corporations										Management, planned for 1990.
35. The Use of ASEAN Currencies for Intra-ASEAN Investment by Member Countries		X				X	ESCAP COFAB	UNDP	ASEAN	Withdrawn
36. Training in Monitoring Control & Surveillance of Fisheries in Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)		X		X			COFAF	UNDP FAO	ASEAN	Project Coordinator arrived April 1990
37. Handicraft Innovation through Image Building and Entrepreneurship cum Product Development Strategies		X		X			COIME	UNDP UNIDO		The 2nd Proj. Steering Comm. to be held in Thailand in May/June 90. Proj. consultant is undertaking visit to countries.
38. Study on Harmonization of Investment Incentives in ASEAN Phase II		X	X				COIME	UNDP		Preparation ass. proj. request in Feb 90. Proj. formulation mission being fielded.
39. Development of Internationally Comparative Data on Industry and Industrial Performance		X					COIME			Withdrawn.
40. Programme of Industrial Relations & Labour Studies (APILAS) and Labour Information Network (ALINE)		X		X			Thailand COSD	UNDP ILO		Completed in 1989
41. Technical Cooperation on Pharmaceuticals among the ASEAN Countries	X			X			Thailand COSD	UNDP WHO		On-going.
42. Network on Vocational Training for Women	X		X				Thailand COSD	UNDP ILO		Prep. Assistance project requested in February 1990.
43. Anti-Pollution Technologies		X		X			Philippines COST	UNDP UNEP		Cons to prepare implementation meeting, being recruited.
44. Coastal Fisheries Rehabilitation through Seagrass		X	X				COST FAO	UNDP UNEP		Proj. for consideration in the next cycle.
45. Training on Environmental Education	X						UNESCO COST UNEP	UNDP UNEP		A Regional Training Course in Environment Education was held in 1989. National training workshops to be organised in each ASEAN country.
46. Technology Transfer on the Treatment of Effluents from Palm Oil and from Rubber Industries	X			X			Malaysia COST OPS	UNDP	ASEAN	Proj. activities to be started June 1990.

A - Category of Projects 1. Short-term 2. Long-term	B - Indicative Status 1. Preparatory 2. Implementing Stage 3. Completed 4. Withdrawn	C - Project Coordinator D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations E - Project Location
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ASEAN - UNDP

PROJECTS	CATEGORY		INDICATIVE STATUS				C	D	E	REMARKS
	A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	B4				
47. ASEAN Specialized Meteorological Centre	X		X				COST	UNDP	ASEAN	New project proposal endorsed for UNDP funding.
48. IMO Assistance on Port Operation Safety		X	X				COTAC APAA	UNDP IMO		Draft proj. doc. being finalized by IMO and UNDP.
49. Safety and Load Line Regulation		X		X			COTAC IMO	UNDP	ASEAN	Ongoing
50. Standardization of Curriculum of National Maritime Academics		X		X			COTAC IMO	UNDP	Thailand	- ditto -
51. Development of Cellular Radio Telephone system in ASEAN		X		X			COTAC ITU	UNDP	ASEAN	Ongoing. New Chief Technical Adviser to arrive in May 1990.
52. Maritime Transport Development and Cooperation in ASEAN Countries		X				X	COTAC	UNDP ESCAP UNCTAD	ASEAN	The project was endorsed by the ASC Meeting in September 1988 and submitted to UNDP for funding. However, due to limited funding under the present ICP, this project could not be considered.
53. Multimodal Transport and New Information Technology for the Transport Sector		X				X	COTAC	UNDP SEATAC	ASEAN	- ditto -
54. Joint Study on ASEAN-US Economic Relations (AUI)	X				X		ISEAS & East West Centre Hawaii COTT	USAID UNDP	ASEAN	Completed.
55. Seminar on Role of Private Sector	X				X		UNDP COTT	UNDP	ASEAN	The seminar was successfully held in Manila on 11-12 May 1989.
56. Training in Development Assistance Management and Coordination	X				X		UNDP	UNDP	Jakarta	A new course on Proj. evaluation will be conducted in June 1990.

A - Category of Projects
 1. Short-term
 2. Long-term

B - Indicative Status
 1. Preparatory
 2. Implementing Stage
 3. Completed
 4. Withdrawn

C - Project Coordinator
D - Participating Dialogue Partners/Organizations
E - Project Location



ASEAN Secretariat

During the year 1989-1990, the ASEAN Secretariat focused its activities on the strengthening of intra-ASEAN cooperation as well as exploring ways and means of enhancing ASEAN's relations with third countries and other regional and international organizations. A comprehensive study on the strengthening of the ASEAN Secretariat was also undertaken.

2 The Transfer of Office of the Secretary-General of the ASEAN Secretariat on 17 July 1989, a ceremony was held at the ASEAN Secretariat, Jakarta for the transfer of office of the Secretary-General of the ASEAN Secretariat. Mr. Roderick Yong of Brunei Darussalam was succeeded by Mr. Rusli Noor of Indonesia. The ceremony was also witnessed by Mr. Ali Alatas, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia and the Chairman of the Twenty-Third ASEAN Standing Committee.

Attendance at ASEAN Meetings

3 The Secretary-General and officers of the ASEAN Secretariat attended Ministerial meetings, annual dialogue meetings, meetings of the ASEAN Standing Committee, senior officials in various fields, ASEAN economic committees and ASEAN functional committees as well as some of their subsidiary bodies. In the said endeavours, the ASEAN Secretariat provided background and concept papers as well as assisting in the formulation of the record of the outcome of the meetings. The officers of the ASEAN Secretariat also attended conferences and seminars held under the framework of ASEAN relationship with the dialogue partners. Their role as the resource persons has been an accepted pattern of ASEAN meetings. Furthermore, they assisted in the meetings hosted by member countries whenever appropriate to do so.

