

**THE ASEAN SENIOR OFFICIALS MEETING ON TRANSNATIONAL CRIME (SOMTC)
WORK PROGRAMME (2026-2028) TO IMPLEMENT
THE ASEAN PLAN OF ACTION IN COMBATTING TRANSNATIONAL CRIME
(2026-2035)**

1. The SOMTC Work Programme 2026-2028 is developed to implement the ASEAN Plan of Action (POA) in Combatting Transnational Crime (2026-2035).
2. The aim of the Work Programme is to provide policy guidelines as well as proposed activities for the effective implementation of the eight areas under the purview of the SOMTC namely: arms smuggling, cybercrime and online scams, illicit drugs trafficking, illicit trafficking of wildlife and timber (ITWT), money laundering, people smuggling, terrorism, and trafficking in persons (TIP). These proposed activities range from information exchange, legal and law enforcement matters, capacity building, outreach and preventive initiatives as well as extra-regional cooperation.
3. Most of the policy guidelines in the Work Programme 2026-2028 are a continuation of the previous SOMTC Work Programme 2022-2025 with several new proposed activities added. There are a number of policy guidelines that are similar to the previous ones.

The Work Programme for 2026-2028 is as follows:

SOMTC Work Programme to Implement the ASEAN Plan of Action to Combat Transnational Crime (2026-2028)

NO.	POLICY GUIDELINES	PROPOSED ACTIVITIES FOR 2026-2028	IMPLEMENTATION STATUS
I. ARMS SMUGGLING			
1.	A. Designate contact persons / a single point of contact in the AMS and facilitate networking among them on matters relating to arms smuggling.	A1. Develop and continually update the list of contact points designated for matters relating to arms smuggling.	
2	B. Exchanging best practices and coordinating more closely on border control methods.	B1. Conduct regular information exchanges (at least once a year) of best practices among ASEAN law enforcement agencies responsible for combating arms smuggling. B2. Develop a Reporting Template based on the Reporting System for good declaration during arrival (for international travellers).	
3.	C. Reviewing and updating relevant national legislation.	C1. Continue to engage with AMS, dialogue partners and concerned UN agencies on policies and regulations sharing via workshops, seminars and trainings.	

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		C2. Build a sub-section in the ASEAN Main portal under the ASEAN Declaration on Combating Arms Smuggling, a regional repository of related national laws and regulations of AMS on arms smuggling.	
4.	D. Improving regional capacity building to properly manage, report and trace small arms.	D1. Collaborate with AMS and concerned UN agencies to organising workshops and trainings on arms control related topics including trafficking route, modus operandi, international arms smuggling network, investigation and its challenges. D2. Organise advanced training programs on arms trafficking investigations and prosecution through offline or online program (during pandemics). D3. Establish a collaborative mechanism (e.g., networks, taskforces, working groups, contact persons, etc.) towards facilitating	

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		the investigation and prosecution of arms smuggling cases.	
5.	E. Provide a regular update on the participation (for political declaration) and/or ratification of various international legal instruments of AMS in relation to weapons regulation, such as: - Arms Trade Treaty - Firearms Protocol of UNTOC - UN Programme of Action (UNPOA) on Small Arms and Light Weapons (SALW) - International Tracing Instrument - The Global Framework for Through-life Conventional Ammunition Management - ASEAN Declaration on Combating Arms Smuggling - Regional Roadmap on Weapons Regulations	E1. Entitled institutions or entities take responsibilities for the review and feedback and submit to upper level for decision making. E2. Meetings or workshops to be held both national and regional levels.	
6.	F. Continue to encourage the implementation of various political-binding international instruments related to arms control.	F1. National Action Plans to effectively implement such instrument or agreement must be pursued.	

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		F2. Share best practices or output with WG on AS and see the possibility of adopting this in a regional context.	
7.	G. Come up with regional instrument to combat arms smuggling/illicit trafficking of firearms and ammunition.	G1. WG on AS members to propose and agree on what type of instrument to be used to bind AMS in our unified effort to prevent or combat arms smuggling/illicit trafficking of firearms and ammunition in the region.	
8.	H. Opportunities to enhance cooperation between UN and regional efforts wherever possible.	H1. Intensify cooperation with International Organizations such as UNODC, INTERPOL, and World Customs Organization (WCO), that manage programmes of countering arms smuggling. H2. Monitor and evaluate implementation of all aspects of the Work Programme regularly (once or twice a year).	

