

## **ASEAN Framework of Action on Marine Debris**

Marine debris is a transboundary issue which requires integrated regional cooperation. In addition to robust national actions to address marine debris strategies for strong collaboration are particularly crucial for the ASEAN region. Without immediate action, marine debris pollution may negatively impact marine biodiversity, environment, health, society and economy.

ASEAN Member States recognise the urgent need to take action and have made notable progress in combating marine debris.

The ASEAN Framework of Action on Marine Debris was developed to act on the recommendations from the ASEAN Conference on Reducing Marine Debris in ASEAN Region in Phuket in November 2017, taking into account the East Asia Summit (EAS) Conference on Combating Marine Plastic Debris in Bali in September 2017.

The Framework of Action on Marine Debris was welcomed by the Ministers and representatives responsible for natural resources, environment and marine affairs from all ASEAN Member States at the Special ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on Marine Debris on 5 March 2019 in Bangkok, Thailand.

The Framework comprises four (4) priority areas namely: (i) Policy Support and Planning; (ii) Research, Innovation, and Capacity Building; (iii) Public Awareness, Education, and Outreach; and (iv) Private Sector Engagement. Each priority area consists of actions and suggested activities for further collaboration in ASEAN region and among ASEAN and its partners in combating marine debris.

Framework / Actions	Suggested Activities*		
Framework I: Policy Support and Planning			
A. Promote regional policy dialogue on prevention and reduction of marine debris from land- and sea-based activities by highlighting the issue, sharing information and knowledge, and strengthening regional coordination.	Organise regular regional policy dialogue/discussion on combating marine debris issues.		
B. Mainstream multi-sectoral policy measures to address marine debris in national and ASEAN's development agenda and priorities.	<ol> <li>Develop and implement long-term and robust strategy to combat marine debris, including having comprehensive waste management systems to prevent pollution and circular economy approaches.</li> <li>Develop and implement extended producer responsibility (EPR) policies and schemes including design for environment, deposit refund, and take-back for reusing and recycling.</li> <li>Encourage national authorities in collaboration with businesses to develop and promote product sustainability and circularity criteria to stimulate the market for sustainable products and secondary raw materials while concurrently, addressing the unsustainable use and disposal of single-use plastic products.</li> <li>Develop/strengthen upstream policies for land-based leakage (including single-use plastics), and sea-based leakage (e.g. ghost nets, and waste from fishing vessels, maritime transport and marine tourism).</li> <li>Welcome inter-sectoral initiatives and collaboration to effectively address marine debris through various relevant ASEAN-led mechanism.</li> <li>Encourage national and local governments to incorporate marine debris issues in their priorities.</li> </ol>		
C. Encourage ASEAN Member States to implement relevant international laws and agreements related to waste management- such as MARPOL Annex V ship generated waste, Basel Convention, and UN Environment Assembly resolutions 3/7 on Marine Litter and Microplastics.	<ol> <li>Incorporate international laws and agreements related to waste management into regional platforms.</li> <li>Provide support for enabling conditions to the implementation of the international laws and agreement.</li> <li>Conduct regular dialogue through webinar; and/or through Basel Convention Regional Centre for South-East Asia (BCRC-SEA).</li> </ol>		

	Framework / Actions		Suggested Activities*
D	Develop a regional action plan on	1	Establish a taskforce on development of
.	combating marine debris in the ASEAN	1.	ASEAN regional action plan on combating
	Region by applying integrated land-to-		marine debris as a mean to:
	sea policy approaches.		1.1. exchange information on existing
	sea poney approaches.		
			national policy instruments to combat marine debris.
			1.2. develop elements for a regional action
			plan.
			1.3. compile the regional action plan in
			accordance with the national and
			regional context.
		2.	Review and analyse best practices of
			Regional Seas Programmes to combat
		_	marine debris.
		3.	Conduct feasibility study/consultative
			meeting on development of an ASEAN
			agreement on management of marine
		١,	debris pollution.
		4.	Conduct feasibility study/consultative
			meeting on establishment of an ASEAN
		_	Centre on Combating Marine Debris.
		5.	Contribute to EAS efforts to develop
			the regional plan of action on combating
			marine plastic debris.
Fra	amework II: Research, Innovation and C	Capa	acity Building
Α.	Compile regional baseline on status and	1.	Review and analyse information and data
	impacts of marine debris in the ASEAN		on status and impacts of marine debris
	Region.		in the ASEAN region, and develop
			a regional base-line report.
		2.	Assess information and data gaps, and
		_,	identify possible approaches to bridge
			the gaps.
B.	Strengthen regional, national and local	1.	Explore standardisation of methods for
-	capacities to develop and implement		the measurement and monitoring of marine
	national action plans/initiatives.		debris, based on existing/established
	national action plans/initiatives.		protocols.
		2	Conduct capacity assessment on
			addressing marine debris issue where
			appropriate and when requested to assess
			the existing capacity and capacity need of
			the ASEAN Member States to address
			marine debris issues.
		3.	Provide trainings on combating marine
		٥.	debris among ASEAN Member States
			as well as with support from external
			parties including monitoring and
			management of marine dehric
			management of marine debris.