4 A new development during the period under review was the convening of the Joint Consultative Meeting (JCM) consisting of senior political officials, senior economic officials, and directors-general of the national ASEAN secretariats, on several occasions. The First JCM was convened in Kuala Lumpur on 13-14 October 1989. The Secretary-General chaired the said JCM and continued to do so at the subsequent JCMs. The staff of the ASEAN Secretariat provided the support papers and produced the records of the outcome of the JCMs.

5 The Secretary-General of the ASEAN Secretariat also participated in the Joint Ministerial Meeting (JMM) consisting of ASEAN Foreign and Economic Ministers as secretary ex officio. The JMM was held for the first time in Kuching, Sarawak, Malaysia on 15 February 1990. The officers of the ASEAN Secretariat provided support and assistance as resource persons.

Attendance at meetings under the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC)

6 The Secretary-General of the ASEAN Secretariat attended the Ministerial-Level Meeting on APEC in Canberra on 6-7 November 1989, as observer. The ASEAN Secretariat was requested to participate in meetings of the senior officials of the participating countries to make preparations for the APEC Ministerial-Level scheduled for July 1990 in Singapore.

7 The Secretary-General acted as Rapporteur of the APEC Senior Officials Meetings held in Singapore in March and May 1990 respectively.

Venue of ASEAN Meetings

8 The ASEAN Secretariat hosted the following ASEAN meetings during the year :-

- a) ASEAN Conference on Civil Service Matters, 4-6 September 1989.

□ ASEAN SECRETARIAT

- b) ASEAN Preparatory Meeting of the Sixth ASEAN-Canada Joint Cooperation Committee (JCC), 18-19 September 1989.
 - c) Fourteenth Meeting of the ASEAN Audit Committee. 5-8 February 1990.
 - d) ASEAN Preparatory Meeting of the Tenth Meeting of ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue, 12-13 March 1990.
 - e) Thirteenth Meeting of the ASEAN Budget Committee, 4-8 May 1990.
 - f) Meeting of the Advisory Group of the ASEAN Cultural Fund, 21-22 May 1990.
- e) Japan-ASEAN Cooperation Promotion Programme (JACPP)
 - f) Canadian Technical Assistance (Library Fund).

9 A development in the area of ASEAN's relations with third countries took place at the ASEAN Secretariat, as the Exchange of Letters and signing ceremony establishing ASEAN-Republic of Korea Sectoral Dialogue was done at the ASEAN Secretariat Building on 2 November 1989.

10 The ASEAN Secretariat was also the venue of the five meetings of the Twenty-Third ASEAN Standing Committee on 22 September 1989, 9 December 1989, 16 March 1990, 21 June 1990, and 22 July 1990 respectively.

11 As the ASEAN Coordinator for ASEAN-UNDP Dialogue, the ASEAN Secretariat provided a venue of two successful training seminars conducted by the UNDP on development assistance management and coordination as well as on project assessment and evaluation on 4-6 December 1989 and 5-8 June 1990 respectively.

12 In compliance with the assignment to coordinate the ASEAN-Pacific Human Resources Development Programme (APC-HRD), the ASEAN Secretariat hosted the Third Meeting of the Ad-Hoc Working Group on APC-HRD on 22 February 1990. Administration of ASEAN Trust Funds

13 The ASEAN Secretariat manages and administers the following funds :

- a) ASEAN Cultural Fund Operational Account.
- b) ASEAN Science Fund.
- c) Japan Scholarship Fund for ASEAN Youth.
- d) ASEAN Regional Studies Promotion Programme (ARSPP).



Welcoming Ceremony of the ASEAN Youth Sculpture Workshop and Exhibition, Bangkok, Thailand, 11 June - 12 July 1990.



Participants to the ASEAN Youth Sculpture Workshop and Exhibition during the Workshop session

14 With the establishment of the ASEAN-Republic of Korea Sectoral Dialogue on 2 November 1989, it was anticipated that in the latter half of 1990 the ASEAN Secretariat would be requested to act as the trustee of a special account in Jakarta for the implementation of projects approved under the framework of the ASEAN-Republic of Korea Sectoral Dialogue.

ASEAN Day Celebrations

15 The 22nd Anniversary of the founding of ASEAN was celebrated on 8 August 1989 with various activities under the auspices of the ASEAN

☐ ASEAN SECRETARIAT

Secretariat. The ASEAN Embassies in Jakarta and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia gave enthusiastic support to the holding of sports events in celebration of the ASEAN Day. The active participation of officials and members of their families contributed to the promotion of the spirit of friendship and solidarity of ASEAN.

16 On 8 August 1989, a flag-raising ceremony was held at the ASEAN Secretariat premises with ASEAN Ambassadors, Diplomats, members of their family, and the staff members of the ASEAN Secretariat. The Secretary-General hosted the reception in the same evening attended by high ranking officials of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, members of the diplomatic corps, and the prominent figures from the business sector in Jakarta.

Information Services

17 Dissemination of information on the activities of ASEAN to the general public was normally conducted through the various publications of the ASEAN Secretariat. The members of the staff at the ASEAN Secretariat held talks, discussions and briefing to visitors including journalists, researchers, officials from ASEAN member governments and third countries, and groups of university students. The Public Information Section also supplied relevant information about ASEAN to inquirers from within and outside ASEAN, who were interested in ASEAN activities. During the period under review, there was a marked increase in the number of inquiries about ASEAN activities. The ASEAN Secretariat also held briefing for visiting politicians, parliamentarians, members of national defence colleges, groups of civil servants from various countries who wished to learn more about the machinery and substance of ASEAN cooperation.