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9.	I. Possibilities to create synergies with related regional law enforcement centres and initiatives.		
10.	J. Enhanced overall reporting implementation of all aspects of the program of action.		

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II. CYBERCRIME AND ONLINE SCAMS			
1.	INFORMATION EXCHANGE A. Identify relevant contact persons to enhance law enforcement cooperation, information exchange and international co-operation which include mutual legal assistance among ASEAN Member States. B. Promote networking and coordination among law enforcement officers and relevant agencies of ASEAN Member States concerned with cybercrime and online scams.	AB1. Enhance cooperation and coordination among ASEAN bodies and other relevant national agencies or organisations in dealing with cybercrime to reinforce efforts through exchanges of information, experiences and best practices. AB2. Maintain and continually update the regional Contact List of dedicated contact points of the respective cybercrime investigative and enforcement units of ASEAN Member States. AB3. Explore how ASEAN member states can leverage on potential of the INTERPOL Cybercrime Directorate and INTERPOL Financial Crime and Anti-Corruption Centre (IFCACC) for:	

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		(i) Exchange of information on the latest trends in cybercrime and online scams forensic technologies. (ii) Coordination of ASEAN-centric operations. (iii) Coordination of ASEAN-centric cybercrime and online scams awareness campaigns. AB4. Enhance cooperation and capacity building including tailor-made capacity building for ASEAN Member States' law enforcement agencies in investigating, analysing evidence relating to organised hacking activities, transnational crime, focusing more on intermediate and advanced courses to help ASEAN Member States to level up our capabilities to deal with more sophisticated threats relating, for example to online scams, cryptocurrencies, darkweb etc. AB5. Enhance cooperation with telecommunication, internet service provider and social media	

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		companies to emphasize shared responsibilities in securing the cyber space from misuse and to respond to law enforcement requests within a reasonable time period.	
2.	REGULATORY & LEGAL MATTERS C. Work towards the criminalisation of cybercrime activities in ASEAN Member States with a view to closing legislative gaps and facilitating cross-border enforcement. D. Develop a regional repository of the national laws and regulations of ASEAN Member States pertaining to cybercrime.	CD1. Continue to promote the sharing of national laws, rules and regulations and experience with interested ASEAN Member States on domestic regulation and international co-operation which includes mutual legal assistance. CD2. Maintain compilation of ASEAN Member States' national laws, rules and regulations which will be shared with all ASEAN Member States. CD3. Encourage ASEAN Member States to explore the feasibility of acceding to existing regional and international instruments in combating cybercrime and online scams.	

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		CD4. Encourage the use of technologically neutral language when enacting national legislation to ensure compatibility with new and emerging crimes.	
3.	LAW ENFORCEMENT MATTERS E. Enhance cooperation and coordination among ASEAN Member States in law enforcement, investigation and intelligence exchange.	E1. Continue to promote the use of the INTERPOL I-24/7 secure global police communication system and I-GRIP when requesting assistance from other ASEAN Member States on all matters relating to cybercrime and online scams. E2. Promote the use of the electronic ASEANAPOL Database System (e-ADS) to enhance cooperation and coordination among ASEAN Member States. E3. Encourage the development of national plans of action in addressing cybercrimes and online scams.	

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		E4. Promote cooperation among ASEAN Member States on community education and awareness to prevent cybercrime and online scams. E5. Developing a best practice guide that will serve as a reference for law enforcement agencies focusing on combatting scams. It expands on our existing processes and templates in ASEAN to include baseline processes for cross-border asset recovery and enforcement-related requests for scams, which will complement our efforts in helping ASEAN Member States build anti-scam capability.	
4.	CAPACITY BUILDING F. Develop and enhance ASEAN Member States' ability to conduct basic cybercrime investigation and forensic capabilities. G. Strengthen the investigation capabilities of law enforcement officers concerned with combating cybercrime.	FG1. Continue to organise relevant workshops, seminars or meetings to enhance the investigation capabilities, especially in relation to digital forensics, financial and Blockchain analysis and effective international cooperation, of	