Framework / Actions	Suggested Activities*
C. Enhance scientific knowledge, transfer	1. Support research and sharing of scientific
marine technology and promote	knowledge, technology and innovation
innovative solution to combat marine	development among ASEAN Member
debris.	States, including by engaging research
	institutions, public and private sectors,
	international partners, and other relevant
	stakeholders.
	2. Promote cooperation and partnership across
	research institutions to collect and exchange
	data and information and develop
	collaboration on combating marine debris
	including through national and international
	events/meetings, exchange visits.
	3. Promote efforts to identify and replicate
	innovative solutions implemented by cities for combating marine debris.
	<ul><li>4. Enhance research/study on marine debris,</li></ul>
	including plastics and microplastics.
	5. Explore the possible development of
	a network for sharing marine debris data
	and information.
	6. Promote efforts on research and
	development cooperation on the
	development of environmentally-friendly
	alternatives in combating marine debris.
D. Promote integration and application of	1. Promote science-policy interface in order
scientific knowledge to enhance	to enhance interaction between scientist
science-based decisions and policies on	and policy maker, and accessibility to
marine debris prevention and	scientific information.
management.	2. Disseminate scientific knowledge through
	various communication channels such as
	peer-review publication, conferences/ meetings and mass media.
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	multiple points of view, especially from
	policy maker, into study design, delivery
	and communication.
Framework III: Public Awareness, Educati	on and Outreach
A. Promote public awareness on status and	1. Develop communication materials on
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microplastics.	<u> </u>
iniciopiastics.	<u> </u>
incropiastics.	2. Disseminate the information/materials to
inicropiastics.	2. Disseminate the information/materials to general public via advance communication
A. Promote public awareness on status and impacts of marine debris and	multiple points of view, especially from policy maker, into study design, deliver and communication.  Ion and Outreach  1. Develop communication materials of status and impacts of marine debris by incorporating science-based information.

Framework / Actions	Suggested Activities*	
B. Accelerate advocacy strategy/	1. Develop communication plan to promote	
programme to promote behavior change	public awareness and behavior change	
to combat marine debris, and to	2. Adapt and apply best practices and	
incorporate marine debris issue into	campaigns which successfully change	
ASEAN's Culture of Prevention	behavior.	
Initiative.	3. Share alternative solutions and practices to	
	prevent and reduce land- and sea- based	
	debris.	
	4. Integrate scientific finding on status and	
	impacts of marine debris in advocacy strategy/programme.	
	5. Engage multi-stakeholders including	
	youth, public and private sectors, and	
	government agencies in advocacy	
	programs and outreach activities on	
	combating marine debris.	
C. Promote platforms for knowledge	1. Organise expert exchange platforms and/or	
sharing, innovative solutions and	study-trip programmes.	
best practices to combat marine debris.	2. Establish ASEAN information platform to	
	exchange information and share innovative	
	solution and best practices.	
Framework IV: Private Sector Engagement		
A. Promote collaborative actions with	1. Support private sectors to implement	
private sector and industry associations	measures to address marine debris issues.	
to implement measures to address		
marine debris issues.		
B. Encourage private sector investment in	1. Engage private sector in campaigns	
and contribution to combat marine	such as programme and campaign on	
debris.	circular economy, product life-cycle	
	management, sustainable consumption and	
	production and "3R" approaches.	
	2. Mainstream private sectors support to	
	develop research and innovation such as	
	through project funding, and prioritise	
	CSR activities on combating marine	
	debris.	
	3. Promote private sector investment in	
	redesigning products/packaging and alternative materials.	
	4. Engage value chain stakeholders to establish enabling mechanisms	
	establish enabling mechanisms /infrastructure to increase waste recovery	
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*These are a listing of notantial activities by	and recycling rates.	

<sup>\*</sup>These are a listing of potential activities by ASEAN and its partners for further discussion under the proposed Action Plan (Framework I, Action D).