18 Over 200 university students from various universities in Indonesia visited the ASEAN Secretariat on several occasions during the year under review. They were briefed on the background and various aspects of ASEAN cooperation with special emphasis on present activities and prospects for the future. Films about ASEAN were from time to time shown to give audio-visual reflection of ASEAN cooperation. Publications on ASEAN were also distributed during the said visits. Briefing and discussions also took place among the ASEAN Secretariat staff and scholars or academics conducting research on ASEAN. A new development was an increasing interest in ASEAN's role and position in the concept of Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC).

19 A number of publications were produced during the period under review, namely :-

- a. The Annual Report of the ASEAN Standing Committee, 1988- 1989.
- b. Statements of the 21st ASEAN Ministerial Meeting and Post Ministerial Conferences with the Dialogue Partners, Bandar Seri Begawan, 1989.
- c. ASEAN Newsletter – six bimonthly
- d. Press Releases (occasional).
- e. Monthly Calendar of ASEAN Meetings.
- f. Monthly Selected Press Clippings on ASEAN News and Views – 12 issues (only for selective distribution).
- g. ASEAN Documents Series, 1988-1989

ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS

DATE	EVENTS	VENUE
MINISTERIAL MEETING		
July 2 – 4, 1989	22nd ASEAN Ministerial Meeting	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
July 6 – 8, 1989	Post Ministerial Conferences	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
July 24 – 25, 1990	23rd ASEAN Ministerial Meeting	Jakarta, Indonesia
July 27 – 29, 1990	Post Ministerial Conferences	Jakarta, Indonesia
ASEAN STANDING COMMITTEE		
September 20 – 22, 1989	1st meeting of the 23rd ASC	Jakarta, Indonesia
December 7 – 9, 1989	2nd Meeting of the 23rd ASC	Jakarta, Indonesia
March 14 – 16, 1990	3rd Meeting of the 23rd ASC	Jakarta, Indonesia
June 19 – 21, 1990	4th Meeting of the 23rd ASC	Jakarta, Indonesia
July 19 – 22	5th Meeting of the 23rd ASC	Jakarta, Indonesia
ECONOMIC MINISTERS MEETING		
September 10, 1989	Senior Economic Officials Meeting	Bangkok, Thailand
September 11 – 12, 1989	Informal Consultation of AEM on Asia-Pacific Cooperation (APC)	Bangkok, Thailand
October 2 – 3, 1989	Senior Economic Officials Meeting	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
October 5 – 7, 1989	21st Meeting of the ASEAN Economic Ministers	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
November 4, 1989	ASEAN Senior Officials Meeting on APEC	Canberra, Australia
November 5, 1989	ASEAN Ministers/HOD Meeting on APEC	Canberra, Australia
November 6 – 7, 1989	Ministerial Meeting on APEC	Canberra, Australia
November 27 – 28	Senior Economic Officials Meeting (SEOM)	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
November 30 – 2 December	21st Meeting of the ASEAN Economic Ministers (AEM)	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam

□ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

December 18 – 19	Informal Meeting on APEC with Singapore and Australian Officials	Singapore
February 13, 1990	SOM-ASEAN	Kuching, Sarawak
February 14, 1990	Senior Officials Meeting related to AEMM	Kuching, Sarawak
February 15, 1990	Joint Ministerial Meeting (JMM)	Kuching, Sarawak
March 5, 1990	Senior Economic Officials Meeting	Singapore
March 6, 1990	Joint Consultative Meeting (JCM)	Singapore
March 7 – 8, 1990	First SOM-APEC	Singapore
April 30, 1990	Discussion on URMTNs	Bangkok
May 1, 1990	Meeting between SEOM and GATT Directors-General	Bangkok
May 2, 1990	Discussion on ASEAN Machinery and Bold and Innovative Approach for the 1990s	Bangkok
May 21 – 22, 1990	2nd Meeting of APEC-SOM	Singapore
OTHER MINISTERIAL MEETING		
July 18 – 19, 1990	ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on the Environment (AMME)	Kuala Lumpur
July 20 – 22, 1990	SOM	Jakarta, Indonesia
November 9 – 11, 1990	11th Meeting of ASEAN Ministers of Agriculture (AMAF)	Singapore
OTHER MEETING		
September 8, 1989	ASEAN Association for Planning and Housing (AAPH) Excom Meeting	
November 7 – 10, 1989	ASEAN Customs Valuation Seminar	Jakarta
November 29 – 2 December 1989	5th Valuers Congress of the ASEAN Association (AVA)	Manila, Philippines
December 4 – 7, 1989	EIPA Workshop on Financial Management and Budgetary Modernization	Jakarta, Indonesia
December 28 – 29, 1989	Special Meeting of ASEAN Directors-General	Bandung, Indonesia
February 15 – 17, 1990	7th AAPH Convention	Manila, Philippines
March 7 – 10, 1990	Ad-Hoc Working Group on Equipment (Project Regional Ocean Dynamic)	Jakarta
April 18 – 19, 1990	Special Meeting of the ASEAN Directors-General	Bali, Indonesia
May 13 – 16, 1990	7th Meeting of Heads of ASEAN Power Utilities/Authorities	Kuala Lumpur

☐ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

May 20, 1990	ASEAN Joint Consultative Meeting	Singapore
June 1 – 3, 1990	G 15 Meeting	Kuala Lumpur
June 19 – 21, 1990	2nd Meeting of the Project Management Committee (PMC) of Regional Ocean Dynamic (ROD)	Jakarta, Indonesia
July 11 – 13, 1990	G 7 Meeting	Houston, USA

ASEAN COMMITTEES' MEETING

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND BANKING (COFAB)