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		ASEAN Member States in combating cybercrime and online scams. FG2. Conduct joint research works with relevant academic institutions within ASEAN Member States and ASEAN Partners on cybercrime prevention. FG3. Provide more advanced training on ways to monitor open-source information. FG4. Provide intermediate computer forensic training.	
5.	EXTRA-REGIONAL COOPERATION H. Promote cooperation and linkages with ASEAN Partners, and other external parties, such as relevant agencies of the United Nations and other international/regional organisations to combat cybercrime and online scams. I. Enhance capacity building in the field of combating cybercrime and online scams	HI1. Promote general cooperation and dialogue between SOMTC and other international/regional entities in law enforcement matters relating to cybercrime. HI2. Strengthen international cooperation among ASEAN Member States based on common	

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	among law enforcement officers of ASEAN Member States, ASEAN Partners, and other external parties, such as relevant agencies of the United Nations and other international/regional organisations.	interests, including but not limited to, technical expertise which is needed to tackle cybercrime and online scams. HI3. Strengthen capacities of each ASEAN Member State in addressing cybercrime through the provision of assistance to each other in the form of training and research facilities in the educational, professional, technical and administrative spheres. HI4. Promote organisation of programmes and collaboration in practical projects and initiatives between SOMTC and its dialogue partners. HI5. Work with INTERPOL to create favourable conditions for law enforcement officers from ASEAN Member States to be involved in INTERPOL activities to combat cybercrime led by the INTERPOL Global Complex for Innovation.	

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		HI6. Enhance cooperation between ASEAN Member States and its Dialogue Partners, as well as relevant agencies and organisations at regional and international levels, such as ASEANAPOL, EUROPOL and INTERPOL, among others, to enhance cyberspace security, prevention and response capabilities with regard to cybercrime and cyber-related matters. HI7. Reinforce ASEAN's abilities to build and enhance its capabilities to prevent and combat cybercrime and online scams by working closely with the INTERPOL Global Complex for Innovation, including by voluntarily seconding or stationing cybercrime specialists there.	

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III. ILLICIT DRUGS TRAFFICKING			
1.	INFORMATION EXCHANGE A. Strengthen coordination between SOMTC and the ASEAN Senior Officials Meeting on Drug Matters (ASOD), as the Lead Sectoral Body for ASEAN cross-sectoral cooperation against illicit drugs, in supporting a coherent, comprehensive and effective ASEAN strategy in realizing the aspiration of a Drug-Free ASEAN.	A1. Support initiatives of subsidiaries under the ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on Drug Matters. A2. Collaborate with ASOD and other relevant Sectoral Bodies, through the sharing of information on drug-related matters such as emerging trends, best practices, and lessons learned in illicit drug trafficking and its linkages to other forms of transnational crime.	
	B. Promote education and public awareness programmes targeting the youth and vulnerable sector.		
	C. Establish mechanisms for systematic exchange and dissemination of intelligence regarding the operational profiles of drug trafficking syndicates.		

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	D. Facilitate the exchange of expertise and best practices related to the regulation, control, and safe disposal of chemical precursors and essential chemicals.		
2.	REGULATORY & LEGAL MATTERS E. Develop a regional repository of the national laws and regulations of ASEAN Member States pertaining to illicit drug trafficking.	E1. Continue to promote the sharing of national laws, rules and regulations, and experience with interested ASEAN Member States. E2. Provide assistance and international cooperation which includes mutual legal assistance.	
3.	LAW ENFORCEMENT MATTERS F. Continue to work towards a drug-free ASEAN through the strengthening of measures to suppress the illicit production of drugs, control import and export of chemical precursors as well as implement stronger preventive, enforcement, and legislative measures.	FG1. Share experiences and best practices, exchange information and conduct joint operations on chemical diversion, backtracking investigation, and illicit drug manufacture in accordance with domestic law and regulations.	

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	G. Formulate comprehensive and integrated strategies that effectively balance supply and demand reduction efforts, ensuring an equitable emphasis on treatment and prevention approaches alongside law enforcement measures in addressing drug-related crimes.	FG2. Conduct exchanges of experiences, knowledge, and expertise regarding the disposal of chemical and toxic drug by-products of clandestine laboratories. FG3. Ensure all ASEAN Member States fully implement the pre-export notification (PEN) procedure. FG4. Develop and strengthen national legislation, operating procedures, and compliance mechanisms to prevent diversion of precursor chemicals from illicit trade. FG5. Create initiatives to balance strategies between supply and demand reductions.	
	H. Strengthen the capacity of the criminal justice system, including judges, prosecutors and law enforcement officials on drug control.		

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4.	CAPACITY BUILDING I. Enhance scientific laboratory capacity of ASEAN Member States in precursor identification and drugs signature analysis for drug enforcement operation and intelligence.		
5.	EXTRA-REGIONAL COOPERATION J. Enhance cooperation with ASEAN Partners and other external parties, on combatting illicit drug.	J1. Collaboration between SOMTC and ASEAN Partners, as well as other external parties in implementing activities set out in Plans of Action, Declarations and/or Agreements on eradication of illicit drug trafficking through organising trainings, workshops, seminars and/or video conferences.	

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IV. ILLICIT TRAFFICKING OF WILDLIFE AND TIMBER (ITWT)			
1.	INFORMATION EXCHANGE A. To collect, analyse, share and utilise exchange of information and criminal intelligence.	A1. Conduct regular information exchanges of best practices, Modus Operandi, and trends among ASEAN Member State through seminars – subject to availability of funds – with relevant agencies to collect data for established law enforcement performance indicators and report to SOMTC Working Group on ITWT.	
2.	REGULATORY AND LEGAL MATTERS B. Collect and update information on relevant laws and regulations in ASEAN Member States.	B1. Promote cooperation between the SOMTC WG on ITWT and ASEAN Working Group on CITES and Wildlife Enforcement to ensure consistent goals and objectives.	

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3.	LAW ENFORCEMENT MATTERS C. To promote intensified cooperation and effective joint operational activities among law enforcement agencies of ASEAN Member States, supported by existing channels such as INTERPOL i24-7, WCO CENcomm, UNTOC, and the Treaty on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters.	C1. Designate the ITWT Focal Points of each ASEAN Member State and facilitate networking among them. C2. Promote regular meetings for the exchange of information and promotion of joint activities. C3. Conduct law enforcement joint operations.	
4.	D. Strengthen specialised law enforcement agencies to investigate ITWT cases.	D1. Strengthen the capacity of the specialised national law enforcement agency of the ASEAN Member States to carry out investigations of ITWT cases.	
	E. Enhance cooperation with all institutions of the criminal justice system – including prosecution, judiciary, anti-corruption commissions, and anti-money laundering offices – and other relevant institutions in the investigation of wildlife and timber trafficking cases.	E1. Establish a collaborative mechanism (e.g. networks, taskforces, working groups, etc.) between SOMTC and other relevant ASEAN Sectoral Bodies towards facilitating the investigation and prosecution of ITWT cases.	

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5.	CAPACITY BUILDING F. Provide training support to law enforcement agencies on topics such as crime scene management, anti-smuggling, species identification, intelligence development, financial investigations, surveillance, forensic analysis, online investigation, digital forensics, detection, controlled deliveries, monitoring, prosecution, CITES regulations and national legislation on wildlife protection, etc.	F1. Cooperate with ASEAN Partners and other external parties, such as UNODC, to organise training seminars for relevant authorities, and provide training materials (including through online platforms and apps) to law enforcers handling wildlife and timber trafficking cases.	
	G. Intensify cooperation with ASEAN Partners and other external parties, such as UNODC, INTERPOL, WCO, and others, to increase opportunities for capacity and capability building and the spread of international best practices.	G1. Conduct regional workshops to promote a fast exchange of information based on the Treaty on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters and UNTOC, including for law enforcement, prosecution, and MLA authorities.	

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6.	EXTRA-REGIONAL COOPERATION H. Promote the use of joint investigations in accordance with domestic laws and regulations of the respective AMS for current wildlife and timber trafficking cases to understand routes, players, and modus operandi of transnational networks.	H1. Conduct joint law enforcement operations between SOMTC and at least one or more countries outside of ASEAN in accordance with domestic laws and regulations of the respective AMS.	
	I. Promote cooperation and linkages with ASEAN Partners and other external parties to combat ITWT.	I1. Promote general cooperation and dialogue between SOMTC and ASEAN Partners and other external parties, such as regional and international entities in law enforcement matters related to ITWT.	