October 9 – 11, 1989	15th Meeting of ASEAN Insurance Commissioners	Penang, Malaysia
May 2 – 4, 1990	10th Meeting of ASEAN-COFAB Working Group on Tax Matters	Phuket, Thailand
May 8 – 10, 1990	ASEAN Working Group on Custom Matters	Manila, Philippines
May 28 – 31, 1990	18th Meeting of ASEAN Committee on Finance and Banking (COFAB)	Bangkok, Thailand

COMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY (COFAF)

July 18 – 21, 1989	Workshop of ASEAN Center for Development of Agricultural Cooperative (ACEDAC)	Jakarta, Indonesia
July 25 – 27, 1989	9th Meeting of ASEAN COFAF Coordinating Group on Fisheries	Kuala Lumpur
August 5 – 8, 1989	11th Board of Planners of ASEAN Agricultural Development Planning Centre (APDC)	Bangkok, Thailand
August 8 – 10	13th Meeting of CADEX	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
August 22 – 25, 1989	19th. Meeting of the ASEAN Committee on Food, Agriculture and Forestry	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
October 18 – 20, 1989	Technical Meeting of OIC on Food Security Reserve	Jakarta, Indonesia
November 6 – 8, 1989	SOM for the 11th Meeting of AMAF	Singapore
January 24 – 25, 1990	ASEAN Seminar on Management of Tropical Forest for sustainable Development	Jakarta, Indonesia
June 19 – 22, 1990	14th Meeting of the ASEAN on Forestry (CGFo)	Chiang May, Thailand
July 2 – 5, 1990	27th Meeting of the ASEAN COFAF Sub-Committee on Food Handling (SCFH)	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam

☐ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

July 10 – 12 10th Meeting of the ASEAN-COFAF Kuala Lumpur
Coordinating Group on Crops

COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRY, MINERAL AND ENERGY (COIME)

November 21 – 24, 1989 Experts Group Meeting on New and Manila, Philippines
Renewable Sources of Energy (NRSE)

December 11, 1989 2nd Meeting of the Project Steering Jakarta, Indonesia
Committee (PSC) of the ASEAN-EC
Energy Management Training and
Research Centre (AEEMTRC)

December 12, 1989 1st Special Meeting of the ASEAN Malaysia
Experts' Group on Coal (AEGC)

May 23 – 26, 1990 33th Meeting of the ASEAN Kuala Lumpur
Committee on Industry, Minerals
and Energy

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION (COTAC)

July 5 – 7, 1989 13th Meeting of ASEAN Sub- Singapore
Committee on Civil Aviation and
Related Services (ASCCARS)

July 25 – 27, 1989 13th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub- Kuala Lumpur
Committee on Posts and
Telecommunication

July 25 – 27, 1989 12th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub- Bandar Seri Begawan,
Committee on Land and Brunei Darussalam
Transportation

August 23 – 25, 1989 27th Meeting of COTAC Kuala Lumpur

July 5 – 7, 1990 13th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub- Langkawi, Malaysia
Committee on Land Transportation

July 10 – 12, 1990 14th Meeting of the Sub-Committee Indonesia
on Post and Telecommunication

July 17 – 19, 1990 13th Meeting of Sub-Committee Philippines
on Shipping and Ports

July 26 – 30, 1990 13th Meeting of the Sub-Committee Singapore
on Civil Aviation and Related
Services (SCCARS)

COMMITTEE ON TRADE AND TOURISM (COTT)

August 21 – 24, 1989 24th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub- Manila, Philippines
Committee on Tourism (SCOT)

August 28 – 30, 1989 27th Meeting of COTT Yogyakarta,
Indonesia

□ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

October 3 – 13, 1989	4th ASEAN Trade Fair	Jakarta
December 6 – 7, 1989	The 9th Meeting of the Council of ASEAN Promotion Centre	Tokyo, Japan
January 11 – 14, 1990	The 25th SCOT Meeting	Pattaya, Thailand
March 12 – 14, 1990	28th Meeting of ASEAN COTT	Cebu, Philippines
March 15, 1990	Post-COTT Meeting	Cebu, Philippines
May 28 – 29, 1990	Regional Consultation on Uruguay Round	Kuala Lumpur
May 28 – 31, 1990	4th Annual Planning Committee Meeting of the ASEAN Promotion Centre (APC)	Singapore

COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (COST)

July 17 – 18, 1990	Project Steering Committee (PSC) on ASEAN Food Security Reserve Board	Bangkok, Thailand
August 29 – 1 September 1989	12th Meeting of ASEAN COST Sub Committee on Climatology	Bangkok, Thailand
September 4 – 8, 1989	21st Meeting of ASEAN COST	Yogyakarta, Indonesia
November 6 – 10, 1989	Consultative Meeting of the ASEAN Working Group on Food, Technology, Research and Development	Chiang May, Thailand
November 13 – 15, 1989	1st Meeting of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on Microelectronics and Computers	Jakarta, Indonesia
November 14 – 16, 1989	6th Meeting of ASEAN Working Group on Microelectronics	Indonesia
March 6 – 8, 1990	8th Meeting of the ASEAN Sub-Committee on Health and Nutrition	Manila, Philippines
March 6 – 9, 1990	17th Meeting of the Working Group on Food Technology Research and Development (AWGFTRD)	Bali, Indonesia
March 6 – 9, 1990	1st Meeting of PMC Food Research and Development	Bali, Indonesia
March 19 – 20, 1990	1st Meeting of SCARD/COST	Kuala Lumpur
March 21 – 24, 1990	22nd Meeting of ASEAN COST	Kuala Lumpur
March 27 – 28, 1990	8th Meeting of ASEAN Nature Conservation and 9th Meeting of COBSEA	Penang, Malaysia
June 18 – 19, 1990	10th Meeting of Project Steering Committee (PSC) of ASEAN Timber Technology Centre (ATTC)	Sabah, Malaysia