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V. MONEY LAUNDERING			
1.	TRAINING AND CAPACITY BUILDING A. Provide training and conduct regular exchanges to share best practices and enhance existing capabilities in investigation, intelligence, and supervision for ASEAN Member States.	A1. Conduct training, workshops, forum or seminars to enhance investigation and intelligence, and supervisory capabilities in combatting money laundering.	
2.	EXTRA-REGIONAL COOPERATION B. Collaborate with ASEAN Partners and other external parties on combatting money laundering, ensuring that efforts complement existing initiatives within ASEAN Member States without overlap.	B1. Collaboration between SOMTC and ASEAN Partners, external parties (e.g., Asia/Pacific Group on Money Laundering (APG), Financial Intelligence Consultative Group (FICG), etc.) to leverage existing initiatives to enhance the capacity of ASEAN members.	
3.	INFORMATION EXCHANGE C. Utilising the SOMTC Working Group on Money Laundering (WG on ML) as a platform for sharing information and	C1. Sharing of best practices and lessons learned amongst ASEAN Member States to encourage the development of relevant domestic	

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	insights, particularly on new trends or emerging risks.	responses or strategies to combat ML. C2. Compile ASEAN Member States' national laws, policies and regulations and share the compilation with all ASEAN Member States. C3. Develop, maintain and regularly update a regional list of focal points involved in combatting money laundering in all the ASEAN Member States to encourage direct exchange of information.	

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VI. PEOPLE SMUGGLING			
1.	INFORMATION EXCHANGE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT A. Promote and facilitate information and intelligence exchange and sharing between law enforcement and other relevant agencies within and between ASEAN Member States. B. Consider utilising the SOMTC Working Group on People Smuggling (WG on PS) and SOMTC National Focal Points against people smuggling as a mechanism serving information exchange and law enforcement cooperation.	AB1. Create a database of national focal points to simplify communication and reference. AB2. Develop guidelines for sharing information and intelligence, following reciprocity and laws of the respective ASEAN Member States. AB3. Encourage cooperation on joint investigations against people smuggling between the law enforcement agencies among ASEAN Member States in accordance with domestic laws and regulations of the respective states.	
2.	LEGAL MATTERS C. Coordinate the responses of ASEAN Member States to support a consistent approach to the prevention, deterrence,	C1. Share best practices and lessons learned amongst ASEAN Member States to encourage the development of relevant national	

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	investigation and prosecution of people smuggling.	legislation to investigate and prosecute people smuggling. C2. Develop a compendium of best practices in combatting people smuggling and share it with all ASEAN Member States.	
3.	CAPACITY BUILDING D. Strengthen the capacity of officials and institutions to enhance existing capabilities in intelligence, prevention, investigation and prosecution of people smuggling.	D1. Conduct training programmes for public officials on mechanisms to disrupt, investigate, and prosecute people smuggling. D2. Organise national and regional workshops to tackle people smuggling networks. D3. Develop guidance materials for law enforcement and relevant agencies to effectively detect, prevent, investigate and prosecute people smuggling under domestic laws.	

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4.	OUTREACH E. Increase awareness of the crime of people smuggling.	E1. Conduct public awareness dissemination about people smuggling and the importance of safe, orderly and regular migration. E2. Share best practices and lessons learned among ASEAN Member States to design and deliver effective public awareness dissemination on anti-people smuggling.	
5.	EXTRA REGIONAL COOPERATION F. Cooperation with ASEAN Partners and other external parties.	F1. Enhance and explore cooperation with relevant ASEAN Partners and other external parties to address people smuggling.	

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VII. TERRORISM			
1.	A. Work towards the effective implementation of the Work Plan of the ASEAN Plan of Action to Prevent and Counter the Rise of Radicalisation and Violent Extremism (Bali Work Plan) 2019-2026.	A1. Conduct Activities on Pillar I of the Bali Work Plan 2019-2026, Prevention of Radicalisation and Violent Extremism. A2. Conduct Activities on Pillar II of the Bali Work Plan 2019-2026, Counter Radicalisation and Promote De-radicalisation. A3. Conduct Activities on Pillar III of the Bali Work Plan 2019-2026, Law Enforcement and Strengthening National Legislation Related to Countering Radicalisation and Violent Extremism. A4. Conduct activities on Pillar IV of the Bali Work Plan 2019-2026, Partnerships and Regional Cooperation.	
2.	B. Work towards the effective implementation of the successor document to the ASEAN Plan of Action to Prevent and	<i>*pending the development and adoption of the successor document.</i>	

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	Counter the Rise of Radicalisation and Violent Extremism 2018-2026.		

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VIII. TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (TIP)			
1.	A. Contribute to the attainment of the objectives and priority outcomes of the ASEAN Cross-Sectoral Work Plan Against TIP 2023-2028 (Bohol TIP Work Plan 2.0).	A1. Implement and operationalise the Monitoring, Evaluation, Reporting, and Learning (MERL) Framework of the BWP2.0. A2. Institutionalise annual meetings to serve as a platform for progress sharing, inter-agency coordination, and structured reflection on MERL findings. A3. Establish a coordinating mechanism across relevant ASEAN Sectoral Bodies (ASBs) that will coordinate efforts to implement activities/projects that fall within the ambit of activity or programme type of the BWP2.0.	
2.	B. Improve the collection and reporting of data on TIP to inform policy and programming.	B1. Conduct midterm review, reflection workshop and final evaluation of the Bohol TIP Work Plan 2.0. B2. Collate and consider the periodic reports of each ASB, make	

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		recommendations for the continuous improvement and revision of the Bohol TIP Work Plan 2.0, and suggest revisions to the reporting mechanism for the next review cycle. B3. Improve the exchange of information and intelligence sharing on trafficking cases and trends among ASEAN Member States through government-to-government (G2G) cooperation, including the furnishing of reports to relevant agencies and sectoral bodies in accordance with national laws and regulations confidentiality requirements, and security considerations.	
3.	C. Operationalise the role of National ACTIP Representatives (NAR) as functional focal points for cross-border cooperation and regional monitoring.	C1. Regularly update the list of NAR Focal Points. C2. Conduct targeted socialisation sessions with ASBs, to share the purpose and implementation of the NAR, BWP 2.0, and its MERL framework to ensure common	

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		understanding of regional commitments, reporting obligations, and monitoring arrangements.	
4.	D. Enhance cooperation and coordination among ASEAN Member States in law enforcement, investigation and intelligence exchange.	D1. Continue strengthening Transnational Investigative Cooperation through the ASEAN Heads of Specialist Anti-Trafficking Units (HSU) Process as a coordinating mechanism for law enforcement cooperation. D2. Share best practices and lessons learned among ASEAN Member States to encourage the development of relevant domestic responses or strategies to combat TIP. D3. Compile ASEAN Member States' TIP national laws, rules and regulations and share the compilation with all ASEAN Member States and regularly update existing guidelines and handbooks on international legal cooperation.	

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5.	E. Prioritise and strengthen collaborative efforts to effectively combat TIP, with particular emphasis on addressing and eradicating Online Sexual Abuse and Exploitation of Children (OSAEC) and abuse of technology.	E1. Conduct regionwide campaigns targeting vulnerable populations and the general public to raise awareness about the risks and consequences of TIP and OSAEC. E2. Strengthen cooperation and collaboration in addressing and eradicating OSAEC and enhance the capacity of law enforcement agencies and national entities to investigate complex TIP cases with online dimensions. E3. Develop, update and implement National Action Plans (NAPs) on TIP with emphasis on addressing OSAEC, and strengthen their monitoring, reporting and evaluation mechanisms. E4. Complement law enforcement efforts with victim recovery and reintegration measures, including access to psychosocial support, education, livelihood assistance, and cross-border referral	

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		mechanisms, consistent with ACTIP principles. E5. Develop regional procedural guidelines for the ethical, trauma-informed, and gender-responsive handling of digital forensic evidence in OSAEC and TIP cases caused by the abuse of technology to prevent secondary victimization during transnational investigations and prosecutions.	
6.	F. Provide continuous training and capacity-building activities and integrate crisis-responsive and preventive measures into TIP programming for displaced and at-risk populations.	F1. Conduct capacity building through workshops and training for law enforcement, immigration officials, labour inspectors, social welfare personnel, and educators on the prevention, identification, and handling of TIP cases. F2. Conduct capacity building for law enforcement and other frontline personnel on gender sensitivity, trauma-informed approaches, and handling of women and child survivors of TIP.	

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7.	G. Promote cooperation and engagements with relevant ASBs, ASEAN Partners and other external parties to combat TIP.	G1. Foster partnerships and collaboration with ASEAN Partners and other external parties, such as non-governmental organisations, international organizations and national entities, and other agencies involved in counter-TIP efforts.	