☐ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AND INFORMATION (COCI)

October 13	ASEAN Travelling Exhibition of	
November 13, 1989	Printing Photography and Children's Art	
November 7–9, 1989	5th Meeting of the ASEAN Working Group on Visual and Performing Arts	Singapore
November 12–16, 1989	COCI Experts Group Meeting on ASEAN Copy Rights	Thailand
November 13–15, 1989	5th Meeting of Working Group on Prints and Interpersonal Media	Yogyakarta, Indonesia
November 27–29, 1989	5th Meeting of the ASEAN Working Group on Radio, Television and Films/Video	Malacca, Malaysia
December 12–15, 1989	21st Meeting of ASEAN COCI	Singapore
February 8–10, 1990	ASEAN Composers Music Workshop	Kuala Lumpur
March 11–17, 1990	2nd ASEAN Film Week	Malaysia
March 27–30	The Editorial Board Meeting for the Publication of ASEAN Film Legislation and Contracting and Common Values for Films	Bangkok, Thailand
May 21–22, 1990	10th Meeting of the Advisory Group of ASEAN Cultural Fund	Jakarta, Indonesia
May 28–31, 1990	22nd Meeting of the ASEAN-COCI	Bandung, Indonesia

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL AND DEVELOPMENT (COSD)

September 12–14, 1989	2nd Meeting of ASEAN Sub- Committee on Labour Affairs	Yogyakarta, Indonesia
December 13–15, 1989	6th Meeting of ASEAN Experts Group on Natural Disasters	Bangkok, Thailand
January 24–26, 1990	ASEAN Women's Programme	Manila, Philippines
March 12–17, 1990	ASEAN Youth Leadership Training Programme	Indonesia
March 20–24, 1990	7th Meeting of ASEAN Sub-Committee on Youth	Manila, Philippines
May 24–27, 1990	15th Meeting of the ASEAN Committee on Social and Development	Manila, Philippines

ASEAN Senior Officials on Drugs Drafters (ASOD)

September 11–15, 1989	2nd Meeting of International Heads of Narcotics and Law Enforcement Agencies (HONLEA)	Vienna
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☐ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

ASEAN Senior Officials on Environment (ASOEN)

March 29 – 31, 1990 13th Meeting of AEGE/ASOEN

ASEAN Cooperation in Civil Service Matters (ACCSM)

September 4 – 6, 1989 5th ASEAN Conference on Civil Matters Jakarta, Indonesia
September 8 – 9, 1989 ditto Bali, Indonesia

COMMITTEE ON AUDIT

5 – 8 February, 1990 14th Meeting of the ASEAN Audit Jakarta
Committee

ASEAN – AUSTRALIA

29 November 1st Project Management Committee Pattaya, Thailand
1 December 1989 Meeting of ASEAN-Australia Regional
Dynamic Project
March 28 – 29, 1990 Preparatory Meeting for the 13th Singapore
ASEAN-Australia Forum
May 14 – 15, 1990 2nd AAACP Joint Planning Committee Singapore
Meeting
May 16, 1990 Pre-Forum for the 13th ASEAN Singapore
Australia Forum
May 17 – 18, 1990 13th Meeting of ASEAN-Australia Singapore
Forum

ASEAN COMMITTEE ON BUDGET

May 4 – 8, 1990 13th Meeting of the ASEAN Budget Penang, Malaysia
Committee

ASEAN – CANADA

September 18 – 19, 1989 ASEAN Preparatory Meeting for the Jakarta,
6th ASEAN-Canada Joint Cooperation Indonesia
Committee (JCC)
November 6 – 8, 1989 17th Meeting of the ASEAN Working Chiang Mai,
Group on Non Conventional Energy Thailand
Research (WGNCER) and the Project
Status Review Meeting of the ASEAN
Canada Project on Solar Energy for
Drying Processes
November 20, 1989 ASEAN Pre-Dialogue Meeting for the Bandar Seri Begawan,
6th ASEAN-Canada JCC Brunei Darussalam

□ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

November 21 – 22, 1990	6th Meeting of the ASEAN-Canada JCC	Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei Darussalam
March 28 – 29, 1990	Preparatory Meeting for the 13th ASEAN-Australia Forum	Singapore
May 14 – 15, 1990	2nd AAECP Joint Planning Committee Meeting	Singapore

ASEAN – European Community (EEC)

July 10 – 11, 1989	Colloquium ASEAN and Europe 1992: Implication and Responses	Kuala Lumpur
July 10 – 14, 1989	ASEAN-EC Workshop Scale-Up, Cost Evaluation and Technology	Bandung, Indonesia
December 4 – 7, 1989	Seminar on the Framework of the EC-ASEAN Cooperation in Agreement	Jakarta, Indonesia
March 19 – 30, 1990	Seminar on "EC Policy Making and New Development in the Community Possible Effects on ASEAN"	Maastricht
May 16 – 17, 1990	Preparatory Workshop for the EC HRD Programme in Development Administration	Kuala Lumpur
June 11 – 13, 1990	ASEAN/EC Review Meeting on Trade Promotion Cooperation	Hamburg, FRG

ASEAN – NEW ZEALAND

March 12 – 13, 1990	Preparatory Meeting for the 10th ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue	Jakarta, Indonesia
May 10 – 11, 1990	10th ASEAN-New Zealand Dialogue	Auckland

ASEAN – US

August 24 – 25, 1989	Preparatory Meeting for the 9th ASEAN-US Dialogue	Phuket, Thailand
October 16 – 18, 1989	9th ASEAN-US Dialogue	
January 30, 1990	Special SEOM on AUI	Singapore

ASEAN – UNDP

December 4 – 6, 1989	Training in Development Assistance Management and Coordination Part II	Jakarta, Indonesia
June 5 – 8, 1990	ASEAN-UNDP Training Seminar/ Workshop on Project Assessment and Evaluation	Jakarta, Indonesia

□ **ASEAN CALENDAR OF MEETINGS AND EVENTS**

ASEAN – The Republic of Korea (ROK)

August 20, 1990	ASEAN Preparatory Meeting on Sectoral Dialogue Relations between ASEAN and the Republic of Korea	Seoul
August 21 – 22, 1990	Meeting on Sectoral Dialogue Relations between ASEAN and ROK	Seoul
January 31, 1990	ASEAN Joint Consultative Meeting	Singapore





ASEAN ABBREVIATIONS

AAA	-	ASEAN International Airports Association
AACM	-	ASEAN Australian Consultation Meeting
AACPMS	-	ASEAN-Australia Cooperation Programme on Marine Sciences
AADCP	-	ASEAN Aquaculture Development and Coordinating Programme
AAF	-	ASEAN Automotive Federation (ASEAN-CCI)
AAECP	-	ASEAN Australia Economic Cooperation Programme
AAIC	-	ASEAN Aluminium Industry Club
AAMIP	-	ASEAN-Australia Media & Information Programme
AAPH	-	ASEAN Association for Planning and Housing
AAPSIP	-	ASEAN-Australia Post Harvest System Improvement Project
AAR	-	ASEAN Association for Radiologist
AARCB	-	ASEAN Agricultural Research Coordinating Board (COFAF)
ABA	-	ASEAN Bankers Association
ABC	-	ASEAN Banking Council
ABC	-	ASEAN Brussels Committee
ABF	-	ASEAN Bintulu Fertilizer
ABS NAT	-	ASEAN Benchmark Sites Network for Agrotechnology Transfer
ACA	-	ASEAN Contractors Organization
ACAP	-	ASEAN Common Agricultural Policy (COFAF)
ACAT	-	ASEAN Centre for Appropriate Technology (COST)
ACBC	-	ASEAN-Canada Business Council
ACC	-	ASEAN Canberra Committee
ACCM	-	ASEAN-Canberra Consultative Meeting
ACCMPS	-	ASEAN-Canada Cooperative Programme on Marine Sciences
ACCSM	-	ASEAN Cooperation in Civil Service Matters
ACE	-	ASEAN Confederation of Employers
ACEDAC	-	ASEAN Centre for Development of Agricultural Cooperation
ACF	-	ASEAN Cardiologist Federation
ACF	-	ASEAN Constructors Federation
ACF	-	ASEAN Cultural Fund
ACIC	-	ASEAN Ceramic Industry Clubs (ASEAN-CCI)
ACITAR	-	ASEAN Customs Institute for Training and Research
ACO	-	ASEAN Cooperative Organization
ACPA	-	ASEAN Consumer's Protective Agency
ACPL	-	ASEAN Cablesip Private Limited
ACPHP	-	ASEAN Crops Post Harvest Programme
ACRAQC	-	ASEAN Common Regional Animal Quarantine Center
ACS	-	ASEAN College of Surgeons
ACT	-	ASEAN Committee in Tokyo
ACT	-	ASEAN Council of Teachers
ACTS	-	ASEAN Communication and Transport System (COTAC)
ACTS	-	ASEAN Cargo Transportation Study
ACTU	-	ASEAN Council of Trade Union
ACW	-	ASEAN Committee in Wellington
ACWO	-	ASEAN Confederation on Women Organization

□ ASEAN ABBREVIATION

ADB	–	ASEAN Development Bank
ADBC	–	ASEAN Data Bank on Commodities
ADE	–	Automated Data Exchange
ADEP	–	ASEAN Development Education Programme (COSD)
ADPC	–	Agriculture Development Planning Centre (COFAF)
AEGC	–	ASEAN Experts Group on Coal
AEGE	–	ASEAN Experts Group on the Environment
AEGND	–	ASEAN Experts Group on National Disasters
AEEMTRC	–	ASEAN-EC Energy Management Training and Research Centre
AEA	–	ASEAN Executive Agency
AEM	–	ASEAN Economic Ministers
AEMEC	–	ASEAN Economic Ministers on Energy Cooperation
AEMM	–	ASEAN-EC Ministerial Meeting
AEMTRC	–	ASEAN-Energy Management Training and Research Centre
AEROSAT	–	Aeronautical Satellite Programme (COTAC)
AFA	–	ASEAN Federation of Accountants
AFAA	–	ASEAN Federation of Automative Association
AFAMM	–	ASEAN Federation of Agricultural Machinery Manufacturers
AFC	–	The ASEAN Finance Corporation
AFCB	–	The ASEAN Fisheries Consultative Body
AFCM	–	ASEAN Federation of Cement Manufacturers (ASEAN-CCI)
AFDC	–	ASEAN Fisheries Development Centre
AFEEC	–	ASEAN Federation of Electrical Engineering Contractors
AFEO	–	ASEAN Federation of Engineering Organizations
AFF	–	ASEAN Film Festival
AFF	–	ASEAN Fisheries Federation
AFF	–	ASEAN Football Federation
AFFMA	–	ASEAN Federation of Furniture Manufacturers Association
AFFPI	–	ASEAN Federation of Food Processing Industries (ASEAN-CCI)
AFGM	–	ASEAN Federation of Glass Manufacturers (ASEAN-CCI)
AFHB	–	ASEAN Food Handling Bureau (COFAF)
AFJ	–	ASEAN Federation of Jurists
AFMA	–	ASEAN Federation of Mining Association
AFPMH	–	ASEAN Federation Psychiatric and Mental Health
AFSO	–	ASEAN Food Standard Office
AFSR	–	ASEAN Food Security Reserve (COFAF)
AFSRB	–	ASEAN Food Security Reserve Board (COFAF)
AFTEX	–	ASEAN Federation of Textile Industries
AGC	–	ASEAN Geneva Committee
AGPP	–	ASEAN Grain Post-Harvest Programme
AGROTECH	–	ASEAN Small-scale Agro-Engineering Post-harvest Technology Project
AHPADA	–	ASEAN Handicraft Promotion and Development Association
AHPP	–	ASEAN Heads of Population Programme
AHRDP	–	ASEAN Human Resources Development Programme
AIC	–	ASEAN Industrial Complementation
AIC	–	ASEAN Insurance Council
AIFM	–	ASEAN Institute of Forest Management
AIJV	–	ASEAN industrial Joint Ventures
AIPs	–	ASEAN Industrial Projects
AIPO	–	ASEAN Inter-Parliamentary Organization
AIREP	–	ASEAN Routine Weather Report From Aircraft in Flight Programme
AISIF	–	ASEAN Iron and Steel Industry Federation
AJDF	–	ASEAN Japan Development Fund
AJVP	–	ASEAN Joint Venture Project

☐ ASEAN ABBREVIATION

ALA	–	ASEAN Law Association
ALC	–	ASEAN London Committee
ALINE	–	ASEAN Labour Information Network
AMA	–	ASEAN Mining Association
AMAF	–	ASEAN Ministers on Agriculture and Forestry
AME	–	ASEAN Ministers of the Environment
AMIA	–	ASEAN Music Industry Association
AMM	–	ASEAN Ministerial Meeting
AMPC	–	ASEAN Minerals Corporation Plan
AMPCC	–	ASEAN Marine Pollution Control Centre
AMPPA	–	ASEAN Motion Picture Producers Association
AMST	–	ASEAN Ministers of Science and Technology
ANDEX	–	ASEAN Network of Development Education Centers (COSD)
ANEX	–	ASEAN News Exchange
ANS	–	ASEAN Neurological Society
ANZAP	–	ASEAN-New Zealand Afforestation Project
AOA	–	ASEAN Orthopaedic Association
AOC	–	ASEAN Ottawa Committee
AOFSCN	–	ASEAN Optical Fibre Submarine Cable Network
APP	–	ASEAN Population Programme (COSD)
APAA	–	ASEAN Port Authorities Association
APC	–	ASEAN Promotion Centre on Trade, Investment and Tourism
APC	–	ASEAN Paris Committee
APC-HRD	–	ASEAN-Pacific Cooperation of Human Resources Development
APCU	–	ASEAN Population Coordinating Unit (COSD)
APDRTC	–	ASEAN Poultry Disease Research and Training Centre
APEC	–	Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation
APEX	–	ASEAN Post-Harvest Exchange Regional Information Network Project
APF	–	ASEAN Pediatric Federation
APFME	–	Agricultural Project Formulation, Monitoring and Evaluation
APIRLAS	–	ASEAN Programme on Industrial Relations and Labour Studies
APPH	–	ASEAN Population Programme Heads (COSD)
APSA	–	ASEAN Petroleum Security Agreement
APPIC	–	ASEAN Paper and Pulp Industry Club (ASEAN-CCI)
ARC	–	ASEAN Reinsurance Corporation
ARGMC	–	ASEAN Railway General Manager's Conferences
ARSPP	–	ASEAN Regional Studies Promotion Programme
ASC	–	ASEAN Standing Committee
ASC	–	ASEAN Steel Community
ASCCARS	–	ASEAN Sub-Committee on Civil Aviation and Related Services
ASCLA	–	ASEAN Sub-Committee on Labour Affairs
ASDF	–	ASEAN Social Development Fund
ASEANCOM	–	ASEAN Council of Museums
ASCOPE	–	ASEAN Council of Petroleum
ASEAN-CCI	–	ASEAN Chamber of Commerce and Industry
ASEANTA	–	ASEAN Tours and Travel Association
ASEP	–	ASEAN Environmental Programme
ASMC	–	ASEAN Specialized Meteorological Center
ASOD	–	ASEAN Senior Officials on Drug Matters
ASOEN	–	ASEAN Senior Officials on Environment
ASP-ATMPH	–	ASEAN Scholarship Programme for Applied Tropical Medicine
ASSC	–	ASEAN Schools Sport Council
ASTO	–	ASEAN Schools Sport Council
ASTW	–	The ASEAN Science and Technology Week

□ ASEAN ABBREVIATION

ASY	–	ASEAN Sub-Committee on Youth
ATC	–	ASEAN Training Centre
ATF	–	ASEAN Tourism Forum
ATIC	–	ASEAN Tourism Information Centre
ATTC	–	ASEAN Timber Technology Centre
ATUC	–	ASEAN Trade Union Council
AUI	–	ASEAN-US Initiative
AUSC	–	ASEAN University Sport Council
AVA	–	ASEAN Valuers Association
AVCPMS	–	ASEAN-US Cooperative Programme on Marine Sciences
AWC	–	ASEAN Washington Committee
AWGCM	–	ASEAN Working Group on Customs Matters
AWGTM	–	ASEAN Working Group on Trade Matters
AWP	–	ASEAN Women's Programme (COSD)
BAAIC	–	Basic Agreement on ASEAN Industrial Complementation
BAAIJV	–	Basic Agreement on ASEAN Industrial Joint Ventures
BAC	–	Bonn ASEAN Committee
BADC	–	Brackishwater Aquaculture Development Centre
BOP	–	Board of Planners
BTS	–	Brokers Telegraph System
CADEX	–	Council of ASEAN Directors on Agricultural Extension
CAJ	–	Confederation on ASEAN Journalists
CCC	–	Customs Cooperation Council
CAYC	–	Committee on ASEAN Youth Cooperation
CCCN	–	Customs Cooperation Council Nomenclature
CEVEST	–	Centre for Vocational and Extension Services Training
CGC	–	Coordinating Group on Crops
CGFI	–	Coordinating Group on Fisheries
CGFO	–	Coordinating Group on Forestry
CGL	–	Coordinating Group of Livestock
CIAST	–	Centre for Instructors and Advanced Skills Training
CISMA	–	Centre for Irrigation System Management for ASEAN
CMO	–	Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline
COCI	–	Committee on Finance and Information
COFAB	–	Committee on Finance and Banking
COFAF	–	Committee on Food, Agriculture and Forestry
COIME	–	Committee on Industry, Minerals and Energy
COSD	–	Committee on Social Development
COST	–	Committee on Science and Technology
COTAC	–	Committee on Transportation and Communication
COTT	–	Committee on Trade and Tourism
CPA	–	Comprehensive Plan of Action
DSC	–	Development Support Communication Resources
EEZ	–	Exclusive Economic Zone
EG-C	–	Experts Group on Corrosion
EG-E	–	Experts Group on Environment
EMIS	–	Educational Management Information System
FACE	–	Federation of ASEAN Consulting Engineers
FAEC	–	Federation of ASEAN Economic Cooperation
FASC	–	Federation of ASEAN Shipper's Council
FASA	–	Federation of ASEAN Shipowners Association
FAPRO	–	Federation of ASEAN Public Relations Organization
FFRI	–	Freshwater Fisheries Research Institute
FMD	–	Foot and Mouth Diseases

☐ ASEAN ABBREVIATION

FTRD	–	Food Technology Research Development Project
GSP	–	General System of Preference
HLWP	–	High Level Working Party
HLSC	–	High Level Steering Committee
HRD	–	Human Resources Development
IATEP	–	Inter-ASEAN Technical Exchange Programme
ICP	–	Inter Country Programme
IILP	–	Inter-Institutional Linkages Programme
ICDAIT	–	International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking
IMCO	–	Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization
INRA	–	International Natural Rubber Agreement
IWPCARS	–	Integrated Work Programme on Civil Aviation and Related Services
IWPLT	–	Integrated Work Programme on Land and Transportation
IWPS	–	Integrated Programme on Shipping (COTAC)
JACPP	–	Japan-ASEAN Cooperation Promotion Programme
JACEP	–	Japan-ASEAN Comprehensive Exchange Programme
JAHWGS	–	Joint Ad Hoc Working Group on Shipping (COTAC)
JAIC	–	Japan-ASEAN Investment Company
JCC	–	Joint Cooperation Committee (ASEAN-Canada Dialogue)
JCM	–	Joint Consultative Meeting
JIM	–	Jakarta Informal Meeting
JMM	–	Joint Ministerial Meeting
JSC	–	Japan Scholarship Fund
JSCC	–	Joint Sectoral Cooperation Committee (ASEAN-ROK Sectoral Dialogue)
JSG	–	Joint Study Group
MASEAN	–	Medical Association of Southeast Asian Nations
MOP	–	Margin of Tariff Preference
MOU	–	Memorandum of Understanding
MTN	–	Multilateral Trade Negotiations
NADEC	–	National Development Education Centres (COSD)
NCER	–	Non-Conventional Educational Centres (COSD)
NFFTRC	–	National Freshwater Fisheries Technology Research
NTB(s)	–	Non-Tariff Barriers
NTMs	–	Non-Tariff Measures
NWFZ	–	Nuclear Weapon Free Zone
NRSE	–	New & Renewable Sources of Energy
PCFA	–	Permanent Committee on Food and Agriculture
PHC	–	Primary Health Care
PICC	–	The Paris International Conference on Cambodia
PITO	–	ASEAN Private Investment and Trade Opportunities
PLANTI	–	ASEAN Plant Quarantine Training Institute (COFAF)
POPIN	–	Population Information
PTA	–	Preferential Trading Arrangement
RAA	–	Rheumatism Association of ASEAN
RCC	–	Regional Coordinating Committee (COSD)
REDP	–	Regional Energy Development Programme
RIHED	–	Regional Institute of Higher Education Development
SAR	–	Search for Aircraft in Distress and Rescue of Survivors in Aircraft
SASTW	–	Science and Technology Week
SCCAN	–	Special Coordinating Committee of ASEAN
SCC	–	Sub-Committee on Climatology
SCOE	–	ASEAN Sub-Committee on Education
SCOP	–	Sub-Committee on Protein

ASEAN ABBREVIATION

SCOT	–	Sub-Committee on Tourism (COTT)
SEASEE	–	Southeast Asia Association on Seismology and Earthquake Engineering
SEOM	–	Senior Economic Officials Meeting
SLOM	–	Senior Legal Officials Meeting
SMI	–	Small and Medium Industry
SOM	–	Senior Officials Meeting
STABEX	–	Stabilization of Export
TCPHC	–	Training Centre for Primary Health Care
TIPP	–	Trade and Investment Promotion Programme
TNC	–	Trade Negotiation Committee
TPNG	–	Trade Preference Negotiating Group (COTT)
VADP	–	Veterinary Administration Development Programme
VAY '92	–	Visit Asean Year '92
VECONAC	–	Veterans Confederation of ASEAN Councils
WGFAF	–	Working Group on Food, Agriculture and Forestry
WGIC	–	Working Group on Industrial Cooperation
ZOPFAN	–	Zone of Peace, Freedom and Neutrality
WG-FTRD	–	Working Group on Food Technology Research and Development Project
WGMST	–	Working Group on Material Science and Technology
WG-NCER	–	Working Group on Non-Conventional Energy Research Project

